

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Zailway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. I.

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SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1865.

NO. 10.

CONTENTS.

THE CHRONICLE

The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnight of Friday. A DAILY BULLETIN is issued every morning with all the Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

SAMUEL ANABLE STAATS, 60 William Street, New York.

THE SENSITIVENESS OF THE MONEY MARKET.

The extreme sensitiveness of the loan market of late adds another to the numerous proofs both of the weakness and the strength of our financial system. Confidence is so easily shaken and so quickly revived, that from extreme plethoric ease we pass through the various stages of stringency to panic and back again in a surprisingly brief interval of time. Within a month we have had two short but severe spasms in the money market, one attributed to the sudden retention of 80 millions of currency in the vaults of the Treasury; and the other to the stupendous forgeries and frauds of Edward Ketchum. Both these panics have now spent their force. Money is easier;—so much easier, indeed, that, as is supposed, some special forces must have been secretly brought to bear upon it from the Treasury Department. The relaxation has been too swift and decisive to be ascribed to the gradual operation of ordinary causes. The prevalence

of this conviction of outside interference is very significant, and suggests among other still more important things, the extent to which an unredeemable currency has enlarged the area of government influence in financial affairs.

It used to be a frequent complaint that our independent Treasury since 1847 had been insulated from the financial and industrial system of the nation at large, and that the Government discarded all relations with banks, with domestic exchanges, and with trade. Five or six years ago the movements of the United States Treasury attracted no attention, and had but little influence outside of a very narrow financial circle. Now, however, as we see continually, it is far otherwise. Seldom in the history of nations has any individual statesman been entrusted with greater power in time of peace than is at this moment wielded by the Secretary of the Treasury. He can expand or contract the currency, and can thus produce results which thrill in every nerve and fibre of the body-politic. His movements touch society at all points, and for evil or for good are ever acting on the productive powers and industrial development of our people. The business facilities of the nation, its means of growth and subsistence, its trade, agriculture, and commerce, every thing which has made it rich and great, are now connected by throbbing sympathies with the pulsations of the national Treasury. It is not surprising, therefore, that the agency of Mr. McCulloch has been supposed to have been invoked in producing the recent relaxation of the stringency in money.

The change from tightness to ease has moreover been so sudden that it awakens no small solicitude, and suggests the enquiry whether it is not a mere temporary lull in the storm, to be followed by a more furious outbreak hereafter. The opinions of experienced authorities are so widely at varience, and the financial situation at this moment is so exceptional and so complicated, that all business men of ordinary wisdom and prudence will contract their engagements within safe limits, avoid debt as far as possible, and wait further indications before they venture to take any unusual risks.

Still, so far as we are able to observe, none of the usual premonitions of stringency are visible, and everything seems to show that we shall have a five or six per cent money market for some time to come, attended by an increase of that activity in nearly all branches of trade, which has already in various quarters begun to attract attention.

THE RUMORED ISSUE OF CURRENCY.

brought to bear upon it from the Treasury Department.

The relaxation has been too swift and decisive to be ascribed to the gradual operation of ordinary causes. The prevalence more legal tenders. Notwithstanding his repeated d

tions of a fixed intention to contract the currency and make some approach to specie payments, the Washington dispatches of the daily press have for some days repeated in various forms the statement that new compound interest notes are printing in large amounts, and this statement is confirmed by the fact that notes of very recent date are making their appearance in Wall street.

Now, we do not claim any private special knowledge of the interior operations of the Treasury, but we think it is quite certain that these reports are very much exaggerated, and that the chief inflation of the government currency which is now taking place is due to the paying out of new notes in place of such old ones as have been withdrawn and cancelled. It is well known that orders have been issued for several months past to the various Assistant Treasurers to forward to Washington all compound interest notes of the earlier dates that might be received by them in the ordinary course of business. On these notes a considerable amount of interest has accumulated; but as they are legal tender for their face only, and were paid into the Treasury at par, this accumulated interest will be saved if we cancel the old notes and substitute new ones for them. In the case of the earliest issues, which are dated June, 1864, the gain to the Treasury is almost seven per cent, and on the August notes six per cent.

It is further urged that the saving of interest is not the only point gained by substituting new notes for the old ones. The payment of the principal is also postponed, and thrown forward from 1867 to the fiscal year 1868-9. Of course, however, this last consideration will be of subordinate importance if, as we are informed, it is not at present intended to substitute the new for the old notes to the extent or more than about 25 millions of dollars. Should the plan be carried out, indeed, to this limited extent, it will effect a saving of about one million of dollars, and will lighten by that sum the burden of this year's interest. The present moment is supposed to be peculiarly favorable to such a financial movement, as "its inflating effects on the currency may be neutralized in a certain degree, and for a short time, by the active demand which will spring up for currency and capital for the Southern trade, now that the President's proclamation has removed the restrictions heretofore in the way of its free healthy development."

But, conceding all that is here claimed, there is still the insuperable objection that the evils of our inflated currency must be practically increased by the operation. It is a law, well understood by political economists, that redundant paper money inflates prices in proportion to its activity of circulation. It is the active, and not the inert part of our cur rency which is the most mischievous. Now, the old notes which are being cancelled are inert. They are held for investment. They are almost as completely withdrawn from use as money, as if they were not legal tenders at all. One hundred and fifty millions of these notes have thus lost in part their legal tender functions. Now, to take twenty millions of these inert notes and replace them by an equal amount of active paper money, is to inflate the currency, to add to its derangement and instability; to disturb prices, and to inflict mischief on commerce and trade.

The great law of financial science to which we have referred, that "it is the activity of paper money as well as its aggregate amount that tends to an inflation of prices," is confirmed by all history, and is in harmony with our own frequent experience during the past four years. Facts have again and again refuted the once prevalent belief that, if twice as much currency is in circulation as is required by the exchanges of trade, the market price of gold, and of other things will invariably be just double those of specie-paying times. Wherever an enterprising commercial country has

had an unredeemable currency—in England, during her bank restriction policy; in France, under John Law, as well as in the subsequent era of the assignats; in Austria throughout her longer and more recent financial embarrassment—experience proves that there is no such reciprocal proportion permanently maintained. On the contrary an unredeemable redundant paper currency is unstable as well as depreciated, it is sensitive to other influences, and fluctuates in value from other causes besides its over issue.

What those other causes are, and how far they modify the operation of the rule that redundancy and depreciation in crease together, we do not here attempt to show. It is enough for our present purpose to point out as one of these causes the greater or less activity of the circulation.

If, then, it is contrary to sound rules of finance to change inert notes into active currency, what, it may be asked, is Mr. McCulloch to do for funds? How is he to meet his engagements? To this the reply has been made that the national Treasury cannot be hard pressed for means, for the current receipts from customs and internal revenue are increasing to a very gratifying extent. For some time past the national revenue from customs and internal taxes has ranged from two to three millions of dollars a day. On Wednesday the customs alone reached \$735,500, which is equal to \$1,000,000 in currency. Certificates of indebtedness might in case of need be issued, and they would be welcomed by capitalists, with whom they have long been a favorite short investment. It is true, as the Evening Post has pointed out, that the law does not authorize the issue of these certificates except to creditors of the Government. But until further legislation can be obtained, we do not see any difficulty in paying off a part of the temporary loan in these certificates.

Such a payment would undoubtedly be justified by the terms of the law, and would attract special contributions to the temporary loan for this purpose. For it would permit Mr. McCulloch to announce to capitalists and moneyed corporations that by depositing money in the Treasury on temporary loan, they could, on the expiration of the requisite notice, receive payment at their option in certificates of indebtedness. Fifty millions of these securities might thus, we think, be negotiated in a very short time, with much advantage to the Treasury, and without depressing the quotations at the Stock Exchange.

The chief advantage. however, of such an arrangement is that it would not disturb the currency; while such is the sensitiveness of our paper money system, that all manipulations of the compound interest notes must be attended and followed by more or less of spasmodic disturbance and mischievous inflation. It is, however, a topic of general remark and congratulation that under Mr. McCulloch's skillful administration we have had thus far less perturbation from the operations of the Treasury than ever before. And this has prevented a more than hesitating credence being accorded in financial circles to the recent rumors of his being about to adopt measures not in harmony with those conservative principles of sound financial science, by which he has hitherto for the most part been governed.

COMMERCE WITH SYRIA.

The active operations of war have been concluded, and it now remains for us to secure in turn the victories of peace. We would do ill justice to our Viking ancestry if we did not make aggressions upon foreign nations, in a friendly way, at least, with our commerce. This is the true method to cement our relations of amity, as well as to repair the misfortunes and losses which civil war has inflicted upon us. A Chinese policy of commercial non-intercourse would prevent our recuperation and retard our social and national progress.

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Our foreign trade should be increased and extended as far as

Our merchant marine may resume, without fear of molestation, the old supremancy of the sea, and extend commercial relations to the principal countries of the world. We have no ulterior political purposes to excite the apprehension of other nations, and our disposition toward them has always been peaceful and equitable.

At the present time the countries bordering upon the Levant should receive attention from American merchants. The trade of Syria is now almost exclusively carried on by Europeans, especially since the establishment of regular lines of steamships by French, Austrian and Russian companies, subsidised by their respective governments. English vessels have also entered the field, doing both the direct and the carrying trade, touching at Tyre, Sidon, Beyroot, and other Syrian ports. But the only instance of direct trade with this country is that of a single house in Boston. It has been compelled to open credits in London, yet has had encouraging results from the enterprise.

The privileges and immunities granted to the most favored nations, have been extended by the Ottoman government, by treaty, to the citizens of the United States. Under the laws of that country commerce has but small burdens to sustain; an import duty of eight per cent ad valorem, and an export duty of six per cent. The latter duty will undergo an annual reduction until it shall reach one per cent. All kinds of goods and merchandise, whether the product of American soil or of American manufacture, or foreign commodities carried under the American flag, are admitted into the dominions of the Sultan, the only exception being that of arms and munitions of war.

The land of Syria in the days of the Hebrew Republic was so productive that it was often depicted as "flowing with milk and honey." Foreign conquest, repeated devastation by contending armies, and excessive taxes, have depressed the energy of the inhabitants for many centuries, curtailing the resources of the country till it had become almost forgotten. Wonderful as it may seem, the civil war in America has operated indirectly to break up this condition of apathy. The enhanced price of cotton caused attention to be directed to ward the Holy Land, and led to its cultivation there. The Turkish government had just paid indemnities for losses sustained by residents of the country in 1860, thus placing a large amount of money in their possession, and enabling them to extend to neglected lands their labor.

The American Consul at Beyroot, Hon. J. Augustus John. son, gives the following facts and statistics in regard to Syri-

"The transactions between Syria and France in 1863, exclusive of groups of coin, amounted to fourteen million francs. Syria exports to France chiefly silk and cocoons, and imports sugar, one million francs; squincaillerie (hardware), 700,000f; wines, 120,000f; machinery, 800,000. Silk, or duplons, 800,000f. French navigation for same year: arrivals, 115 vessels and steamers, tonnage 59,000. English navigation: arrivals, 97 steamers and vessels; tons, 54,889, of which in ballast 41-tons 12,702. 97 steamers and vessels; tons, 54,889, or which in paraset 1. Concerns of wool, invoiced at \$60,000, was sent to the United States.

"The silk crop of 1863 amounted to about 9,000,000 lbs. of cocoons, half the usual harvest. 2,000,000 okes of olive oil were exported, 2½ million okes of sezame seed, and about 18 million pounds of cotton from the port of Beirut (1863); average price of the latter 26 cents per pound. The clip of wool for 1863 was estimated at 504,000 okes, or about 1,386,000 pounds; average price in Beirut market, 21 cents for washed, and 13 cents for unwashed, per pound.

"The importation of rowder and the short of the latter 26 cents per pound."

and 13 cents for unwashed, per pound.

"The importation of powder, salt, lead and tobacco is prohibited, but tobacco may be exported duty free!

"Aleppo and its environs to the Euphrates furnished for exportation, principally to Marseilles, about 8,000 bales of washed wool, which were purchased at 2,200@2,500 piastres per quintal (\$88@\$100 per 600 pounds). Mesopotamia furnished also about 15,000 bales of washed wool. The harvest of nut galls for same year (1863) was bad, and was estimated at 1,000 quintals, and sold at 3,000@4,000 piastres per quintals, (\$12@\$160 per 600 pounds) in France and England. About 4,000 quintals (1,000,000 kilos) of cotton were raised in the same district, and sold to good advantage in France and England, prices varying from \$,000@3,500 per quintal (of 250 kilos).

"The Pashalic of Adana (Silicia) exported through its port, Mersin, in 1863, more than seven million pounds of cotton, valued at two million dollars; 900,000 lbs, of wool, value \$79,000; 120,000 lbs. of gums, 54,000 lbs. of leeches, 900,000 oleaginous seeds, &c.; and imported colonials, 1,200,000 English manufactures, value \$1,640,000, iron and hardware, value \$138,000. Total imports by steamboats, value \$3,907,072; value of exports by steamers for 1863, \$2,480,546; products of Adana, Tarsus, Cesarea Konia, Mersine and Caramania; to France, England, Smyrna Laly, Syrie and Egypt

Smyrna, Italy, Syria and Egypt.

"The imports of Beirut in 1862 amounted to \$9,304,200; the exports to \$6,255,800. Total \$15,560,000.

to \$6.255,800. Total \$15,560,000.

"The imports consisted principally of cotton goods, tissues of wool, silks, sugar, hardware, fancy articles, skins, leather, articles of food, coffee, &c. England occupies the first rank in furnishing cotton goods. France furnished sugar, hardware, silk goods, leather coffee and most of less important articles. Austria furnished, by means of her Lloyd's steamers, cotton, silk and woolen goods sent from Switzerland and the German States, together with goods from Constantinople and the coast, while she supplies directly steel, ironmongery, glassware, hardware, drugs, comestibles and the fez caps of Trieste.

"Exports.—Beirut furnishes cocoons, silk of the foreign factories of Mount Lebanon, cotton, wool, madder roots, manufactures from Europe and re-exported for consumption along the coast, and oleaginous grains. France stands first, not only as regards the extent of her operations, but also for the value of the products with which her vessels are laden, viz.: cocoons and silk. England receives madder roots, and a small quantity of wool and tobacco.

of wool and tobacco.

"The Austrian Lloyds conduct a large part of the carrying trade for the coast of Syria, Asia Minor and Constantinople; Turkey does but little of the carrying trade, the flags of Greece and Italy are but seldom seen here, and the Imperial Russian Company do but little besides coasting between Alexandria and Odessa."

The Syrian products which could be imported into this country to the most advantage, are the following: raw silk, coarse wool, madder and other dye-stuffs, olive oil, dried fruit, etc. We actually import many of these articles now by way of England and France.

The exports which are in demand in Syria which we are able to furnish are, spruce and pine lumber furniture-particularly chairs of all styles, stoves, sugar, coffee, petroleum, grey calicots, sacking, cordage, sheet copper. The latter article sells at 22 piastres the oke, or about 30 cents a pound. Vessels loading with assorted cargoes of these articles for an outward voyage, would find a ready sale in that country; and the proceeds could be employed advantageously in the purchase

There already exists a direct trade between this city and Boston and several of the Levant ports, particularly Smyrna, Constantinople and Alexandria. It is suggested to establish a regular line of ships with auxiliary steam power, one branch of which should pass up through the Archipelago, and the other visit Alexandria, and the ports of Syria. One of the companies of ships now plying between New York and Liverpool could establish a ship, to use both sail and steam, to effect in the beginning monthly voyages from the latter port to Alexandria and Beyroot, the chief ports on the coasts of Egypt and Syria, calling at Malta on the way. If not, two or three mercantile firms might combine to charter sailing vessels from New York for the voyages filled with assorted cargoes of the articles specified, outward and homeward,-a supercargo agent might accompany and finally settle here for the purpose. Such a line would be sure to become a profitable employment for American shipping. It would be a great benefit to those firms engaged in the trade of the Mediterranean, who have had frequently to be subjected to various risks and expenses, which absorb the profits of the operation, when chartering vessels for a particular kind of produce for the American markets, or sending the same through European ports. The telegraphic communications now existing between England, Malta, Egypt, all the Syrian ports, Smyrna and Constantinople will be an auxili-

The system of selling on credit appears to obtain in Syria, ranging from three to six months. In the event of a sale for cost a discount from one to one and a half per cent is made. Retail markets procure their supplies from the wholesale or commission merchant. Brokers purchase goods for firms at other places, at a commission of one to two per cent. Commission merchants generally charge from two and a half to three per cent, and if required to guarantee the funds entrusted to agents in the interior, or advanced to sellers for goods obtained on credit, they receive six per cent. The entire amount of expenses on account of a purchase range in this way from eight to twelve per cent; not including the commission of the agent on the coast or in the interior. The products of the country obtained near the coast are produced free of these charges.

Mr. Johnson remarks in his official report for 1862, that it is a cause of surprise that so little attention has been paid to the development of commercial relations with Syria. The gradual change in the habits of the people who reside in towns, indicates among other things a growing demand for articles of furniture necessary for the use of a family; for as he remarks, "the Syrian replaces his cheap mat and rough divan with comfortable and costly furniture—and this change is constantly going on."

The product of silks and cocoons go now almost entirely to France where they undergo the process of manufacturing previous to reshipment to the United States. They might as well come to this country at first, and be wrought into fabrics here. To be sure labor is cheaper in France, but the direct route would save the expense of French duties, commissions and transhipment.

The French manufactures have, however, been supplanted by those of England and Germany. Syrians seem to prefer a cheaper article to one of a higher price, without taking account of value; and English houses find it profitable to send bales of remnants and inferior goods, to be sold at low prices. America is farther distant from Syria than these countries, but the ingenuity of our merchants ought to be able to surmount this disadvantage.

A carriage road is in operation from Beyroot to Damascus and other roads are in progress. A firman has been obtained for a railroad from Jaffa to Jerusalem, and to the valley of the Euphrates. Light-houses have been erected at Beyroot, Tripoli, Latakial, Alexandreta, Caradash, Acre, Caiaphe, and Mount Carmel. With all these facilities the Syrian trade is susceptible of much greater development. The country would again resume its ancient importance, and its wilderness be made, under the stimulus of commerce, to "blossom as the rose."

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

The month just closed, embraces a remarkable chapter of railway accidents. The number for the month was seven, the deaths were sixty eight, and the wounded one hundred and sixty-seven. Most of these accidents, as will be seen from the following table, are as usual attributed to defects in the road or its management.

TABLE OF RAILWAY ACCIDENTS FOR AUGUST, 1865.

1865. Nature of Accident. August 9—Train off Track.	Road. New London	No. of injured.	No. of Deaths.	dead & injur'd
" 15-Collision	Housatonic.	45	10	55
" 23-Collision	Old Colony.	several		
" 24—Collision	Oil Creek	12	9	21
" 25-Train off Track.	Ten, & Ala.,	60	40	100
" 26— "	Weldon		2	2
" 28—Collision	Long Island.	23	4	27
		167	68	235

Melancholy as is this exhibit of mortality and injury, we are yet not among those who are ever ready to join in a senseless clamor against railway companies, the condition of their roads and their management. True, very much is due to neglect, and a want of proper supervision; but it should ever be borne in mind while considering the subject of railway accidents, that out of the enormous number of people who travel by railway, some accidents must occur even with

the best of management. In the State of New York alone nearly one million of people are carried one mile by railroad every year, and it would be very surprising indeed, if out of all this number none were injured, as compared with the other causes of accidental death, the mortality from this cause is far from being so great as is generally supposed. The following table compiled from the census of 1860, affords a comparative statement which fully bears out our assumption:

NUMBER AND CAUSES OF ACCIDENTAL DEATHS IN 1860.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Accidents not specified,	3,502	664	4.166	
Burns and scalds	1,798	2,477	4.275	
Drowning	2,660	459	8,119	
Suffocation	1,091	1,045	2,186	
Falls	1,018	303	1,321	
Fire-arms	684	46	730	
Poison	552	391	943	
Railroad accidents	544	55	599	
Other specified causes	550	229	779	
		-		
Total accidents	12,399	5,669	18,068	

From this it will be seen that out of eighteen thousand deaths from accidental causes, but six hundred, or three and a third per cent were attributed to railway accidents; while fifteen thousand, or five-sixths of the entire number were owing to the five causes first named in the table. There were half as many deaths again from poison as there were from railway accidents, and one-fourth as many again from firearms. Yet, were a cry raised against those who provided the poison or the fire-arms, how senseless would it appear. It should be remembered also that the deaths attributed to to these causes were not suicides—they were accidental deaths -the mortality from suicides being shown in a separate table. But this is not all. We would not think of blaming the stoves and furnaces which caused 4,275 deaths in 1860. Nor the rivers and lakes which swallowed up 3,119 people against their will during the same year. Nor the close rooms, mines, wells, &c., which killed 2,136 persons by asphyxia. And yet out of the vast number who travel yearly over forty thou sand miles of railways the comparatively few who meet with accidents are singled out as martyrs, and the companies upon whose roads they are unfortunate enough to be killed have always been designated as murderers, and held up to public hatred and execration.

On the other hand we do not wish to be understood as saying that railways and railway managers are blameless. There is, without doubt, too much eagerness to declare large dividends, and too little regard paid to keeping the road in good order.

We see a remarkable illustration of this during the past two years of high prices and unusual speculation in railway shares. During that time there has been a double inducement to take money that should go to the construction or expense account and apply it for dividends. The whole railway history of our country, in fact, shows that this defect in the management has always existed, and it has arisen in the first instance from the circumstance that our railroads have been projected faster than they were absolutely needed. If they were never built until the wants of the public demanded them, then indeed they would most likely be kept in thorough repair, for they would be assured of remunerative dividends from the start, and remunerative dividends ever afterwards. But the truth is that railways, in this country at least, are nearly always, if not invariably, built in advance of the public demand for them. They are run through regions but scantily populated, and sometimes even to the confines of border civilization. The incentive to do this is the profit derived from buying up the farming lands or town lots opened to commerce by the new railway, and the profits derived from building and equipping the road. These profits do not always fall to the share of either the railway or its managers. Clever

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people who suggested the road on the grounds of "public enterprise," or "national benefit," and who are property-holders along the proposed route; clever people who own property near the line of the route, and who take stock in the road to encourage the enterprise; and others who sell railroad iron and build machines and cars, and make contracts for building the road—these are the classes who pluck the largest plum from the pie, and once their interest in the road has ceased the enterprise is left to be maintained out of the pockets of a body of stock-holders who, if they kept the road in the condition demanded by the public, would not only never touch a dividend during the entire course of their lives, but would be obliged to lose their capital little by little every year, and eventually sink it all.

The great truth that any institution not the spontaneous growth of its time, will either fail of its mission, or come to a violent end, or give rise to opposite effects in other directions, is as true of railways to day as it was of French liberty in 1784, or of American slavery in 1863. There is, or there was, or will be a time for all things, and if thirty millions of people want forty thousand miles of railway before they are rich enough to pay for them, they must be content to bear with some of the ill-consequences of their haste.

But railway companies have little excuse now for keeping their roads or running gear in bad order, nearly all of them having made fair dividends during the past three years, and many of them having emerged from a state little better than insolvency to one of great and firmly seated prosperity. Yet, as we stated before, the principle which, at the first, almost from necessity governed them, they still keep up, and especially have they done so during these times of high prices, until now our roads and the rolling stock are sadly out of repair. During the past three years, labor, railroad iron, engines, &c., have ruled at nearly three times their previous cost. The disposition, therefore, to economize on material and labor has universally existed, and while the receipts were large and the roads were being run to their utmost capacity and prices were high, the expenses for repairs have not correspondingly increased. We have prepared the following table, showing the cost of maintaining New York railroads, in illustration of this remark. It will be seen, of course, that the total expenses have increased; but when we analyze the expense account, as we have done in the table, and remembea, as we have stated, that the price of railroad material, &c., has been during the past two years, three times its cost in 1860, we see that the repairs must have been less than heretofore, while the roads and rolling stock have seen more continued and extensive use than ever during their previous existence.

COST OF MAINTAINING RAILROADS IN NEW YORK.

Statement of the Cost of Keeping the Railroads of New York in Repairs, including the Repairs to Rolling Stock, for the five years ending September 30, 1864, Compiled from the Reports of the State Engineer and Surveyor to the Legislature:

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Length of Route, miles Length of second track,	3,047	3,119	3,163	3,085	3,069
&c., miles	1,132	1,064	1,053	1,118	1,152
Total length of track Miles traveled by engines	4,179	4,283	4,216	4,193	4,158
with cars	12,875,145	14,031,926	15,349,873	16,611,561	18,674,856
Road-bed and way, except iron Buildings Fences, &c	\$ 2,233,429 842,828 289,499 61,384	\$ 2,323,719 1,005,297 316,017 71,794	\$ 2,444,956 1,322,968 445,501 84,861	\$ 3,247,885 1,690,217 678,221 83,091	\$ 4,747,594 2,874,465 1,086,750 93,236
Taxes on real estate Total cost of maintain-	343,572	358,763	471,395	468,860	771,309
ing roads	3,770,712	4,075,590	4,769,681	6,168,074	9,573,284
Engines	896,317 1,959,178	1,104,799 1,303,497	1,347,700 2,068,656	1,794,171 2,938,679	2,020,911 8,615,515

	1860.	1861.	1862	1863.	1684.
Tools, etc., in shops Incidental, including fuel,	94,698	90,974	108,897	199,764	278,949
oil, clerks, etc., about shops	104,465	115,519	128,507	166,514	261,700
Total cost of maintain- ing rolling stock	2,347,655	2,614,622	3,653,760	5,019,122	6,177,078
Grand total of repairs of roads and rolling stock.	6,118,367	6,690,212	8,422,441	11,187,196	15,750,359
Total earnings of roads Total expenses of re-	20,477,599	21,211,243	27,163,120	33,704,142	41,807,104
pairs and operating.	12,652,676	13,766,066	16,029,914	20,337,430	29,193,748
Profits before interest and dividends	7,894,928	7,445,177	11,133,206	13,366,712	12,613,356
Interest Dividends	8,915,991 1,895,944	4,811,141 1,974,618	4,811,174 2,008,490	4,762,504 4,178,444	4,509,188 5,687,200

In view of what has been said above, we see the folly of legislative interference with railroads in restricting the fare, &c. Compel them to keep them in order, compel them, if you will, to expend a certain portion of their receipts on repairs; but do not compel them to do for two cents what they are unable to do well, for less than three. The needy condition of our roads has heretofore enforced economy. We may, by unwise legislation, compel them to continue that policy; for if railroad travel were restricted to one cent a mile, trains would still be run. So also if pocket knives were by legislation fixed at half their present price, there would be plenty of knives; but who would guarantee the quality of the one or the safety of the other? Give to our roads, then, freedom of action, with competition open to all, and require of them in the future a strict accountability.

THE SOUTHERN STATES A DESIRABLE POINT FOR EMIGRANTS— COLONISATION OF THE SOUTH.

The return of peace to this country is already the signal for the movement of colonists from Northern Europe. The Richmond Republic announces the arrival of a large party of Swedes at that city on their way for a point on the upper James river, where a settlement of their countrymen had already been established. They had with them their tools and household goods packed in chests and boxes such as are constructed only on the continent of Europe. The Republic welcomes their arrival and adds:

"We hope, before the end of the current year, to have to chronicle the arrival in our State of thousands of these people, or others as healthy, frugal, and industrious. Those immigrants who, during the last six months, have settled in the counties on the upper James, are highly delighted with their new homes, and are giving perfect satisfaction to the people among whom they have settled."

An agent from Poland, on a similar errand of colonization, has arrived at Washington. It is his purpose to obtain means to plant a colony of Poles in the fertile districts of Virginia, to engage in the pursuits of agriculture. The enterprise carries with it the elements of success.

Virginia affords an extensive opening for immigration. There is land in abundance for colonists who are agricultur ists, and equal opportunity for mechanics and manufacturers, as well as for mining. There is gold in the soil of Virginia, and it has, in some places been mined with profit; but far more in the average, can be made by digging for coal, iron, slate, marble, &c., than for gold. And there are at this day ten millions of acres of land in Virginia, lying convenient to railroads, bays or navigable streams, which can be bought cheaper than any other land on earth that proffers equal advantages of soil, climate, minerals, timber, markets, &c. Her soil will soon be worth as much per acre as that of New England, New York, Pennsylvania, or Ohio, and her population be rapidly swelled to an aggregate of not less than five millions. She produces in perfection all the fruits of the Temperate zone; she is to-day the best timbered state in the Union; her water-power, markets, salubrity and scenery are

unsurpassed; her true career as the central state of the seaboard tier is just beginning.

Indeed the whole South is now in want of settlers. A yeomanry is of the last importance to that part of the country- The freedmen are not sufficient in numbers to meet this want. They will find places and avocations suited to them, and leave a wide field for occupation by white men. An Alabama paper says:

"Now, let Yankees come down here and buy farms. They can get all the practical information they desire from the negroes, who have been raised, have lived, moved, and had their being in cotton fields. Taking advantage of this information, and exercising his natural ingenuity and talents, he could reduce the expenses of raising cotton at least one-half, and raise a greater number of pounds to the acre. Two hundred pounds of cotton to the acre is a fair average for this locality. Now, I believe, with the proper industry, and the advantage of improvements, the crop may be increased at least one-third."

The region is destined to become a great manufacturing district, leading the rest of the Union in production. It is no more to be a country set apart for raising the raw material. Sparseness of population is the principal impediment. With the overthrow of slavery this will cease to be the case. Wasteful husbandry and a deficiency of mechanical employment have created a condition of impoverishment which is now to be removed. Not Virginia alone asks for colonists, but South Carolina, Tennessee, all the South from the Potomac to the gulf of Mexico. About one hundred and seventy millions of acres of land are inviting settlers-land that equals that of Canaan, which the Pentateuch describes as "flowing with milk and honey."

The arrival of a bale of cotton from New Orleans, a week ago, the product of free labor, and raised the present year, seems to have created considerable sensation at both ports. It prognosticated a revival of a branch of production which, it had been apprehended, the civil war had terminated for an indefinite period. So important an element cotton had been in all our commercial transactions, that the suspension of its culture had been regarded as an almost irremediable misfortune; and hence, the first indication of its return into our market, was welcomed as the harbinger of renewed prosperity. It furnished, five years ago, more than half our exports, inclusive of coin and bullion; the whole amount being \$373,188,274, of which the cotton was valued at \$191,-806,555.

The staples which the markets of the world are demanding are here produced in lavish abundance, and of better quality than in any other country. The incubus of slavery is removed from southern enterprise, and society must now take a new form. The former will have the place of the planter, the free laborer will succeed to the slave; the cottage and the town will supplant the cabin and the thicket. With the restoration of peace the rehabilitation of productive industry next demands attention, and to immigration the South must look for her future population.

A Union Officer, writing home from East Tennessee, declares that the people of the North have no conception of the mineral wealth which is lying dormant in the mountainous districts of that State, and avows his intention after leaving the service, to return and aid in its development. We find in the occasional correspondence of our exchanges letters from explorers and adventures in other localities, descriptive of prolific sources, not only of the products to which we have referred, but also of copper, lead, cinnabar, tin and platinum. One writing from the midland portion of Virginia, gives accounts of mines containing the precious and the more useful metals, and of slate, soapstone and marble quarries of great excellence. These, of course, have long been well known, and in a few of them Northern capital was invested

been developed. The inhabitants, for the most part, manifested indifference to the sources of revenue, and often when they undertook their practical working, the same mismanage. ment, the same indolence, and the same lack of thrift, prudence and energy which characterizes agricultural labor under a system of forced servitude, was manifest in their mechani. cal and mining operations.

That system having been removed, the greatest drawback to the industrial energy and the material prosperity of the South can no longer interpose its restrictions. With such abundant internal resources her people can offer the most substantial inducements to those who have capital to invest, and labor to devote, and enterprise to offer. Besides her mineral wealth, she can offer such advantages of climate and soil, of timber and water power, of fruits and vegetation, of accessibility to markets through her wide stretch of railways and her numerous navigable streams, as will suffice to make her one of the wealthiest spots in the world, if proper encouragement is given to those who desire to settle within her borders. Let that encouragement be extended, and it will not be long until the energizing and re-creative spirit which is ready to go to work shall repair the waste of war, rebuild houses and barns and fences, and draw from the soil the fruits of a higher cultivation, and from the mines which now lie idle and unproductive, their hidden wealth. Thus will the South be enabled to realize from her severe losses and sufferings a degree of material advance, to which under the old regime she never could have attained.

The apprehension in regard to climate, it should be re marked, is without sufficient ground. Men who can endure the "heated term" in any of our northern cities, need fear little from the summer temperature of the "sunny South." The warm weather may come sooner and last longer, but is is not worse in other respects. Our armies during the recent civil war traversed every region of that country without encountering mortality from the hotness of the climate. Indeed there is good reason to believe that warm countries are more favorable to long life than colder ones.

In a recent conversation with Colonel Totten, chief Engineer of the Panama Railroad Company, that gentleman remarked that the climate at the isthmus, though but a few degrees removed from the equator, was by no means unhealthy for white men from high latitudes. In the construction of the Railroad laborers were employed, at an average of about 2,700, the number sometimes amounting to six thousand, consisting of Canadians, inhabitants of the United States, Irish, Negroes, Chinamen and Coolies. It was a fair opportunity to test the effect of the climate upon their constitutions during the period of five years, 1854 till 1859, for which they were employed. The mortality was far less than would have been anticipated-293 for the whole period, less than 59 annually. The white laborers from Canada who had been habituated to the coldest climate of all, suffered less from disease. The next in point of endurance were the negroes; part of whom were from Jamaica and part natives. The white laborers from the Middle States were, however, about as hardy as the negroes. But the white laborers obtained from the Western States, from New Orleans, and Ireland were not equal to those from New York. This was attributable to their own habits, and not to the climate. Most of them had come with impaired health. Still the mortality of all these classes, aggregated together was less than it would probably have been if they had remained where they were. The Coolies and Chinamen suffered worse than the others. Before they had been long at work they were attacked with melancholy, and scores of them committed suicide. The other mortality was trifling, and what sickness before the war. But in no case have their capabilities ever was experienced could readily be traced to causes other than

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climate, to intemperance, carelessness, and disregard of the plainest rules of health.

Vet the Isthmus is much hotter and more malarious than New Orleans. But the latter place is by no means unadapted for white labor. In Texas there are more white men laboring in the open fields than negroes. There is not a solitary Southern State where white men do not work and find no harm from climate.

The better way to emigrate to the South is by colonies. In this way communities may be established with a sufficient number of farmers, mechanics and persons of other vocations. Farms and plantations should be procured at the outset, and due regard should be paid, wherever practicable, to the proximity to water power and market. The evils of isolation will thus be avoided; and whatever facilities are wanted, like roads, can be supplied. Iron and coal are abundant; and with these skilled labor can do what it pleases.

During the year ending June 30th, 1860, the exports from the Southern States were valued at \$207,843,376, and consisted almost entirely of cotton, tobacco, rice and lumber. By adding to this the value of those products consumed at home we can form some idea of the capacity of that region of the country under the former organization of its industry. With the time the consumption will be many times increased; and it is to be desired that our supremacy in foreign markets shall be regained. To accomplish this it will not be sufficient to employ the freedmen and present white population; emigration is necessary.

The following table presents at one view the population of the Southern States, their area and the number of acres of land allotted into farms but unimproved:

	Production in 1860.	Square miles.	Acres unimproved
Alabama	964,201	50,722	12,687,913
Arkansas	535,450	52,198	7,609,938
Delaware	112,116	2,120	367,230.
Florida	140,424	59,269	2,273,008
Georgia	1,057,286	52,009	18,587,732
Kentucky	1,155,689	87,280	11,519,059
Louisiana	708,002	46,431	6,765,879
Maryland	687,649	11,124	1 833,306
Mississippi	791,305	47,156	11,703,556
Missouri	1,182,012	67,880	13,737,938
North Carolina	992,622	50,704	17,245,685
South Carolina	703,708	29,385	11,623 869
Tennessee	1,109,801	45,601	13,457,960
Virginia	1,246,620	41,251	10.000.00
West Virginia	349,698	20,541	19,578,946

With opportunities at once ample and desirable, we bespeak for that part of our country the attention of that class of our population desirous to find new homes where industry will find its prompt reward, and enterprise an appropriate field. The Southern man as well as the foreigner will find a soil ready for his cultivation, as well as ample scope for his inventive and mechanical abilities. The school-house and church he must carry with him. Wealth is there, only awaiting the hand of labor for its development. It is safe to predict, that before many years the greatness of the States under the new regime will transcend that of those other commonwealths of unkinder climates but more genial institutions.

foreign News.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL DATES TO AUG. 20.

Business was extremely dull in London during the week. The unfavorable condition of the weather for harvest operations greatly increased the previous depression. Consols during the week declined to 89, making a reduction of 1½ per cent during the month. This reduction brought in numerous orders, and the Government broker appeared in the market as a purchaser. By this means prices were advanced, and Consols closed on Saturday at 89‡, and 89‡ for money. 894 for money.

There was a slight improvement in the manufacturing districts,

chiefly on account of orders from the United States and Germany. There was also a demand for the home market in Manchester goods, the decline in cotton and the accounts of the stock on hand in the United States having produced the impression that the staple had touched its highest price, and was likely to decline.

The recent report that Brazil had already opened negotiations in London for a loan of £4,500,000 is ascertained to have been without foundation, but it is supposed they will not be long delayed.

The shares of the Atlantic Telegraph Company (£5 paid) sold at 2\frac{1}{2} discount, until the arrival of the Great Eastern, when an advance of \frac{1}{2} took place, under the information of the malicious character of the injuries to the cable, which at least demonstrated the feasability of the undertaking.

The cattle disease excites grave alarm in Great Britain, and has

The cattle disease excites grave alarm in Great Britain, and has a depressing influence, to a greater or lesser extent, upon nearly all kinds of business interests. The cattle disease, added to the unfavorable news about the harvests, and the apprehensions of the cholera, induces a depression and alarm that is quite palpable.

The Indian Telegraph Company have declared a dividend at the rate of five per cent per annum.

Reuter's Telegram Company are inviting applications, under the sanction of the late special general meeting, for debentures to the amount of £35,000 for two years, at 5‡ per cent per annum, and for four years at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. The debentures will be of three denominations—namely, £20, £50 and £100, and will have interest coupons attached, payable half-yearly, on the 1st September and the 1st of March in each year.

The third general meeting of the Charing-cross Hotel company exhibits favorable results. The capital account now stands at £215,250 of which £6,635 is unexpended. The chairman, the Hon. James Byng, stated that the receipts averaged £200 per day; that every part of the hotel had been taken from its opening till the present date; and that he could promise the shareholders a good dividend in September. The directors were authorised to borrow £20.000 to complete the hotel.

One of the most interesting items of news brought by the Over-One of the most interesting items of news brought by the Overland China mail is the formation of a committee of merchants at Canton, to act in conjunction with an association which has been provisionally formed in London, called the China Railway Company (limited). The Canton committee have resolved to place themselves in communication with the Governor General of the Province of Canton to obtain his consent to the formation of a railway between Canton and Fatshan, a town in the vicinity. The proposed line wealth be too short to very tary influence men the opening men. of Canton to obtain his consent to the formation of a railway between Canton and Fatshan, a town in the vicinity. The proposed line would be too short to exert any influence upon the opening up of the country or the expediting of produce, but it would be the small end of the wedge, and in this respect would be important for its moral results. It is impossible to say how the proposition may be received by the Chieces dignitaries, but the best results are hoped for, as the old dislike for foreigners is disappearing, and a keen appetite for commercial development is exhibited by the Chinese.

A property has been issued for a new forthightly steam line.

A prospectus has been issued for a new fortnightly steam line with vessels of 4,000 tons, between Southampton and New York. The title is to be the Transatlantic Steamship Company, with a capital of £800,000, of which £500,000 is to be first subscribed, in capital of £800,000, of which £500,000 is to be first subscribed, in shares of £50. The passages are to be performed within ten days, and each ship will be constructed to carry 100 first-class, 120 second and 600 steerage passengers, with 2,000 tons of freight. Two subsidiary steamers of about 600 tons each will be employed to connect the service at Southampton, with Antwerp, Havre, and London, and through rates of freight will be established from those cities. It is assumed that this line "will bring very large importations of American butter, cheese, bacon, pork, flour, lard, oilcake, &c." for the London market. The enterprise is said to be supported by the London and Southwestern Railway, the Southampton Dock Company, the Royal Mail Steam Company, and the Hampshire Banking Company.

A prospectus has also been issued of the Worcester Coffee Com-

A prospectus has also been issued of the Worcester Coffee Company, with a capital of £80,000, in shares of £10, to purchase two estates in Ceylon.

estates in Ceylon.

The carrying trade with America has, of course, followed the fortunes of the commodities carried. The total tonnage of vessels entering British ports from all parts of the world in the six months rose from 4.646,358 to 4,694,634; but the vessels arriving from the United States fell from 515, of 511,838 tonnage, to 235, of 276,023 tonnage. In the same way the total tonnage of vessels cleared outwards rose 77,000 tons; but the vessels clearing for the United States fell from 637, having a tonnage of 649,703 tons, to 366, having 432,541 tons. The commerce of the country has, however, on the whole kept its ground, because intercourse with other nations has become greater, while the American trade has slackened. In the first half of 1863 the imports of gold and silver exceeded the exports by 950,000; last year the excess was £1,943,000, but this year it has been £4,126 000.

The report of the Oriental Commercial Bank recommends is

The report of the Oriental Commercial Bank recommends a dividend of ten per cent per annum, leaving a satisfactory balance

to be carried over.

The Emigration Commissioners have taken up the ship Salamanca, for the conveyance of emigrants to Adelaide, South Australia.

The shares of Overend, Gurney & Co. (limited) are at a premium of 3‡ a 4 per cent.

The Angolo Italian Bank have declared an interim half-yearly

dividend at the rate of five per cent per annum, free of income-

The Trade and Navigation returns for the first balf of the present year have been published. They are interesting as exhibiting the effects of peace in the United States. The declared value of home produce exported in the first six months of the year was 74,128,6381, and last year it was 78,047,5361; In the month of June the declared value was 13,227,0621, against 13,978,5261 in 1864. In the first five months of 1864 the exports to the United States amounted to 10,318,5371; this year the exports only reached 4,955,433. This decrease in value—exceeding five millions—is more than the total falling off in exposts, and trade with other countries has therefore been increasing. The American trade has pretty uniformly declined in all its branches. In the first six months of 1864 we sent to the Northern Republic 48 million yards of piece goods of the declared value of 1.244,6002; this year we have sent 24,202,000 yards worth 642,6482. The export of cotton thread to the United States was last year 634,000 pounds, worth 137,5371; this year it is 255,296 pounds, worth 50,8551; and the exports of earthenware and porcelain have fallen in value from 233,3751 to 164,1801; haberdashery from 616,9991 to 325,4351; hardware from 310,0001 to 185,1351. Linen manufactures have fallen off 532,0001; iron and unwrought steel, 1,600,0001, lead, 156,0001; and woollen goods 1,271,0002.

THE CONTINENT.

PARIS DATES TO AUGUST 20.

The dull season still continues in Paris, and shopkcepers and artisans feel the effects of the absence from the metropolis of the fashion and gaiety of the city. There are good accounts, however, from the manufacturing districts. The demand for the American trade is very good, especially for lineus and mixed goods. Silks are too dear for export, except to fill special orders.

From eight to ten thousand weavers discharged at Roubaix and Tourcoing in April and May last are now re-engaged, and are co operating in the increased animation given to the manufacture of fancy light stuffs of alpaca and wood. There is a good demand at present in Paris for rags. Linen, hempen, and cotton rags when quite white sell for 50f. the 100 kilogrammes. Silk rags are only used for making wrapping paper, and cost from 6f. to 7f.the 100 kilogrammes. There is a mixture made of old shoes called dax livres de cuir, used by bookbinders. One hundred thousand individuals, at least, obtain a living in France by gathering rags. It has been calculated that every Frenchman on an average by wear and tear produces 4lb. weight of rags annually. A single paper manufacturer, at Essonne, near Paris, employs nine machines, by which 4,000 tons of paper are manufactured annually.

Great expectations have been formed in Paris of a brisk export trade with Spain, now the excise barriers that separated the industry of the two countries have been partially broken down. During the last year the imports from Spain included fruit-oil and wine to the value of 19,000,000f.; lead and other metals, 19,500,000f.; wool, silk, and skins, 11,000,000f. Cochineal and saffron 5,000,000f., corkwood and matting 3,5000,000f. The exports from France during the same period consisted of various stuffs to the value of 46,000,00f; wrought silk, cotton, thread, and wool, 35,000,000f. horses and mules, 12,000,000f; mercery, perfumery, and toys, 11,500,000f, fine wood, 9,000,000f.; machinery and cutlery, 3,000,000f.; cattle, 3,000,000f.

The stock of sugar in the public stores in Paris on the 12th of August was 47,304 quintals, the stock of spirits 7,751, and the stock of oil 21,307 quintals.

The accounts from the wine districts are favorable, and there is no longer a doubt that the vintage will be an early one, and that the final gathering will take place in the middle of September. Opinions are divided as to whether the average quantity of last year will be realized, but there is no doubt that the quality will surpass the wine of last year which was remarkably good.

The French farmers are in despair at the sudden appearance of the potato blight, attributed to the heavy rains that followed the long drought. The first consequence to be feared is a great deficiency in the crop, and secondly that it will be difficult to preserve the potatoes after they have been taken from the ground.

Flour, which had advanced 4f a sack in the Paris market during the last three weeks, receded at the commencement of the current week, and was quoted at 50f 50c the sack of 157 kilogrammes.

The negotiation in Paris of a personal loan of £3,000,000 to the Viceroy of Egypt is incomplete. The transaction does not inspire confidence, and its success is doubtful.

The fair of Beaucaire, which, previously to the construction of railways, regulated the price of various articles of merchandise in France, is still of considerable importance. The one just concluded was well supplied with cotton and woolen cloths, leather, unmanufactured cotton, wool, ironmongery, preserved meats and fish. Leather is the principal article of the fair, and there were numerous buyers from Lyons and Switzerland, who made very large purchases. There was a large quantity of woolen and cotton goods sold to dealers from Corsica and Algeria. There was a demand from Italy for woolen cloths manufactured in the south of France, but none for those of the north. There was very little silk offered for sale, and

of that little a part remained unsold. Some plain wrought silk of Lyons manufacture was freely disposed of, but embroidered silk and pockethandkerchiefs were passed unnoticed. The show of cutlery is becoming less every year and manufactures complain of the difficulty of making sales. There was a third less of church ornaments sold this year than last, but, taken altogether, the late fair of Beaucaire was one of the best known for many years.

The desperate condition of Austrian finances attracts attention, and seems to afford a guarantee of a peaceable solution of the difficulties between that country and Prussia on the question of the Duchies. When Count Larisch, the Present Austrian finance minister, assumed office, there were no more than 300,000fl. (\$180,000) in the public treasury. It is said that the firm of Rothschild has undertaken to supply the necessary sums for carrying on the business of the State until such a time as a loan can be contracted. The sum that will be required, if everything is to be put straight, is 200,000,000fl, for which, it should be remembered, the consent of the representatives of the people is necessary. The issue of State notes to the amount of 120,000,000fl, for which sum the mines, woods, and forests belonging to the State are to serve as security, is proposed; but the thing cannot legally be done, as it is said in the Revised Bank Act that the Austrian National Bank "shall, during the term of its privilege, alone have a right to issue notes not bearing interest, and payable at sight."

M. Dutschka, the principal director of the Austrian Credit Bank, is about to return from London to Vienna, he having failed to find any British capitalists who were willing to take a share in the new loan which the Viceroy of Egypt wishes to contract.

The Western Union Telegraph Company, who have contracted for laying down a telegraph between the Russian and American shores of the Pacific, are engaged in forming a station on the island of Sitka, preparatory to the commencement of the works. Thence the line will be carried on to San Francisco in a southern, and the River Kwichipachi in a northern direction, and, crossing the sea a little south of Behring's Straits, via St. Matthew's Isle, reach the Asiatic shores in the wildernesses adjacent to Cape Olyutorsk. This accomplished, it will be connected by Yamsk and Okhotsk, as the shortest practical route, with the new harbor of Nicholayefsk, at the mouth of the Amour. The works must be completed within five years, the Russian Government undertaking to daish its inland lines within the same period, and to continue the Siberian telegraph, which now does not go further than Kiachta, the well-known commercial emporium east of Lake Baikal, as far as Nicholayefsk, thus effecting a junction between the European and American systems. Of the \$10,000,000 capital required for the American or Western Union Company, part of the works, \$8,500,000, have, according to the statements of the Russian press, been already subscribed for in the United States. The Francisco Nicholayefsk line will be the property of the company for 33 years, at the end of which period new lease will perhaps be allowed them at the pleasure of the government. In Russia the servants of the company must be chiefly Russians, and the Government have been accorded the right of occupying the stations, block-houses, and military defences belonging to the company. The company require the sanction of the Government for disposing of their property or concluding any contracts with other persons, companies, or governments relative to the use of the line.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) August 24th, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) August 25th:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

Dry goods	1863.	1864.	1865.
	\$1,430,161	\$1,134,640	\$2,010,994
	1,404,901	2,235,677	3,084,121
Total for the week Previously reported	\$2,835,061	\$3,350,317	\$5,095,115
	115,816,295	157,506,220	112,046,359
Since Jan, 1	\$118,651,356	\$160,876,537	\$117,141,474

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New-York to foreign ports, for the week ending August 29 and since January 1st:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
For the week			\$7,257,034	
Previously rep'ted.	89,317,532	116,111,200	138,840,622	102,928,053

Since January 1 . . \$91,827,308 119,047,864 146,097,656 105,847,660

In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statements of the imports and exports for the week:

COURSE OF GCLD.—The following table shows the fluctuations of gold during the month of August, 1865:

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19. 114. 115. 115. 116. 117. The monthly been as follow January. February. March. Appril. May. The followin New York for August 21—Bu	141% 142% 142% 142% 141% 141% 142 142% 141% 142% y fluctuat	140% 142% 140% 141% 141% ions s	142% 142% 141% 142% 142%	" 21 22 23 24 25 26 29 29	14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	8% 143% 3% 148% 8% 144 4 144%	148 148 148 148 144 144	148% 143% 148% 144% 144%
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" 19. " 14. " 15. " 15. " 16. " 17. " 16. " 17.	141% 142% 142% 142% 141% 141% 142 142% 141% 142% y fluctuat	140% 142% 140% 141% 141% ions s	142% 142% 141% 142% 142%	4 30	_	4% 144% 4% 145	144	12/2/2006
The monthly control of the control o	y fluctuat	140% 141% 141% ions s	141% 142% 142%	Mont	_	4% 145		14436
The monthly the mo	y fluctuat	ions s		Mont			144%	144%
The monthly the mo	y fluctuat	ions s			n 14	4% 145%	140%	14
February February March The followin New York for August 21—Bi	78:		since t				-	
The following New York for August 21—Br	226 284¾ 202¾ 216¾ 200¾ 201 151 154¾	-						
The following New York for August 21—Br	200 ½ 201 151 154 ½	19714	2041	June	13	7% 147%	135%	1411
The following New York for August 21—Br	151 1543	148%	1571	August	14	41/ 1451/	1401	144
The following York for August 21—Br		143%	146%	Eight me	nthe 29	6 9343/	1981	14
New York for August 21—Br								
August 21—Br	the week	endi	ng A	ugust 26,	1865:	irom th	e po	rt o
" 25-St	ig Maria,	Para-	_					
	american eamer Sc	gold. otland	, Liv	erpool—			\$1	0,000
5	Silver bars					•••••		2,148
" 26-St	eamer Etr	a, Liv	verpoo				6	7,608
man I	American a	gold			•••••	••••		4,508
" 26—St	eamer Bro	emen,	Brem					9,438
9	erman sil	ver		•••••	• • • • • •	••••		3,000
	fold bars.	••••	• • • • •	•••••		•••••		6,47
Total for the Previously report	he week.	•••••	••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		\$74 19,21	3,164
						-		
Total since	Jan. 1, 1	865		Same time		•••••	19,96	0,54
864	85	31.785	.951	1857		8	81,97	6.49
868		7,922					23,52	
862		88,623		1855			22,39	
861				1854			23,65	
860		4,296		1853			13,76	
859		9,083		1852			17,47	
858		7,249					,	-,
The following timore, and Plants:	hiladelphi	a for	the w	eek ending	g Aug	ust 18,	and	
			•	TIMORE, ANI				Fotal
For week ending		Bos \$191	,695	*Baltimore *122,895		adelphia 65,825		10,41
August 18, 186 August 25, "			,865			29,055		4,92
Assistant debted to the the following	Cashier of statement	of the	Offic ne bus	e of the A siness for t	Assista the mo	nt Tre	Aug	r, fo
August 1, 1965 by Receipts during Customs	the month	\$42,8	40,020	Balance, Cr. pense acc	., bullic	or Assay	,	
Customs	\$13,190,400 9,937,895	3		Office: Coin receive	ed dur			665,34
Loans Intern'l reven'd Post Office De	647,984	1		ing the m	onth .	\$404,799	3	
partment	158,409			Fine bars r ed durin month	g the	429,081	1	
Patent fees Miscellaneous	. 0,090	3			-	240,000	-	833,81
rite.		62,6	24,189	Total			\$1,	419,25
Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$105,4	64,209	Payments in	n coin	\$719,649	3	
Payments:	#84 990 400	,		bars		269,558	5	
Treasury dr'fts Post office "	47,90	3	WF 400					989,20
Dobit hal to	1 1000		975,103	Balance			*	510,09
Debit bal. At	_		109,097	Funds in h	and in			
Balance, Cr., dis bursing ac'ts .	\$17.745 99	9		Assistant surer's O	ffice 4	61,913.07	1	
Receipts during the month	53.663.449	2		Funds in Office	Assay	353,91		
			108,681				62,5	266,98
Payments		53,2	18,459	Fine bars Unparted b	ullion	\$123,07 813,48	2	
Balance			90,222					096 KI
Balance Cr in	- 20 710 91			Motel.			-	936,58
torost acces	2,232,699	3			porary		. \$63,	200,00
terest account. Appropriations		4,9	43,019	bursed		\$1,612,84	7	
		5		Due Deposi	itors	734,04	-	
Balance, Cr., in terest account Appropriations. Payments in gol "not"	8 854,68	3			111			
Payments in gol	854,68	2,8	309,258				-	
Payments in gol	854,68	2,8	309,258 333,751	Balance	B		-	346,88 856,64
Payments in gol " not" Balance	854,68	2,8	333,751		e		-	
Payments in gol	s 854,68	2,8 \$2,6 \$6,5			e	.,	-	

New York Assay Office.—Below is a statement of business at the United States Assay Office at New York for the months ending July 31 and Aug. 31:

DEPOSITS OF GOL	D,	
Panalan artic	July, 1865.	Aug., 1865.
Foreign coins	\$644,000	\$10,000
Foreign bullion	14,000	60,000
United States Bullion	7,000	684,000
Total	\$685,000	\$754,000
DEPOSITS OF SILVER (INCLUDIN	G PURCHASES)	
Foreign Coins	\$26,700	\$43,000
Foreign Bullion	10,000	9,000
United States Bullion (contained in gold)	5,600	8,000
do do (old coins)	6,000	5,000
do do (Lake Superior)		
do do (Nevada)	600	••••
Total	\$49,000	\$65,000
Total deposits payable in bars	\$190,000	\$205,000
do do in coin	544,000	614,000
do do micom	544,000	614,000
Gold bars stamped Transmitted to United States Mint, Phila	\$137,776	\$930,142
delphia, for coinage	50278,	588,850
The export of treasure from California		st to Aug. 1st
were as follows:		
July 3—Per Sacramento—		
To England	\$656,047 94	
To New York	248,629 85	
To Panama	20,000 00	
		\$924,677 79
July 8—Per Jane, to Shanghai		815,000 00
July 10-Per I. D. Rogers, to Kanagawa		16,201 20
July 13-Per Comet, to Honolulu		1,000 00
July 16-Per A. Fredholm, to Hongkong.		439,965 8
July 18—Per Golden City—		17.50
July 18—Per Golden City—	Arrana ha	The state of
To England	\$753,760 72	
To England	710,319 89	
To England		Ø1 474 000 Ø
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	\$1,474,080 6
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 00
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 00 52,664 00
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 00
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 00 52,664 00 54,699 67
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 00 52,664 00
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 06 52,664 06 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 06 52,664 06 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 38
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 06 52,664 06 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 38 34,723,264 4
To England. To New York. To Panama. July 28—Per Midnight, to Hongkong. July 29—Per Amalia, to Hongkong. July 31—Per Speedwell, to Hongkong. Total since July 1, 1865. Previously this year. Total since Jan 1, 1865. Corresponding period of 1864. Decrease this year.	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 04 52,664 04 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 17 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 33 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1
To England. To New York. To Panama. July 28—Per Midnight, to Hongkong. July 29—Per Amalia, to Hongkong. July 31—Per Speedwell, to Hongkong. Total since July 1, 1865. Previously this year. Total since Jan 1, 1865. Corresponding period of 1864. Decrease this year.	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 04 52,664 04 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 17 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 33 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 06 52,664 06 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 36 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 06 52,664 06 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 36 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00	24,850 06 52,664 06 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 36 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes .	24,850 00 52,664 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 15 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 33 84,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 00 209 50
To England. To New York. To Panama. July 28—Per Midnight, to Hongkong July 29—Per Amalia, to Hongkong July 31—Per Speedwell, to Hongkong Total since July 1, 1865 Total since Jan 1, 1865 Corresponding period of 1864 Decrease this year TREASURE LIST—OCEAN QUEEN, Parson & Peters \$800 00 Isaac Frint & Hall Trevor & Colgate \$70 60 Maitland Phelps & Co 1,000 00 FROM SAN FRANCE	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes	24,850 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 33 84,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 00 209 50
To England. To New York. To Panama. July 28—Per Midnight, to Hongkong July 29—Per Amalia, to Hongkong July 31—Per Speedwell, to Hongkong Total since July 1, 1865 Previously this year. Total since Jan 1, 1865 Corresponding period of 1864 Decrease this year TREASURE LIST—OCEAN QUEEN, Parson & Peters \$800 00 Isaac Frint & Hall 2,900 00 T. M. Trevor & Colgate 870 60 Maitland Phelps & Co 1,000 00 FROM SAN FRANCE Eugene Kelly & Co \$92,123 50 Ulfele	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes sco. der & Cohen.	24,850 04 52,664 06 52,664 06 54,699 67 \$3,803,139 12 21,050,613 22 \$24,853,752 38 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 06 \$5,030 16 20,000 0
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes sco. der & Cohen. an, Sherm' &	24,850 00 52,664 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 12 21,050,613 22 \$24,353,752 33 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 00 209 50 \$5,030 10
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes sco. der & Cohen. a. & Sherm' &	24,850 00 52,664 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 15 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 31 84,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 00 209 50 \$5,030 10 20,000 0 31,783 6
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes Sco. der & Cohen. an, Sherm' & Co s, Fargo & Co	24,850 00 52,664 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,803,139 12 21,050,613 22 \$24,353,752 33 34,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 ALL, 1,050 00 \$5,030 10 20,000 0 31,783 6 13,500 00
To England. To New York. To Panama. July 28—Per Midnight, to Hongkong July 29—Per Amalia, to Hongkong July 31—Per Speedwell, to Hongkong Total since July 1, 1865 Previously this year. Total since Jan 1, 1865 Corresponding period of 1864 Decrease this year. TREASURE LIST—OCEAN QUEEN, Parson & Peters \$800 00 Isaac Frint & Hall 2,900 00 T. M. Trevor & Colgate 870 60 Maitland Phelps & Co 1,000 00 FROM SAN FRANCH Eugene Kelly & Co \$92,123 50 Ulfel. do do do 220,876 47 Dunc. R. R. R. Co 24,418 47 Ca. M. S.S. Co 32,803 79 Wells H. Cohen & Co 54,800 00 Lees	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes sco. der & Cohen. a. & Sherm' &	24,850 00 52,664 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 15 21,050,613 23 \$24,353,752 31 84,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 00 209 50 \$5,030 10 20,000 0 31,783 6
To England	FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes sco. der & Cohen. an, Sherm' & Co. s, Fargo & Co.	24,850 00 52,664 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 17 21,050,613 27 \$21,050,613 27 \$24,353,752 37 84,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 00 209 50 \$5,030 10 20,000 0 31,783 6 13,500 0 390,000 0
To England	710,319 89 10,000 00 FROM ASPINWA & Ash. I. Paredes Sco. der & Cohen. an, Sherm' & Co s, Fargo & Co	24,850 00 52,664 00 52,664 00 54,699 67 \$3,303,139 17 21,050,613 27 \$21,050,613 27 \$24,353,752 37 84,723,264 4 \$10,369,512 1 LLL, 1,050 00 209 50 \$5,030 10 20,000 0 31,783 6 13,500 0 390,000 0

LEGAL TENDER ACT UNCONSTITUTIONAL.—The highest Court in the State of Kentucky has just decided against the constitutionality of the legal tender act. Judge Robertson, of the Court of Appeals of that State, gave the opinion of the Court, from which the following is an extract:—

lowing is an extract:

Whenever a jurist inquires whether a statute is consistent with the State constitution, he looks into that constitution, not for a grant, but only for some limitation of the power inherent in the people's legislative organ, so far as not forbidden by their organic law.

But, as Congress, derives its power from grants by the people of preexisting State sovereignties, an enlightened inquirer into the constitutionality of any of its acts looks only to a delegation of power by the
federal constitution; for that constitution expressly declares that all
power not delegated by it, is reserved to the States or the people. In
this class of cases, therefore, he who asserts the power holds the affirmmative, and unless he "maintains it," the controverted act should not
be enforced as law by the judiciary. On the contrary, the party affirming that a legislative act of a State is prohibited by the State constitution must prove it, and unless the proof be clear the contested act must
be admitted to be law. The distinctive difference between the two
classes of cases is that, in the former, the power must be shown to
have been delegated, but in the latter, it must appear to have been
prohibited.

And in this case, therefore, the power to pass the tender act must

And in this case, therefore, the power to pass the tender act must satisfactorily appear to have been delegated before the judiciary should recognize and enforce it.

The Bankers' Gagette.

We give in our Bulletin from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost and the dividends declared, with times of opening and closing books. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning, such as have been published through the week in the Bulletin, will be collected and published in the Chronicle. Below will be found those published the last week in the Bulletin and the second such as the second secon

LOST BONDS AND CERTIFICATES OF STOCK.

WHOM ISSUED.	NUMBERS.	AMOUNT FOR	DATED.	TO WHOM ISSUED.
United States 7-30.	. 282,660	\$50. {	Interest pay. Aug. & Feb.	
U. S. 5-20, 1st Series do do 2d Series do do 3d do do do 3d do do do 2d do		\$500. \$500. \$500 each. \$1,000.	May 1, 1862. do do do do do do do do	Refer to Schulz & Buckgaber.
United States 10-40 do do 7-80. do do 7-30.	26,156-7	\$1,000. \$1,000 each. \$500.		Jno. T. Hill, Cash'r. Refer to J. Edwin Conant, 71 B'dway

RAILBOAD AND OTHER DIVIDENDS.

HAME OF COMPANY.	AM'T DIVID.	WHEN DUE.	WHERE PAYABLE.	BOOKS CLOSED.
Fourth National Bank	4 s. an.	Sep. 1	At Bank.	Aug. 26 to Sep. 2.

FRIDAY, September 1, 1865, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET .- The market has been abundantly supplied with money during the week, but at the close there appears to be a partial contraction of the supply. The Sub-Treasury statement shows a balance of over sixty millions in the hands of the Assistant Treasurer, of which probably thirty millions consist of currency. This naturally tends to abate the extreme plethora noted last week. The demand for stock operations is comparatively limited; but more money is wanted in commercial circles. In dry goods, groceries and general merchandise, there is a very marked increase of activity, arising chiefly from the large demand from Southern markets. The Southern merchants are bringing here securities of various kinds, upon which advances are made. Receipts for Southern produce, at various ports, guaranteed by Insurance Companies, are used as collateral for loans; and although transactions of this kind are much distributed, yet the aggregate demand for money resulting therefrom is quite considerable.

The increased activity of business is largely augmenting the supply of bills offered for discount; but the abundant supply of money enables lenders to take up all the paper money offered.

Prime bills are discounted at 6 a 7 per cent; lower grades at 8 a 10 per cent.

The rate on call loans is generally 5 per cent; time loans on good collaterals, are 6 a 7 per cent. We quote the following as the rate of discount on good bills:

	Per Cent		Per Cent.			
Dry Goods	7 a 7 4	Bankers	. 6	a	61	
Grocers		Produce Commission	. 8	8	10	

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.—The stock market has been upon the whole dull; but, at the close of the week, there are symptoms of a revival of speculation. The stocks of certain roads have been somewhat excited under a report that several prominent European eapitalists are to arrive by the Steamship Scotia, for the purpose of securing important interests in our roads, especially Erie, Illinois, Central, Great Western, and it is surmised also certain connecting lines. To-day, there has been quite a brisk speculation in Ohio and Miss. certificates, upon the supposition that an effort will be made by these parties to secure the amalgamation of that road with the Atlantic and Great Western; the closing quotations shows a rise of $3\frac{1}{4}$ in the price.

The increasing earnings of the roads generally, and the prospect of a large business in the transportation of produce for foreign shipment, as well as in the carrying of merchandise to the South, produces confidence in the future prices of stocks; and is apparently probable that in the event of the reports of traffic continuing as favorable as of late a speculation for a rise would be attended with success.

The following comparison shows the closing price of the leading securities on Saturday last and to-day.

	Aug. 26th	Sept. 1st.
Canton Company	3816	40%
Quicksilver	5536	5316
Mariposa		13
Cumberland Coal	4236	4316
Atlantic M. S. S.	148	148
New York Central	92%	93
Erie		8654
Hudson River	10914	109%
Reading	105%	106%
Michigan Sonthern	6436	65%
Michigan Central	107	10934
Illinois Central	12214	12436
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	71	7236
Chicago and N. W	27%	2814
Chicago and N. W. pref	62%	63%
Rock Island	108	108%
Fort Wayne		9714

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—The following comparison shows the closing quotations of leading government securities, on Saturday last and to-day:

Aug	. 26. Sep. 1.	Au	g. 26. Sep 1.
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup I U. S. 5-25's, c. o. 188 1	06% 107% 06% 106%	U. S. 7-30 Treas Note } 2nd Series } U. S. 6's, certif, n. is4	99% 99%
	04% 104% 98x.int94%		9814 9814

The improved quotations on Five-twenties at London and Frankfort have given a stronger tone to government securities. Orders for about \$1,000,000 of Five-twenties for the European market have been executed during the week. The disparity of price between old Five-twenties and other six per cent bonds has induced many holders of the latter to exchange them for 6's of 1881, and for new Five-twenties; which has kept up the supply and prevented a further rise in price. Certificates of indebtedness are at present considered the cheapest government security in the market, and notwith standing that the current issues are considerable, the price has advanced to 98½. Seven-thirties are weak. There is a prevailing desire to sell them, and but for purchases for effect by a clique who are heavily loaded with them, the present quotations could not be maintained.

The Secretary of the Treasury is issuing compound interest notes dated September 1, 1865.

Rumors lately current upon "the street," that the Secretary of the Treasury is about to offer a \$50,000,000 loan, are without foundation.

Gold Market.—Gold has been very firm but steady. The demand for customs has been large, averaging over \$500,000 per day; while, at the same time, there has been a steady drain southward, at the rate of probably three quarters of a million per week. Were it not that there has been a very general disappointment of expectations respecting the export of gold, the demand for customs and for the South would probably have resulted in a rise of the premium. It is now generally considered improbable that there will be any important export of specie and this tends to keep the price steady under a rapid reduction of the supply. To-day the interest on Ten-forty bonds falls due; which will release \$4,300,000 from the Treasury,—equivalent to about 14 days' purchases for customs.

The following have been the highest and lowest quotations for gold on each of the last six days:

	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.
Aug. 26	1448	144	Aug. 29 1441	1441
Aug. 27			Aug. 30 1448	144
Aug. 28	1441	1437	Aug. 31 144	1441
•			Sept 1	

The shipments of specie on Saturday last amounted to \$733 163

The transactions for last week at the Custom-house and Sub-treasury were as follows:

	CUSTOM HOUSE.	SUB-TREASURY		
0 3.16.0	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	
Aug. 21	\$475,856 20	\$6,126,286 10	\$4,104,500 20	
Aug. 22	554,637 40	5,826,346 73	5,213 494 60	
Aug. 23		1,690,249 20	5,567,038 20	
Aug. 24		2,538,059 40	3,047,057 51	
Aug. 25		1,718,144 33	2,416,106 78	
Aug. 26		6,920,260 64	10,599,832 55	
Total	99 OK4 650 11	204 810 948 40	480 945 029 84	

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Foreign Exchange.—Exchange has been dull and weak. Importers are too busy selling to give attention to remitting; and the supply of bills gains largely upon the demand. The amount of cotton bills is increasing rapidly, and shipments of Five-twenties continue to supply a fair amount of exchange; the leading drawers, however, appear confident that the balance will be considerably against us, and, therefore, refuse to bring down their quotations to the present limited business. We quote:

Bankers' Sterling, 60	109%@ 109%	Antwerp		
Bankers' Sterling, 3		Hamburg	35%@	3614
Merchants'	10814@ 10814	Frankfort	40%@	40%
Francs, long date Francs, short date	5.15 @5.13%	Bremen Prussian Thalers	7814@	79 71%

Foreign Exchange is a little firmer, and there is more demand. Bills at 60 days on London are selling at $107\frac{1}{2}$ a 109 for Commercial; $109\frac{1}{2}$ a $109\frac{1}{2}$ for Bankers; do at short sight $109\frac{3}{4}$ a $110\frac{1}{2}$; Paris, at 60 days 5.20 a 5.15; do at short sight 5.15 a 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$; Hamburg $35\frac{3}{4}$ a $36\frac{1}{2}$; Amsterdam $40\frac{1}{2}$ a $40\frac{3}{4}$; Frankfort $40\frac{3}{3}$ a $40\frac{3}{4}$; Bremen $78\frac{1}{4}$ a 79; Prussian thalers $71\frac{1}{4}$ a $71\frac{1}{2}$.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—THE following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the city of New York, for the week ending at the commencement of business on August 26, 1865:

	Loans and	-Ave		amount of			
Deale			Circula-	Net	Legal		
Banks.	Discounts.	Specie.	tion.	Deposits.	Tenders.		
New York	\$6,144,669	\$8,179,776	\$48,546	\$9,068,703	\$1,952,555		
danhattan	5,878,870	906,762	14,948	5,502,155	1,328,670		
ferchants	6,359,850	1,034,285	23,782	5,184,507	1,823,265		
lechanics	4,901,460	841,744	21,146	4,194 994	1,510,655		
Inlon	4,023,418	236,763		4,531,491	1,681,284		
America	6,802,811	1,756,158	8,750	7,681,848	8,108,838		
Phenix	8,417,384	212,667	18,768	2,906,220	891,542		
ity	4,408,964	290,527	*****	3,120,693	330,479		
'radesmen's	8,813,172	42,717	338,801	2,108,531	433,081		
ulton	2,126,578	314,089	25,920	2,285,296	615,154		
hemical	5,948,590	922,095	22,690	6.096,905	1,438,335		
fercht, Exchange	2.453,691	12,461	82,407	1,787,198	520,404		
lational	2,287,157	561,022	4,459	1,287,938	405,069		
Butch. & Drovers	2,844,419	80,688	86,172	1,859,417	150,621		
lech's & Trad's	1,900,224	101,164	90.058	1,375,580	446,270		
reenwich	715,777	87,017	9,378	708,182	159,740		
eather Manf	2,795,651	143,693	*****	2,255,982	481,000		
eventh Ward	640,861	40,418	90,726	585,378	480,795		
tate of N. Y	5,632,788	650,884	20,992	5,403,196	1,614,540		
mer. Exchange	9,648,954	1,032,725	17,065	7,111,902	1,992,060		
Commerce	17,867,523	878,446	740,665	7,863.924	8,078,000		
Broadway	5,501,682	136,665	819,185	4,957,280	1,813,587		
cean	2,176,437	78,744	10,475	1.798.596	574,687		
dercantile	8,223,209	66,399	125,408	2,896,585	988,448		
Pacific	1,981,252	16,996	56,514	1,561,220	229,748		
Republic	4,478,598	290,056	839,666	4,064,902	1,472,589		
hatham	1,684,664 1,848,458	36,625	6,142	1,880,906	738,889		
eople's		45,104	9,747	1,175,498	189,767		
North Amer	3,877,221	146,101	26,484	2,633,903	1,073.139		
Ianover	2,229,694	122,606	20,421	1,588,280	424,850		
rving	1,488,482	84,054	11,960	1,279,915	300.08		
detropolitan	8,859,283	279,976	53,550	6,416,076	2,193,000		
litizens'	1,848,414	19,975	17,667	1,089,878	430,89		
Nassau	2,845,138	161,760	5,065	1,952,845	859,114		
darket	2,520,505	131,218	187,888	2,137,886	612,05		
t. Nicholas	2,206,658	53,576	821,308	1,856,786	784.87		
hoe and Leather	3,039,000	64,546	496,000	1,942,988	782,00		
orn Exchange	2,719,667	269,156	89.868	2,068,799	442,00		
ontinental	2,977,683	166,768	10,137	2,173,788	1,058,00		
Commonwealth	2,967,861	74,204	25,419	8,489,883	1,426,06		
Oriental	1,188,481	41,871	111,118	992.230	281,36		
Marine	1,612,939	66,098	*****	1,551.299	528,70		
Atlantic	1,027,609	64,432	48,368	943,390	233,82		
mp. and Traders	4,313,750	52,285	23,128	3,718.140	768,76		
ark	12,774,482	808,446	449,946	12,160,408	2,059,32		
Mec. Bk. As	1,395,848	22,283	13,080	1,865,802	550,44		
rocers	1,021,641	26,565	8,171	938,079	854,71		
North River	1,633,596	82,111	14,025	1,588,180	802.87		
ast River	746,508	11,826		585,088	158,79		
Ian. and Mer	1,634,232	34,864	1 492	1,464,085	606.87		
ourth National			1,488				
Control Mational	11,748,708	242,157	1,497,055	9,493,025	4,169,91		
entral	11,745,838	90,930	995,840	12,645,947	8,386,38		
second National	1,437,180		270,000	1,499,218	588,59		
Dry Dock	248,737	85,283	16,745	252,702	27,01		
Bull's Head	928,370	9,156	121,790	952,115	*****		
Manufacturers'	518,948	19,905	51,727	828,714	62,56		
Totals	\$209,423,305	16,023,615	7,982,414	179,088,676	54,249,80		

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are

Bpecie Legal Tenders	Dec.	3,586,021	Circulation Inc.	\$292,889 4,490,660

The statement indicates a return to monetary ease; more

especially the large increase of \$8,665,818 in legal tenders, and of \$4,490,660 in deposits.

The large decrease in specie has occurred chiefly at the Bank of New York, and is principally owing to the refusal to accept gold checks as collaterals, and the demand of brokers to have the gold itself as security for loans on gold; as well as to a prevalent indisposition among buyers of gold to accept anything else than the gold.

For the corresponding period of the last three years the same items compare as follows:

Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Circula- tion.	Deposits.
1862\$158,278,552	35,640,984	9,454,806	141,971,741
1863 176,748,618	32,030,055	5,475,964	156,671,695
1864 188,502,927	19,952,949	4,256,847	156,086,807
1865 209,423,805	16,023,615	7,932,414	170,083,676

Philadelphia Banks.—The weekly statement of the Philadelphia banks, made up to Aug. 29, presents the following aggregates, as compared with the previous week:

١	Capital Stock	Aug. 22. \$14,442,350	Aug. 29.		
ı	Loans	51,920,580	50,577,243	Dec	\$1,843,847
î	Specie	1,160,222	1,155,194	Dec	5,025
١	Legal Tenders	20,561,963	19,640,768	Dec	921,195
ı	Deposits	41,849,178	88,864,910	Dec	2,488,263
1	Circulation	7,076,587	6,983,323	Dec	98,214

The following comparison shows the condition of the Philadelphia banks at stated periods since 1863:

Date.	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits
January 5, 1863	\$37,679,675	\$4,510,750	\$4,504,115	\$28,429,188
July 6, 1868	35,936,811	4,860,745	2,564,558	28,504,544
January 4, 1864	85,693 803	4,158,585	2,055,810	29,878,920
July 4, 1864	40,918.009	8,955,866	2,154,528	35,945,305
January 3, 1865	48,059,403	1,803,583	2,793,468	89,845,963
February 6, "	50,269,478	1,702,776	4,393,178	38,496,837
March 6, 4	49,228,540	1,389,264	5,346,021	38,391,622
April 3, "	50,522,030	1,843,223	5,893,626	38,816,847
May 1, "	51,726,389	1,262,258	6,441,407	44,794,824
June 5, "	53,095,688	1,258,782	6,717,758	41,518,576
July 10, "	50,188,778	1,187,700	6,758,585	41,344,058
Aug. 7, "	54.857,695	1,154,005	6,986,662	47,762,160
Aug. 14, "	54,529,718	1,153,931	6,989,217	44,561,746
Aug. 22, "	51,920,580	1,160,223	7,076,587	41,848,178
Aug. 29, "	50,577,243	1,155,197	6,983,523	88,864,910

The following comparison shows the totals of the Banks' Statements for each week of the current year since March 4:

1				Circula-		Legal	
1		Loans.	Specie.	tion.	Deposits.	Tenders.	Clearings.
1	Mch. 4	186,569.665	19,830,183	2,720,666	153,009,588		511,361.887
1	Mch. 11	188,120,890	20,737,838	2,741,684	152,134,448	26,713,408	412,802,453
ł	Mch. 18	211,486,651	22,256,596	4,662,505	174,479,857	33,645,014	625,739,288
1	Mch. 25	207,677,503	22,066,524	4,457,162	166,956,508	85,295,153	604.796,728
1	Apl. 1		20,584,668	4,888,980	173,3 0,491	42,989,382	509,148,691
1	Apl. 8	204,158,839	20,045,906	4,773,528	174,850,185	46,424,957	488,658,684
1	Apl. 15	206,508,095	19,533,784	4,757,862	177,815,945	51,061,462	427,761,675
1	Apl. 22	204,723,196	19,122,288	4,700,210	184,244,399	59,954,987	272,740,215
1	Apl. 29	204,277,578	19,049,913	4,660,659	193,188,788	66,096,274	859,950,814
1	May 6	212,172,277	20.088,399	4,886,937	200,466,735	66,258,849	508,899,215
П	May 13	218,502,920	28,553,231	4,889,562	203,369,886	61,052 537	511,914,441
1	May 20	219,810,780	28,194,402	5,032,944	203,854,725	55,625,517	510,767,845
1	May 27	212,445,121	22,063.929	5,066,693	197,081,017	54,524,078	429,221,798
	June 3	210,416,543	21,346,493	5,323,082	186,935,680	51,065,440	889,049,879
1	June 10	208,392,635	18,480,620	5,402,758	185,509,953	56,201,836	420,542,766
	June 17	208,944,311	16,680,877	5,647,944	189,947,334	62,567,344	542,070,189
1	June 24	213,590,280	15.906,318	5,789,070	187,508,936	58,560,589	519,448,415
1	July 1	216,585,421	15,854,990	5,818,445	191,656,773	60,904,445	473,720,318
Н	July 8	218,541,975	19,100,594	6,001,774	198,199,005	62,519,708	875,504,141
1	July 15	221,285,082	20,400,441	6,250,945	200,420,283	60,054,646	550,959,812
1	July 22	222,960,305	20,332,903	6,589,766	193,790,096	52,756,229	517,174,956
1	July 29	222,341,966	20,773,155	7,085,454	186,766,671	46,956,782	494,854,189
1	Aug. 5	219,102,793	19,400,380	7,656,370	178,247,674	43,561,973	576,961,822
1	Aug. 12	215,459,342	20,163,292	8,050,361	175,788,185	43,006,428	463.483,275
	Aug. 19	210,827,581	19,604,636	7,639,575	174,593,016	45,583,98	492,697,785
	Aug. 26	209,423,305	16,023,615	7,932,414	179,088,676	54,249,808	372,124,309

NEW YORK STATE BANKS.—The Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New York has made the following report of the condition of the banks on the morning of June 24, 1865:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$37,866,524 384,352 7,748,884
Due from directors \$3,995,569 Due from brokers 4,005,578	Men VA
Real estate	4,211,244 13,586,769 34,646,090
Cash items. Stocks, promissory and U. S. 7 8-10 notes and certificates of indebtedn's	65,139,808
Bonds and mortages. Bills of insolvent banks and U. S. Demand notes.	2,078,451 22,785,687
Bills of suspended banks Loss and expense account. Add for cents.	2,749 999,087 508
Total	\$239,383,758
LIABILITIES.	
Capital. Circulation. Profits. Due Banks. Due individuals and corporations other than banks and depositors. Due Treasurer of the State of New York. Due depositors on demand. Amount due, not included in either of the above heads. Add for cents.	1,406,754
Total	\$289,869,197

NATIONAL BANKS.—The	following National Bank	s were
authorized during the week	ending Saturday, Aug. 26	3:
Names.	Locations.	Capital. \$500,000
Canastota National Bank	Canastota, N. Y	\$500,000

Names.	Locations.	Capital.
Canastota National Bank	Canastota, N. Y	\$500,000
Farmers' and Mechanics'	Westminster, Md	75,000
National Webster Bank of Boston	Boston, Mass	1,500,000
York	Saco. Me	100,000
First National Bank of Independence	Jaokson, Mo	50,000
Merchants' Nat'al Bank of West Virgini	a. Clarksburg, West Va	100,000
Hungerford	Adams, N. Y	125,000
National Bank of Rhode Island	Newport, R. I	100,000
People's	. Jackson, Mich	100,000
National Exchange	Lansingburg, N. Y	200,000
Saco National Bank	Saco, Me	100,000
National Bank of Newark	Newark, Del	50,000
National Bank of Selma	Selma, Ala	100,000
Merchants'	Hastings, Minn	100,000
Capital of new banks Previously authorized	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$3,200,000 389,414,333
1 1 - Co-14-1		2000 014 000

No additional depositories of the public money have been authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury since Aug. 20.

The amount of National Banks circulation issued during che week ending Aug. 26 was \$2,591,230, making the total circulation outstanding at that date \$175,265,690.

The following comparison shows the progress of the national banks, in respect to number, capital and circulation, from January, 1865, to latest dates:

Date.	Banks.	Capital.	Circulation.
Jan'y 7, 1865	685	145,524,560	78,724,520
" 21, "	736	169,099,296	83,058,200
* 4, *	782	179,121,296	7,288,3008
Feb. 18, 1865	815	186,041,735	73,555,380
Mar. 4, "	855	192,949,736	99,325,600
" 18, "	908	202,944,486	104,750,540
Apr. 1, "	973	225,246,200	111,634,670
" 22, "	1,041	246,054,170	119,961,800
May 6, "	1.117	264,954,170	126,360,330
" 20, "	1.172	281,868,820	130,680,170
June 8, "	1,212	298,971,020	135,607,060
* 17, "	1,297	310,295,891	140,797,755
July 1, "	1,378	340,938,000	146,927,975
" 15, "	1,447	364,020,756	154,120,015
Aug. 5, "	1,504	377,574,281	165,794,440
" 12, "	1,523	879,781,701	169,598,960
" 19, "	1,530	390,000,000	172,664,460
" 20, "	1,538	392,614,333	175,265,690

FOREIGN BANKING .- The following are the returns of the Bank of England for the week ending Aug. 16, 1865:

	AUGUM TANA	15.00 2.00	
Notes	issued £27,892,850	Other securities Gold coin and bullion.	3,634,900
	£27.892.850		£27,892,850

	21,002,000		221,002,000
	BANKING D	EPARTMENT.	
Propriet'rs' capital	£14,553,000 3,589,451 5,326,458 14,962,787 545,150		

Compared with the preceding week, the above statement

£38,926,841

£38,926,841

shows:	
An increase of circulation of	£55,563
An increase of public deposits of	65,714
An increase of other deposits of	274,606
No change in Government securities.	
A decrease of other securities of	345,187
A decrease of bullion of	42,857
An increase of rest of	21,572
A increase of reserve of	4,328
No change in Government Securities	

The following is the return of the Bank of France, made up to the 17th of August. The return for the previous week is · hebba

waaca .		
DEBTOR.		
	Aug. 17, 1865.	August 10, 1865.
	f. c.	f. c.
Capital of the bank	182,500,000 0	182,500,000 0
Profits, in addition to capital	7,044,776 2	7.044.776 2
Reserve of the bank and branches	22,105,750 14	22,105,750 14
New reserve	4,000,000 0	4,000,000 0
Notes in circulation and at the branches.	877,849,725 0	897,359,925 0
Drafts drawn by the bank on the branches	011,040,120 0	001,000,000
of the bank payable in Paris or in the		
provinces	7,873,722 48	8,387,370 77
provinces. Treasury account.	146,834,393 66	148,176,877 17
Accounts comment of The		
Accounts current at Paris	170,862,745 15	170,182,122 31
Ditto in the provinces	21 900 974 0	20 098 048 0

	Dividends payable	2,037,238 3,736,010		2,267,865 3,393,878	75
		1,427,623		1,427,623	
	Re-discounts	752,993		750 000	14
	Surplus of receipts not distributed	10,185,378		752,998	36
	Sundries	10,100,010	40	10,403,105	92
		1,468,501,226	11	1,488,031,121	57
	CREDITOR.				
	Cash and bullion	488,070,183	57	486,367,696	40
ı	Commercial bills overdue	612,645	7	200,032	
	Ditto discounted in Paris	293,592,627	12	310,930,386	
	Ditto in the branches	312,323,070	0	308,820,460	
ı	Advances on bullion in Paris	54,102,673	25	60,016,023	
	Ditto in the provinces	12,341,700	0	12,324,654	
	Ditto on public securities in Paris	14,589,200	Ö	14,711,100	
	Ditto in the provinces	10,625,700	Õ	10,425,000	
ı	Ditto on obligations and railway shares	30,611,100	0	30,711,400	ŏ
	Ditto in the provinces	21,655,780	Õ	21,518,380	
1	Ditto on securities in the Credit Foncier	,000,100	-		
ı	in Paris	676,200	0	676,700	
1	Ditto in the provinces	542,950	ŏ	540,750	
1	Ditto to the State	60,000,000	ő	60,000,000	
1	Government stock reserve	12,980,750		12,980,750	14
1	Ditto other securities.	36,557,487		86,557,487	
1	Securities held	100,000,000	0	100,000,000	
1	Tratal and managin of the bonk & branches	8,413,566	0	8,410,308	
	Hotel and property of the bank & branches	677,938		676,083	
1	Expenses of management	10.127,654		12,117,914	
1	Sundries	10,127,004	00	12,117,914	31
-	1	,468,501,226	11	1,488,031,121	57

The return, compared with that for the previous week, shows the following changes: -An increase of 1,703,000f in the stock of coin and bullion; a decrease of 13,835,000f in the discounts; a decrease of 19,510,000f in the circulation of notes; and an increase of 1,942,00f in the deposits.

BANK STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	C.	APITAL.	Drv	MA	REET	
(Marked thus * are National.)	Par of Shares.	Amou t.	Periods.	Last Paid.	Bid.	Ask.
America	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July	July	128	140
American* American Exchange*	100 100	500,000	May and Nov.	May	113	115%
Atlantic*	100	300,000	Jan. and July	July		
Atlantic (Brooklyn). Bowery*	50	500,000	Jan. and July	July	1	
Atlantic* Atlantic (Brooklyn) Bowery* Broadway* Brooklyn Bull's Head*	26	1,000,000	Jan. and July	July19		
Bull's Head*	50	200,000	Quarterly	July	::::	1
Butchers & Drovers'	25	800,000	Jan. and July	July	100	
Central (Brooklyn)	50	200,000	Jan. and July	July	100	1::::
Chatham*	25	450,000	Jan. and July	July		
Citizens'	25	400,000	Jan. and July	July5 & 5 ex		
City	100	1,000,000	May and Nov	May6		
City (Brooklyn) Commerce*	100	10.000,000	Jan. and July	July	1011	10436
Commerce* Commonwealth*	100	750,000	Jan. and July	July5		****
Corn Exchange	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July Feb and Aug	Ang 5	105	110
Currency* Dry Dock East River* Eighth*	100	100,000	Jan. and July	July		****
Dry Dock	50	200,000 950 150	Quarterly	July		100
Eighth*	100	250,000	Jan. and July	July5		100
Fifth* First* First (Brooklyn)*	100	150,000	Jan. and July	July5 & 3 ex.		
First (Brooklyn)*	100	500,000	Jan. and July	July 7 & 5 ex.		
Fourth* Fulton*	100	5,000,000	March and Sept.	Sept4	93	94
Far. & Cit.(Wm'sbg)	20	160,000	March and Sept.	Sept		180
Gallatin	100	1,500,000	April and Oct	April	110	
Greenwich Grocers'* Hanover*	50	300,000	Jan, and July	July 5		160
Hanover*	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	July5	105	
Hanover* Importers & Traders' Irving*	50	500,000	Jan. and July	July 4	108	****
LeatherManufact'rs*	50	600,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug		
Long Island (Brook.)	50	9 050 000	Feb. and Aug	Ang4	190	190
Manhattan	30	210,000	Jan. and July	July		
Manufac.&Merch'nts Marine	100	400,000	Jan. and July	July5		
Market* Mechanics'	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	July6		
Mechanics'	25	2,000,000	Jan. and July	July5 & 5 ex.	••••	110
Mechanics' (Brook.). Mech. Bank. Asso.*. Mechan. & Traders'*	25	500,000	May and Nov,	May5	98	
Mechan. & Traders'* Mercantile*	25	600,000	May and Nov	May5 & 5 ex.		••••
Merchants'*	50	3,000,000	June and Dec	June5	109	110
Merchants' Exch.*	50	1,235,000	Jan. and July	July		
Metropolitan*	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	July 4		110
Nassau (Brooklyn)	100	300,000	an. and July	July	1101	
Nassau (Brooklyn) National New York* New York County*. New YorkExchange*	100	3.000,000 2	Jan. and July.	July 5	11079	120
New York County*.	100	200,000	an. and July	July9		
New York Exchange*	100	1,000,000 J	an. and July	July	101	101
Ninth* North America*	100	1,000,000	an. and July	July5 & 5 ex.		108
Ocean	50	1 000 000 T	an. and July	July6	120	90.
Oriental	50	300,000 I	eb. and Aug	Aug		
Pacific	100	9 000 000 1	lay and Nov	May	155	49
Pacific	25	412,500 J	an. and July	July	110	****
Phœnix*	20	1,800,000 J	an. and July	July		98
Republic*	100	1,000,000 F	eb. and Aug	Aug5		00
St. Nicholas'* Seventh Ward* Second * Shoe & Leather Sixth* State of New York	100	500,000 J	an. and July	July		
Shoe & Leather	100	1,500,000 A	pril and Oct	April4		05
sixth*	100	200,000 N	lay and Nov	Мау		
enth*	100	2,000,000 A 1,000,000 J	an and July	Inly	::::	****
Tenth* Third* Tradesmen's*	100	1,000,000 F	eb. and Aug	Aug 5		
Tradesmen's*	50	1,000,000 J	an. and July	uly6 & 4 ex.		4
Williamsburg City	80	500,000 T	on and Inle	Inla		91

77,865 75 18,873 96 17,623 17 2,993 36 3,105 92 1,121 57

7,696 40 0,032 67 0,386 18 0,460 0 5,028 25 4,654 0 1,100 0 5,000 0 1,400 0 5,380 0 3,700 0 0,750 14 7,487 91 1,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0

of in on of

REET.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REPRESENTED BY THE CLOSING SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1.)

do d	ates 6s, 16 ates 6	national. 887	99%		104% 98 99% 96%	106%	144¾ 107¼ 106% 104% 98 99% 99% 98% 98%	190 107% 1106% 1106% 4105% 99%	Broklyn City	62% 108 71 101% 87%	110 122%	113 271% 62% 100% 70%	100% 86% 109% 123%	79% 101 86%
United State of the control of the c	ates 6s, 16 ates 6		99%	99% 99% 98%	106% 106% 104% 98 99% 98%	1074 110634 110634 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	106% 104% 104% 98 99% 99% 98%	107½ 106¾ 105¼ ————————————————————————————————————	do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	27% 62% 100% 70% 86% 1009% 122% 40 107 64% 46 46 92%	62% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1109% 1100% 11	28% 68% 72% 1101
do d	100 68, 1 100 68, 1 100 68, 1 100 68, 5 100 68, 5 100 68, 5 100 68, 1 100 58	SSS	99%	99% 99% 98%	106% 106% 104% 98 99% 98%	1074 110634 110634 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	106% 104% 104% 98 99% 99% 98%	106% 105% 	do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	27% 62% 100% 70% 86% 1009% 122% 40 107 64% 46 46 92%	62% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1109% 1100% 11	28% 68% 72% 1101
do d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	106¾ 104¾ 98 99¾ 96¾	1074 110634 110634 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	106% 104% 104% 98 99% 99% 98%	106% 105% 	do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	27% 62% 100% 70% 86% 1009% 122% 40 107 64% 46 46 92%	62% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1109% 1100% 11	28% 68% 72% 1101
do d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	104% 98 99% 96%	97% 99% 98%	98 995% 995% 995%	105¾ = = = = = ==	do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	62% 100% 70% 86% 86% 40 107 64% 46 46	62% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1109% 1100% 11	79% 1101 86% 1110 1124% 65% 49% 95 80
do dd	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	98 99% 96%	977% 99% 98%	98 99% 99% 98%	= = = a94%	do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	62% 100% 70% 86% 86% 40 107 64% 46 46	62% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1108% 1109% 1100% 11	79% 1101 86% 1110 1124% 65% 49% 95 80
do d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	98 99% 96%	977% 99% 98%	98 99% 99% 98%		do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	109% 109% 40 107 64% 46 46	71½ 100% 86½ 86½ 100% 100% 123% 48 92%	79% 1101 86% 1110 1124% 65% 49% 95 80
do d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	99% 96%	99%	99% 99% 98%		do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	86% 109% 40 107 64% 46 46	100% 86% 86% 1109% 1123% 48 92%	101 86% 110 110 1124% 65% 49% 80 92%
do d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	99% 96%	99%	99% 99% 98%		do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	86% 109% 1182% 40 107 64% 46 46	86%	86%
do dd d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	99% 96%	99%	99% 99% 98%		do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	109% 1122% 40 107 64% 46 46	109% 123% 123% 106% 64% 48	110 1124% 102% 65% 49% 95 80
do d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	99% 96%	99%	99% 99% 98%		do preferred 100 Hannibal and St. Joseph 100 do do preferred 100 Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Hudson River 100 Illinois Central 100		110 122%	122½ 40 107 64¼ 46 46 92½	123½	102½ 65½ 49½ 95 80
do di do Re do 6s, do 6s, do 6s, do 5s do d	10 7-30s 10 do 10	Treas. Notes 18 series. do do 2d series. do do	99%	99% 99% 98%	98%	98%	98%	99%	do do preferred 100	64¾ 45 92¾ 24¾	122%	122½ 40 107 64¼ 46 46 92½	123½	102½ 65½ 49½ 95 80
do d do d do d do d do d do d California (Connecticu Georgia 6s Illinois Ca do 6s, do 6s, do 6s, do 6s do do do do Indiana 6s, do 5s do 5s do 5s do 5s do 5s do 5s do 6s do 6	7s, large. ut 6s, 187. anal Bondegistered., coupon, do	State. 2. 1s, 1860. 1860. 79, after 1860. do 1862. do 1865. do 1877. do 1879. pan. pan. 72. .	97	99%	98%		98¾		do preferred. 30	6434 45 9234 2434	122%	122½ 40 107 64¼ 46 46 92½	123½	102½ 65½ 49½ 95 80
California Connecticu Georgia 6s Illinois Ca do 6s, do 6s, do 6s do d	7s, large. ut 6s, 187. anal Bondegistered., coupon, do	State. 2. 1s, 1860. 1860. 79, after 1860. do 1862. do 1865. do 1877. do 1879. pan. pan. 72. .	97		71		=		Hudson River 100 Hudson River 100 Indianapolis and Cincinnati 50 Joliet and Chicago 100 Long Island 50 Marietta and Cincinnati 100 Marietta and Cincinnati 100 More 100	64¾ 45 92¾ 24¾	122%	122½ 40 107 64¼ 46 46 92½	123½	102½ 65½ 49½ 95 80
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 6	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		11%	71 78		80		Indianapolis and Cincinnati 50 Joliet and Chicago 100 Long Island 60 Long Island 60 Long Island 60 Long Island 60 2d preferred 100 60 2d preferred 100 Michigan So. and N. Indiana 100 Michigan So. and N. Indiana 100 Milwankee and Prairie du Chien 100 Long Codo 100 Lo	64¾ 45 92¾ 24¾	107 64% 45 92%	40 107 6434 46 46 9234	106% 64% 48	102¾ 65¾ 49¾ 95 80
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 6	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		nx	71 78	715	80		Long Island So Marietta and Cincinnati 100	64¾ 45 92¾ 24¾	107 64% 45 92%	107 64¾ 46 46 92¾	9234	4936 95 80
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minesota Missouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		nx	71 78	715			Marietta and Cincinnati	64¾ 45 45 92¾ 24¾	107 64% 45 92%	107 64¾ 46 46 92¾	9234	4936 95 80
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minesota Missouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		11%	71 78	715			do	64¾ 45 45 92¾ 24¾	107 64% 45 92%	9234	9234	4936 95 80
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minesota Missouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		nx	71 78	7111			Michigan So, and N. Indians	92%	92%	9234	9234	4936 95 80
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minnesota dissouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		nx	71 78	7111			Milwankee and Prairie du Chien. 100	92%	92%	921/4	92%	95 80 9234
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minnesota dissouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		11%	71 78	71111			do do do 150 do do do pref 100 Milwaukee and St. Panl 100 100 100 Mo o preferred 100 Mississippi and Missouri 100 Morris and Essex 100 100 New Jersey 100 New Jersey 100 100 New York Central 100 New Haven and Hartford 100 100 100	92%	92%	921/4	92%	95 80 9234
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minesota Missouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		1134	71 78	71111			Milwaukee and St. Paul 100	92%	92%			92%
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minesota Missouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		11%	71 78	71111			d0	92%	92%			
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minnesota dissouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		71%	71 78	7114			Morris and Essex.	92%	92%			
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minnesota dissouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		71%	71 78	======================================			New York Central 100 New Haven and Hartford 100 Now Haven and W	92%	92%			
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 dissouri 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)			71 78				New Haven and Hartford100	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%
Michigan o do 6 do 6 do 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 Minesota Missouri 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do d	ns, 1873 ss, 1878 ss, 1888 ss, 1868 ss, 1878 ss, War L i 88 ss, (Hanni ss, (Pacific 7s, 1870 6s, 1865 6s, 1865 6s, 1867	oan bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		11%	71 78	7114		=	I TOT WICH and Worcester	24%	24%	2414	24%	24%
do and do and do	(s, War L 188	oan. bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		11%	71 78	71%		=	Ohio and Mississippi Certificates			-	-	
do and do and do	(s, War L 188	oan. bal and St. Joseph RR.) c RR.)		71%	71 78	71%	=		Panama	000	001	000	000	000
Minnesota Missouri do 6s do 6s do 6s do 6s do 6s New York do d	88s, (Hanni s, (Pacific 78, 1870. 68, 1865. 68, 1866. 68, 1867.	bal and St. Joseph RR.)		71%	71 78	71%	-		Reading	105%	96% 105%	96¾ 105	97½ 103¾	97% 105%
Missouri 6s do 6s do 6s New York do	s, (Hanni s, (Pacific 7s, 1870. 6s, 1865. 6s, 1866. 6s, 1867.	bal and St. Joseph RR.)		71%	71 78	71%	-	_	St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute100	6034	63	63		35%
New York do	7s, 1870. 6s, 1865. 6s, 1866. 6s, 1867.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			18				Second avenue	00%	-	-	_	_
New York do	7s, 1870. 6s, 1865. 6s, 1866. 6s, 1867.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						78	Sixth avenue	_				
do d	68, 1867.		=		_	_	_	_	Third avenue	_			_	_
do d				-	-	-	-	_	do do do preiened so					
do do do do do do do do do Morth Caro Ohio 6s, 1 do 6s, 1	6s, 1872.			_			_	_	Railroad Bonds:					- 1
do do do do do do do do Morth Caro Ohio 6s, 1 do			=	_	_	_	_	_					96	
do do do do do do do do Morth Caro Ohio 6s, 1 do	6s, 1874.		-	_	-	_	_	_	Atlantic and Great Western, 1st mort do do 2d mort Buffalo, New York and Erie, 1st mort., 1877	_	_	_	-	
do do do do do North Carc Ohio 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1	6s, 1877.			_	_		_	_	Buffalo, New York and Erie, 1st mort., 1877 Chicago and Alton, Sinking Fund		=			
do do do do North Carc Ohio 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1				-	-	-	-	-	Chicago and Alton, Sinking Fund	_	-	-	.95%	_
do do North Caro Ohio 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 Phode Isla	58, 1871.		-	_	_	_	_	_	do do Income. Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 8 per cent. Chicago and Milwaukee, 1st mortgage. Chicago and Northwestern, Sinking Fund.	_	=	-		
do do North Care Ohio 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 Phode Jule	58, 1875.		_	_	=		_	=	Chicago and Milwaukee, 1st mortgage Chicago and Northwestern, Sinking Fund	=	=	=		=
do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 Phode Isla	58, 1876.	Rounty Bonds	-	-	-	-	-		do do Interest do do Extension	-	-	-	-	-
do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 do 6s, 1 Phode Isla	olina 6s .		72	_	73	71	71	71%	do do 1st mortgage	8036	8036	_	801/4	80
Dhode Tale	1870			=	_	_	_	_	do do 2d mortgage Chicago and Rock Island, 1st mortgage	-	_	_	_	_
do 68, 1	1875		_	=	_	-	-		Cleveland and Pittsburg, 2d mortgage	_	-	_	-	-
raode Isia	1886		-	_	_	_	_		do do 4th mortgage	-	-	73	_	_
South Caro	olina 6s	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_	_	=	_	_	_	do do 3d mortgage, conv. do 4th mortgage. Conv. do 4th mortgage. Cleveland and Toledo, Sinking Fund. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 1st mort. do do 2d mort. do 2d mortgage, 1864. do 2d mortgage, 1879.	=		=	_	
Tennessee do	6s, 1868.	Loans	72%	73%	7314	731/4	74%	75	do do do do 2d mort.	-	-	-	-	-
do	58			1072	1074	10%	-179		do 2d mortgage, 1864.	_	_	_		_
vermont of	8		_	_	_	_	_	_	do 3d mortgage, 1879do 3d mortgage, 1883	103	=	=		
Wisconsin do	6s	Loan	_	_	-	-	-	-			_	_	-	94
au									do 4th mortgage, 1880. do 5th mortgage, 1888. Galena and Chicago, extended. do do 2d mortgage. Hannibal and St. Joseph, Land Grants. Harlem, 1st mortgage, 1889-72. do Consolidated and Sinking Fund. do 2d mortgage, 1888	-	-	_	-	
Brooklyn	6s	ınicipal.	-						do do 2d mortgage	-	=	=	_	_
do do	6s, Water	r Loanc Park Loan	-	_	-	-	-	-	Harlem, 1st mortgage, 1869-72.	-	-	-	-	-
do	6s, Impro	ovement Stock	-	_	_	_		_	do 2d mortgage, 1868	-		_		
New York	y 68, Wat 78, 1875	er Loan	_		_	_	_	=	do 2d mortgage, 1898. Hudson River, 1st mortgage, 1899. do 2d mortgage, (S. F.), 1885. do 3d mortgage, 1875.	=	=	=	_	_
do	68. 1876	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	_	-	-	do 3d mortgage, 1875	-	-	-	-	_
do	6s. 1887		00	_	=		_	_	Illinois Central 7s, 1875	111	-	112	_	
do	58, 1867 58, 1868	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		=	_	_	_	_	Lackawanna and Western Bonds Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st mortgage	_	-	=	_	_
do	58, 1870	· · · · • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	_		_	_	Michigan Central 8s, 1869-72		_	-	_	111
do	58, 1874	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		=	_	_	_	Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st mortgage. Michigan Central 8s, 1869-72. do do 8s, new, 1882. Michigan Southern, Sinking Fund. do do 2d mortgage, 7s. do do Goshen Line, 1868 Milwaukee and Brairie du Chien, 1st mort. Milwaukee and St. Paul, 1st mortgage. do do Income. Mississippi and Missouri, Land Grants. New York Central 5s, 1883. do do 5s, 1867.	111%	=	97	_	111 96¾
do	58, 1976		-	_	_	-	_	_	do do 2d mortgage, 7s	_	-	_	_	_
do	58, 1800			_	-	_		_	Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, 1st mort	-	-	-	_	78
do	5s,F. Lo	an, 1868.	_	_	=	=	=	=	do do Income	=		=		
	Misc	ellaneous					1-		Mississippi and Missouri, Land Grants	-	-	_		
Atlantic M	Iail Steam	nship100	-	145	145	145	148	148		_	_	_	_	_
anton, Ba	altimore.		=	=	=		_	40%	do do 6s, Real Estate	=	=	=		
entral Cor central An	merican T	ransit	-	-	90	-	-	-	do do 7s, 1876	-	-	-	-	-
umber an	nd Coal, p	referred100		42	20 4214	43	4314	43%	Onto and mississippi, ist moregage			_		_
Harlem Ga	w mudson	п Сапат		_	140	_	141	_	Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, 1st mort	_	95	_	_	-
Mariposa 1	as	ht 50	1111	-	-	_	-		do do do 3d mort	-	-		-	100
Metropolit	as n Gas Ligi Mining	400	11%	-	11%		11%	13	St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute, 1st mort do do do 2d, pref		_	-	114	
Nicaragua	as n Gas Lig Mining tan Gas			-	-	-	-	-	do od franklik	-	14.	1000	-	-
Pennaviva	Mining tan Gas Gas Transit		-		_	_	_	_		2.7	1000			
aicksilve	Mining tan Gas Gas Transit til Steams	100 Ship		=	-	-	-	-	do do 1st mortgage, extended.	-		-		
A cately O	as n Gas Lig. Mining tan Gas t Gas Transit til Steams nia Coal ar Mining	100	8534	5834	55	8434	84%	584	Toledo and Wabash, 1st mortgage. do do 1st mortgage, extended. do do 2d mortgage, extended. do do Interest Bonds.	1 63.	-	=		-2.0

NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES' LIST.

DENOMINATIONS.	Amount Outstanding.		EREST.	Princi- pal Due.		KET.	DENOMINATIONS.	Amount Outstanding.		NTEREST.	Princi- pal Due.	_	-
		Rate.	Payable.	Due.	-	Asked			Rate	Payable.	Due.	Bid	A
National Securities.		,		4000	1	1447/8	Municipal Securities. ALBANY, N. Y.—City Scrip	\$90,000	5		'70 '74		
do 1847registered	9,415,250 8,908,342		n. & July n. & July	1 6	119 116	120 118	do City Scrip do Water Loan	225,000 850,000	6		'65 '69 '70 '82		1
do doregistered.				1	115		do Alb. Nor. RR ALLEGHANY CITY, Pa.—City Bds.	300,000	6		1879 var.		
la da remistered	7,032,000		n. & July	1		97	do do RR. Bds. Baltimore, Md.—Improvement	600,000 4,963,000		TA JAO	1913	83	1
o 1858coupon. o do registered. o 1861coupon.	20,000,000	5 Js	n. & July	1874	921		do Miscellaneous.	820,000	6	J.,A.,J.&O.	1870	98	
o 1861coupon. o doregistered.	282,570,650		n. & July		107%	107%	do N.W.Virg.RR. do Water Loan	1,500,000 3,500,000	6	Jan. & July May & Nov Jan. & July	1875	101	1
o doregistered. egonWar Bds (yearly) coupon o do († yearly) coupon nds (5-20s) of 1862coupon	. 1,016,000	6 Ju	n. & July	1881			do York&Cum.R. do B.&O.R.coup (1,000,000	6			99	1
nds (5-20s) of 1862coupon.	514,780,500		ay & Nov.		106%	107	do B. & O. RR 5	5,000,000		J.,A.,J.&O.		101	1
do do do registered. lo do 1864coupon.				1	1001/4	105½ 105	do Park BANGOR, Me.—City Debt	554,000 197,700	6	M.,J.,S,&D.	65 '82	94	1
o do do .registered. o (10-40s) docoupon.	91,789,000		n. & July	1	9414	1	do Railroad Debt Boston, Mass.—City Bonds	740,000 583,205	6		'65 '74 '78 '79		1
o do do registered.	172,770,100		ar. & Sept.		94	9436	do City Bonds	4,113,866	5		'65 '85 '67 '77	98	1
asury Notes (1st series) do do (2d series)	. 300,000,000	7.30 Ju	n. & Dec.	1868	9936	99%	do City Bonds do Water Loan Stg.	1,949,711	436		'72 '73		1
do do (3d series) ot Certificates (old)	230,000,000	7.80 Ja	n. & July Maturity	1868			do Water Loan Brooklyn, N.Y.—City Bonds	1,063,000 634,200	6	Jan. & July	68 78		1
			autur teg	, , , , ,		1	do Improved St'k do Pub. Park L'n.	1,281,000	6	do do	'65 '95 1869	84	1
State Securities. ABAMA—State Bonds AFORNIA—Civil Bonds	3,423,000	5 Ja		1877			do Water Loan	5,550,000	6	do	'81 '97		
do War Bonds	SU3.000	7 7	do	1872 '80'	116	117	BUFFALO, N.Y.—Municipal Bonds do Municipal Bonds	216,000 299,000	6		65 '79 '65 '82		-
ENECTICUT—War Bonds	8.000,000	6 00	t. & Apr.	'72 '84		95	CHICAGO, Ill.—City Bonds	571,000	7	Apr. & Oct. Jan. & July	1881	97	1
do Tax Exempt. B'ds	2,073,750	6 Ja	do n. & July	1885 1880	80		do Sewerage Bonds	360,000 913,000	7	do	79 87		
do do do	525,000 3,747,000	7	do n. & July	1872 1870			do Water Bonds CINCINNATI, O.—Municipal	1,030,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1888 1895	96½ 89	
do Registered Bonds	3,293,274	6	do	'70 '77		95	CINCINNATI, O.—Municipal do Water Bonds CLEVELAND, O—City Bonds		6	Jan. & July			1
do Coupon Bonds do do do	803 000		do do	1860 1862	95	98 98	do Water Bonds		7	do	var. 1879		1
do do do do do do do do do	28,000 1,116,500	6	do	1865 1870			do Sewerage Bonds. DETROIT. Mich.—City Bonds	20.000	8	do	1890 1871		-
do do do	490,000	6	do	1877	97	100	do City Bonds	256,368	7	June & Dec.	'69 '79		Secretary.
do do do do War Loan Bonds	236,000	6	do	1879 1879	97	100	do City Bonds do Water Bonds	650,000	7	Apr. & Oct. Jan. & July	1871	871	
ANA—State Bonds	5,325,500	5 Ja	n. & July	plea .	86 72	90	DUBUQUE, Io.—City Bonds	319,457 400,000	8	Various. Jan. & July			1
do War Loan Bonds	1,225,500	6 M	do ay & Nov.	plea . 1881	597	80	HARTFORD, Ct.—City Bonds	125,000	6			****	-
		7 Ja	n. & July	1887 1877	4	::::	do Park Bonds do Railroad Bonds	130,000 500,000	6	Feb. & Aug Jan. & July	1882		-
ISAS-State Bonds	200,000	7	do	'76 '78			do Water Bonds JERSEY CITY, N. J.—City Bonds.	375,000	6	June & Dec.	1883 '65 '81		-
NSAS—State Bonds	4,800,000	6	do	var.		102	do do City Bonds.	122,000 118,000	7	Various.	'65 '75		1
do War Loan ISIANA—State Bonds (RR)	2,000,000 516,000	6	dd	1871 dem.			LOUISVILLE, Ky.—City Bonds		9	Jan. & July Various.	'77 '83 var.	****	-
do State Bonds (RR)	3,942,000	6		67 .69	65	70	do City Bonds		6	do	var.		1
do State Bonds for B'ks	532 000	6 Ma	r. & Sept.	'66 '67	94	96	MAYSVILLE, Cal.—City Bonds		6	May æ Nov. Jan. & July	1887	***	-
War Loan	4,800,000	6 Ja	n. & July	'80 '89	95%				8	June & Dec.			-
do State Bds.coupon.	8,171,902		Quarterly Quarterly		100		MILWAUKEE, Wis.—City, re-adj'd NEWARK, N. J.—City Bonds	219,000	6	Feb. & Aug Jan. & July	'70 '83		1
do State Bds inscribed (do State Bonds.coupon			Quarterly		100½ 100	101	do City Bonds NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—City Bds.	100,000 425,000	7 5	Jan. & July Apr. & Oct.	1873		1
SACHUSETTS—State Scrip, do State Scrip	1,200,00	5 Ju	n. & Dec.	'68 '74	9434		New London, Ct.—City Bonds	150,000	6	Jan. & July	67 '87		-
do Bounty F'd L'n	6,500,000 2,100,000	6 5 Ja	n. & July	'65 '80 '71 '78			New London, Ct.—City Bonds. NewPort, R. I.—City Bonds. New Haven, Ct.—City Bonds	150,000 200,000	6	Apr. & Oct. Jan. & July Apr. & Oct. Jan. & July	70 '81		1
do War Loan HIGAN—State Bonds	6,500,000 250,000	6 M	ar. & Sept. n. & July	1865	94%	103	NEW YORK CITY-Water Stock	3.000.200	5	May & Nov.	1870	87	1
do State Bonds	1,000,000	6	do	'73 '78			do do CrotonW'r S'k	900,000	5	Feb. & Aug	1890		1
do State Bonds	. 750.000	6	do	1878 1883	***	95	do do CrotonW'r S'k do do W'r S'k of '49	100,000 483,900	5	May & Nov.	1890		-
do War Loan	. 700,000 250,000	7 8	do	1866 1867	94		do do W'r S'k of 49 do do W'r S'k of '54 do do Bu.S'k No. 394	1,878,900 190,000	5	Apr. & Oct. May & Nov.	1875	87	-
souri-State Bonds	539,000	6	do	1883	7136	72	do do Fire Indem. S.	402,768	5	do	1868		
do State Bonds for RR do State Bonds (Pac. RR	7.000,000	6	do	'71 '89 '71 '87			do do Central P'k S. do do Central P'k S.	399,300	6	Jan. & July do	1898	98	
do State Bonds (H,&St.J do Revenue Bonds	3,000,000	6	do	'71 '85 1866	78		do do Central P'k S.	275,000 2,083,200	6	do	1898		
W HAMPSHIRE-State Bonds	535,100	6 Fe	do b. & Aug.			78	do do C.P.Imp. F. S.	1,966,000	6	Feb. & Aug May & Nov	. 1876		
do War Fund Bd do War Notes	2 500 000	6					do do Real Estate B. do do Croton W'r S.	1,800,000		do	1873 1883		
w JERSEY—State Scrip do War Loan Bonds.	95,000	6 Ja	n. & July do	var.			do do Fl.D't. F'd. S.	2,748,000	6	do	1878	95	-
w York	731,000	7	do	1870	100	98	do do Pb.B.Sk. No. 3 do do Docks&SlipsS	500,000	5	do	1866		
do	1,180,780 500,000	6	do	pleas. 1868			do do Pub. Edu. S'k. do do Tomp. M'ket S	154,000 102,000	6	Jan. & July	1873		
do General Fund	800,000	6	do	1878			do do Union Def. L.	895,570	6	May & Nov.	. 1864		
do do	909,607 442,961	5 M	do ay & Nov.	pleas. 1868			do do Vol.Fam.AidL	1,000,000		do	1867 1865		
do	900.000 800,000		n. & July		90	92	do do Vol.Fam.AidI NEWYORKC'NTY.—C't House S'k	2,500,000 1,400,000	5	do	'60 '73 '75-'89		
do Bounty Bonds do Comptroller's Bonds.		7 Ja	n. & July	1895			do do Sol.Sub.B.R.E	2,000,000	6	do	'73-'76		
do	1,544,225	6	Various.	var. 1865		1	do do Sol.S.&Rf.R.E do do Sol.B'ntyFd.E	4.998 000	6	do	'80-'81 '83 '90		
do	743,000 3,450,000	6	ly.	1866 1872			do do Riot Dam.R.E Philadelphia, Pa.—City Bds,old	1,442,100 552,700	6	Jan. & July	177-182		
do do	6,000,000	6	July	1873	9816	99	do CityBds.new	739 999	5	do	'65 '82		
do Canal Bonds	2,250,000 500,000		and	1874 1875	981/2	99	do City Bds, old do CityBds, new	2,232,800 7,898,717	6	do	'65 '99 '65 '99	913	
do do	900,000 195,000	6	ary	1876 1865			PITTSBURG, Pa.—City Bonds do Railroad Bonds.	1.009.700	6	do	var. 1913	72	
do	1,212,000	5	January	1866	1 ::::	::::	PORTLAND, Me.—City Bonds	907,000	6	Various.	'95 '83		
do do	236,000 4,500,000	5	3	1868 1871		90	do Railroad Bonds do Railroad Bonds	1,500,000		Apr. & Oct	. 1866 '68 '70	943	5
TH CAROLINA—State Bonds. O—Foreign Loan	9,129,585	6	n & Tel	var.	74		PROVIDENCE, R. I.—City Bonds Railroad B'ds	600,000	6	Mar. & Sept	. 1885		
Foreign Loan	1,015,000	5	n. & July do	1860 1865	7136	72	do Water Loan.	300,000	6	Jan. & July	1893		
Foreign Loan	379,866 2.183,532	6	do	1868 1870	96%		ROCHESTER, N. Y.—City Bonds do City Bonds	200,000 150,000		Various.	65 '82		
Foreign Loan	1,600,000	6	do	1875	9636		do Railroad	260,000	6	Jan. & July	'65 '76		
Foreign Loan	2,400,000	6	do	1881 1886	98	::::	SACRAMENTO, Cal.—City Bonds do County B'ds.	446.800	6	do	1884 1884		
Union Loan Bonds	679,213	6 M	ay & Nov.	'68-'71			St. Louis, Mo.—Municipal do Real Estate	1,464,000	6	do	165 188 165 190		
do State Stock	23,209,000	5	Various. do	var.	90	91	do Sewerage	425,000	6	do	179 '88		
do Military L'n Bd DE ISLAND—State (War) Bds	3,000,000	6 Fe	b. & Aug.	1871 71 '94	100	101 100	do Improaement	254,000 484,000	6	do	'71 '87 '71 '89	:::	
TH CAROLINA—State Stock do State Bonds.	1,708,000	6 Ja	n. & July	'68 '90		100	do Harbor	239,000	6	00	'65 '86		
NESSEE-State Bonds	1,310,000	6	do	1877 1868	58		do Wharvec do Pacific RR	163,000 457,000		do	67 '81		
do Railroad Bonds do Improvement Bond	12,799,000	6 .		var.	74	75	do O. & M. RR do Iron Mt. RR	429,900	6	do	72 '74		
RMONT-State Certificates	175,000	6		var.			SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—City Bonds.	285,000 1,352,600	10	May & Nov	'74 '77 1871		
do War Loan Bonds		6 Ja	n. & July do	1870	97		do City Fire B.	178,500	10	Jan. & July			ا
do Railroad Bonds		6	do	'83 '93 '85 '93	55	59	do C.&Co'tvB	1.133,500	6	do	1888	***	
do War Fund Bonds	1,200 000	6	do	'67 '68 '77 '88			do C.&Co'tyB.	960,000	7	Apr. & Oct Jan. & July	. 1888	***	
do War Fund Certif				'98-'98			do C.&Co'tyB	1,000,000					

MARKET.

Bid

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The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, September 1st.

The relapse which has overtaken the speculation in Breadstuffs and Cotton, has had but little influence adverse to the speculative spirit of the times. Checked in one direction it at once takes an other, and pursues it with great pertinacity, until the bubble bursts. Last week cotton and cotton goods, and breadstuffs, were the favorites; this week sugar, whisky, oils, and provisions have taken the lead. In another fortnight some other hobbies may be mounted, unless the admonition from the Treasury department, of a close money market, through reduced disbursements, shall be heeded.

Groceries have been firm. Coffee has been in good steady demand at full prices. Stock 90,000 bags and mats, against 178,000, same time last year. Teas have been fairly active, with a firm market for Oolongs, while Hysons, on late advices from China, are easier to buy. Molasses has been steady. The Stock this day is 9,930 hhds. Sugars have been very active at a further advance in prices. The sales for the week, are about 18,000 hhds and 17,000 boxes, of which 6,000 hhds and 8,000 bxs. in the past 48 hours, accompanied with &c. advance. The late advices for Havana are favorable to holders.

STOCKS	OF	SUG	AR.

	18	65	1864.
	Aug. 1.	Aug. 81.	Aug. 81
Hhds-All kinds	78,343	64 949	56,208
" Melado	2,001	1,776	589
Boxes	38,129	56,193	38,968
Bags	99.311	90,000	86,129

A good deal of interest centres in the market for provisions. with reference to the spread of the cattle disease abroad. During the past week several thousand barrels of beef have been taken for export, and there is a considerable speculative feeling in butter and cheese, with an upward tendency. If the painful apprehensions respecting the spread of the cattle disease in Europe, are even partially realized, the influence upon our markets for cured meats will be very decided. A large advance in pork and bacon has taken place in the Liverpool market, but prices are so high in this market that an export movement cannot as yet be looked for. The prospects of larger supplies and lower prices late in the fall are good,

Stock of pork and beef in packing yards, New York and Brook lyn, Sept. 1, 1865 :

	Total Old & New	Last Month.	This date Last ve'r
Pork-total	89,405	85,020	164,514
Beef-total	53,593	62,556	31,885

Petroleum has been very active for export. The late shipments from this market and from Philadelphia have been very great, and an unusually large number of vessels are now loading at the latter port. It appears that the financial part of the petroleum business is transacted in this city, and the greater portion of the goods are handled in Philadelphia.

The partial exhaustion of the stock of whisky (or high wines) has led to a speculative demand, and prices have been forced up several cents per gallon.

The stocks of all description of metals are light, and prices firm and advancing. Hides and leather have been active and firm. Naval stores have come forward freely, and close dull and drooping. The depredations of the Shenandoah have led to a further advance in whale and sperm oils, and whalebone. Shipments of these goods to Europe have for some time been quite limited; nevertheless stocks are small. Lard and lard oils have been so scarce and high that an unusually large proportion of fish oils have gone into our consumption, while our manufactories have been in active operation. Tallow has been advanced in sympathy with oils, &c.

The Tobacco market for August is thus reviewed in the circular of J. S. Gans :

KENTUCKY TOBACCO—The sales foot up nearly 4,000 hhds. at from 7 to 30c., mostly for shipping, our home trade buying very sparingly, excepting light-colored sweet Tobacco for fine cut, which is scarce and

repting light-colored sweet Tobacco for fine cut, which is scarce and very much in demand.

Since the commencement of the war a gradual deterioration in the general quality of Kentucky and Tennessee Tobacco has become manifest. The production of these two States, owing to various reasons heretofore alluded to, has been on a descending scale. The crop of the present year will probably be one of the smallest and poorest ever gathered—unpropitious weather during the summer season, and scarcity of labor cannot fail to bring about this result.

QUOTATIONS IN GOLD.

	Light.	Heavy.
Lugs	51c.@ 61c.	8 c@ 9 c.
Common Leaf	7 c.@ 8 c.	94c@11 c.
Medium Leaf	81c.@10 c.	114c.@15 c.
Good Leaf	101c.@121c.	151c.@161c.
Fine Leaf	13 с.@17 с.	161c@20 c.
Selections	18 с.@20 с.	201c.@28 c.

manufacturers:

QUOTATIONS.

New crop	Connecticut s	elected w	rapper lots	40	c.@18 c.
do	do p	rime wra	pper lots	35	c.@38 c.
do	do f	air wrapp	er lots	25	c.@30 c.
do				5	tc.@ 61c.
do	New York r	unning lot		10	c.@15 c.
do	Ohio			7	c.@15 c.
do	Pennsylvania	a do		. 8	c.@14 c.
Old crop	Pennsylvania	and Ohio	fillers(gold)	3	€c.@ 4 c.
do	do	do	(gold)		c.@ 71c.

Exportation of Seed Leaf from the 1st of January to the 31st of Au-

gust, 1865, 29,592 cases.

Havana fillers continue to be in moderate demand at prices ranging from 80c. to 90c.

Of Yara, 237 bales have been sold from 90c. to 95c.

In manufactured a fair business has been done.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF STOCKS OF SPANISH TOBACCO.

Stock on hand Aug. 1, 1865 Received since	Havana Bales 7,547 2,010	Cuba Bales	Yara Bales 237	Sagua Bales	C'nf'gs Bales 170
Total	9,557		237		170
Sales and re-shipments to August 31, 1865	2,000	••••	237		
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1865	7,557				170
" " " 1864	5,626	136	1,016		192
" " " 1863	3,540	387	1,577		

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF STOCKS IN THE NEW YORK TOBACCO INSPEC-TION WAREHOUSE.

Stock on band Aug. 1, 1865 Received since Total Delivered since	32,020	Hhds 884 1,010	Ohio Hhds 11 6		Total Hhds 24,841 9,108 33,949 6,157
Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1865			17	18	27,792
Stock Aug. 1st				11,042 3,444	
Total				14,486 2,828	
Stock in Brooklyn inspection tember 1st, 1865				11,658	
Total stock Same time 1864				39,450 27,493 48,347	3

Of Wool, for August, Messrs. Tellkampf & Kitching report :

Of Wool, for August, Messrs. Tellkampf & Kitching report:

During the month of August the Wool market was moderatively active. It was influenced by the various auction sales of Domestic and Foreign Wools. The private sales were lessened, however, but there wes no particular change in prices. Notwithstanding, full market rates, or nearly so, were paid for the desirable class of Mestizo; and, unexpectedly, high prices for old Ohio Fleece (which had been detained) the most of it was withdrawn, with the expectation of an improvement in the market. In Domestic Fleece a fair business was transacted during the past month, at a slight advance, leaving a moderate stock on hand. Pulled Wools met with a ready sale, and the supply of it continues light, with prices improving. California, Mexican and Texas Wools have been in good demand, at slightly improved rates. The stocks of them are very limited. Foreign Fine Wools have been sold pretty largely at last month's, and even better prices, leaving a greatly reduced stock on hand—the new arrivals not covering the actual sales. Foreign Medium Wools have remained neglected, even at prices much below the cost of importation under the present tariff. The stock is nearly unchanged, but considered very moderate. Foreign Low Wools, of all desirable kinds, have been in good request, and the supply of this description is light. The black, grey, and faulty wools are neglected at rates far below toos, and the stock is likewise moderate. From

the European Markets we are advised of an advance of prices in Gormany, some improvement in desirable Cape, Australian and Mestizo, the sales of which have been very large, East India and other Low Wools have also advanced, and prices rule very high; but little has been bought for our market.

The imports of Wool into New-York for 1884 were...... 115,800 bales, 52,729,038 lbs.

The imports of Wool into New-York for
the year 1864, were.....
The imports of Wool into New-York
from December 26th, 1864, to
July 24th, 1865, were....
The imports of Wool into New-York
for the month ending August
26th, 1865...... 34,718 " 19,599,739 lbs. 3,638 " 2.072.532 lbs

The receipts of domestic produce for the week, and since July 1 have been as follows:

RECEIPTS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JULY 1.

	This	Since		This	Since
	week.	July 1.		week.	July 1.
Ashes, pkgs	291		Tar	34	1,222
Breadstuffs-			Pitch	none.	162
Flour, bbls	51,787	539,080	Oil cake, pkgs	1,300	35,598
Wheat, bush	171,579	3,084,493	Oil lard	30	823
Oats	251,577	2,531,406	Petroleum	15,395	121,213
Corn	397,210		Peanuts, bags	1,081	6,769
Rye	34,725		Provisions-	-,	-,
Malt	43,588		Butter, pkgs	13,228	116,929
Barley	none.	9,974	Cheese	18,161	239,410
Grass seed	332	1,795	Eggs	3,586	31,080
Flaxseed	104	30,489	Pork	3,492	32,236
Beans	1,494	9,603	Cut meats	354	2,089
Peas	790		Beef, bbls	60	2,757
Corn meal, bbls	5,339	34,177	Sugar, hhds & bbls	332	5,009
Corn meal, bags	637		Molasses, hhds	393	2,878
Cotton, bales	22,536	154,434	Rice, bbls & tcs	none.	2,360
Copper, plates	45	1,094	Lard, pkgs	438	5,177
Copper, bbls	342	2,970	Lard, kegs	none.	537
Grease, pkgs	57	1,731	Dried fruit, pkgs	none.	25
Hemp, bales	85	428	Starch	2,037	33,013
Hides, No	2,491	65,644	Stearine	183	4,401
Hops, bales	37	682	Spelter, slabs	none.	2,396
Leather, sides	21,915	319,328	Tallow, pkgs	47	1,331
Lead, pigs	500	12,855	Tobacco	4,785	25,762
Naval Stores-			Tobacco, hhds	3,095	30,706
Crude turp, bbls	3,644	13,985	Whisky, bbls	399	8,751
Spirits turpentine	529	4,572	Wool, bales	5,805	49,428
Rosin	4,297	31,224			

We give below as a comparative statement the receipts of a few leading articles, per all routes, since Jan. 1, 1865, and for the same period last year:

	Same			Same
Since	time		Since	time
Jan. 1.	1864.		Jan. 1.	1864.
Cotton, bales 336,635		Spirits turp, bbls	9,517	5,632
Flour, bbls1,936,408			6,768	21,736
Corn meal, bbls 228,605		Rice, tierces	9,388	
Wheat, bush4,518,535	8,607,115	Ashes, pkgs	12,910	11,365
Corn, "6,632,035	4,397,035	Tobacco-domes. pkg	92,875	180,575
Rye, " 212,785	86,945	" foreign, bls	15,915	23,915
Darley, &c., bush 657,420	737,185	Tallow, pkgs	10,655	19,655
Oats, bush			71,825	114,160
Beef, tes and bbls 77,865		Hops, bales	14,215	29,245
Pork, bbls 184,795		Whisky, bbls	39,545	253,630
Bacon, etc., pkgs 93,195		Leather, sides1	,467,500	1,581,300
Lard, pkgs 86,960		Oil—sperm, bbls	24,871	44,554
Cheese, boxes, etc 331,495	331,715		60,506	55,880
Butter, firkins, etc 398,020			310,000	458,890
Resin, bbls 62,478		" lard, "	4,815	9,340
Crude turpentine, bbls 18,647	6,176	Whalebone, lbs	474,400	581,950

The imports of a few leading articles for the week and since Jan. 1, 1865, and for the same time last year, have been as follows:

	ror		Same		For		Same
	the	Since	time		the	Since	time
	week,	Jan. 1.	1864.		week.	Jan. 1.	1864.
Coal tons	20,287	191,495	97,499	Sugar hhds.			
Cotton bales	1,857	40,730	40,818	bbls & tcs	6,842	266,956	168,720
Coffee bags	33,757	454,733	571,530	Sugar boxes	.,	, , , , , ,	,
Hemp bales	1,591	71,442	54,527	and bags	8,146	261,311	164,434
Molasses hhds	2,166	113,522	95,847	Teaspkgs	1,835	315,701	555,761
				Wool bales	2,110	37,321	97,186

The exports from this port of some of the leading articles of domestic produce have been as follows:

			Same	*			Same
	Past	Since	time	1	Past	Since	time
	week.	Jan. 1.	1864.	1	week.	Jan. 1.	
Cotton, bales	4,435	49,965	24,602	Rosin bbls	1.118		
Flour . bbls	23,411	903,597	1,578,384	Spirits Tur-	-,		
Corn meal	2,797			pent'e.bbls		647	348
Wheat. bush	47,845	1,340,090	0,553,775	Tar	39	5,748	909
Corn	46,645	1,302,733	657,108	Ricetcs		25	
Rye		104,280		Tallowpkgs	822	128,118	261,572
Beef, tcs. &				Tobacco	2,031	107,717	93,453
bbls	553	67,878	68,100		133,401	2,455,524	3,219,763
Porkbbls	1,226	87,612	103,780	Oil-Sperm,			,,
Bacon, 100 lbs	888	268,714		gallons	730	60,712	1,060,565
Lard	1,887	175,383		Oil-Whale	118	11,922	
Cheese	26,998	278,282	286,078	Oil-Petrol	524,134	6,663,9901	12,373,849
Butter	2,417	74,115	75,577	Oil-Laid		28,972	425,499
Ashes-Pots,				Seed-Clover			
casks		6,774	5,696	bags		10,993	21,794
Ashes-Pearls		-,	-1	Staves M	149	9,494	11,194
casks		566	841	Oil Cake, 100		.,	,
Beeswax lbs	839	147,007	374,488		30,764	361,792	430,277
Hopsbales	100	12,007		Whaleb'e.lbs		183,305	403,888

EXPORTS

(EXCLUSIVE OF SPECIE) FROM THE PORT OF NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 29, 1865.

CRONSTADT.	
Quickstiver, fiks 300 Petroleum, galls 51,932 Roein, bbl 500	\$15,16 27,89 3,85
Total	\$46,90

	-	DANISH WEST IN			
Quan. Corn meal, pck216 Flour, bbls. 2,143 Pork, bbl 42 Corn meal, bbl148 Rye flour, bbl90 Potatoes, bbl90 Onious, bbl90 Pkl flash, bbl100 Beef, bbl 44 Hams, lbs 4,767 Butter, lbs 5,354 Starch, bxs 200 Lard, lbs 7,556	1,390 834 121 220 46 750 1,245	Quan- Cheese	314 631 675 450 64 83 40 297 1,143 50 80 374 35	Quan. Trunks, pkgs . 38 Bread, pkgs . 38 Tobacco, hhd . 1 Tobacco mfd .968 Drugs, pkg 45 Paper, cs 3 Tobacco, bales . 30 Hoop skirts, cs . 2 Oil clothing, cs . 1 Paint 377 Miscellaneous	764 185 375 1,400 74 350 451
Petro, gal51,195 Staves10,860 Tobacco, hhd30 Tonga beans, cs14 Segars, cs3 Ext dyew'd, cs.50	1,040 3,317 1,060 1,726	Seneca root, pkg12 Rosin, bbl350 Mfd tobac.109,650 Mfd iron, pkg9 Cotton, bales100 ANTWERP.	1,050 2,187 18,493 300 18,000	Furs, cks1 Crockery, cks1 Tobacco, cs674 Total	28,299
Petroleum, galls .				264,628	133,670
Cotton, bls .4,256 Wheat, bush 7,490 Corn, bush .40,224 Cheese, lb2,017,920 Butter, lbs175,642 Bacon, lbs .67,012 Petro, galls .23,960 Beeswax839 Hops, bales100	45,623 11,752 8,387 351	Beef, bbl 19 Cedar, logs 105 Tobacco, hhd .113 Cond milk, cs 50	475 1,500 225 1,396 247 2,000 38,000 1,600	Jewelry, cs	4,291 150 2,950 172 125
Tobacco, hhd 388 Lamp black, pk50 Oil cake 3,076,364 Staves, No. 6,400 Brandy, cks10 Tallow, lbs. 77,617 Oars349	1,000 69,902 324 4,467 975	Flour, bbl 2,605 Rosin, bbl 93 Illumi't'g oil2,200 Glue, bbl	18,798 1,508 1,600 804 2,500 2,800	Cartriages, bxs 17 Morn tips, cks23 Clocks, pkgs40 Cheese, lbs.14,263 Total	1,100 2,200 2,216
		BRISTOL,		36,200	19,000
Cotton, bales 79 Cheese, lbs652,148 Bacon, bbls 48 Beef, tcs 35 Leather, bls 17 Butter, lbs .44,000	1.060		1,453 1,800 1,211	Mfd tobac, lb7,809 Wheat, bush400 Miscellaneous Total\$	312
Wheat, bush		QUEENSTOWN		13,868	22,000
Wheat, bush			• • • •		23,000
		BELFAST.			
		GIBRALTER.			
		GIBRALTER.			
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs	······································	MALTA.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$20,370 \$22,120 613 250
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs	••••••	MALTA.			\$20,370 \$22,120 613 250
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs Total Flour, bbl6,677 Corn meal, bbli63 Bread, pkg 1 Lard, lbs B86 Beef, bbl50 Corn, bush30 Mrd iron, pkg48	BRIT 50,715 862 7 147 750 318 340	MALTA. ISH NORTH AMERIC. Mfd tobac lb14,974 D'd apples, bb1.12 Cheese, lbs348 Yellow metal .40 Tobacco, hhd10 Drurse, cs 12	AN COLO 4,990 215 50 216 1,567 298 165	120 100 3 3 NIES. Pork, bbl. 155 Wine, cks. 15 Cement, bbl. 100 D'd apples. 15 Liquors, hbd. 39 Miscellaneous	\$22,120 618 250 \$22,983 3,100 1,500 160 278 1,986 668
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs Total Flour, bbl6,677 Corn meal, bbli68 Bread, pkg	BRIT 50,715 862 7 147 750 318 340 600	MALTA. Mid tobac lbi4.974 D'd apples, bbl.12 Cheese, lbs. 348 Yellow metal .40 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Drugs, cs. 12 Clocks, cs. 6 Kerosene oil 2,400 BRITISH WEST IN	AN COLO 4,991 215 50 216 1,567 298 165 1,200 (DIES.	120 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	\$20,370 \$22,120 613 250 \$29,983 3,100 1,500 190 278 1,986 668 \$70,128
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs Total Total Total Total Torn meal, bbli63 Bread, pkg Lard, lbs 586 Beef, bbl 596 Beef, bbl 596 Corn, bush 599 Mfd iron, pkg 48 Lignum vitæ Furniture, cs Furniture, cs Furniture, cs Filour, bbls 4,506 Lard, Bs 12,392 Shoes, cs Sorn meal, bbls 2,130	BRIT 50,715 863 7 147 750 318 340 600 2,635 2,171 857 37,785 2,587 392	ISH NORTH AMERIC. Mfd tobac lbi4.974 D'd apples, bbl 12 Cheese, lbs. 348 Yellow metal. 40 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Turgs, cs. 12 Clocks, cs. 16 Kerosene oil 2,400 BRITISH WEST IN Beef, bbl. 173 Carriage 1 Bran, bags. 200 Cat, bush. 500 Oats, bush. 500	AN COLO 4,991 215 50 216 1,567 298 165 1,200 (DIES. 3,326 309 360 379 523 113 168	120 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	\$22,120 618 250 \$22,983 3,100 1,500 160 278 1,986 668
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs Total Flour, bbl6,677 Corn meal, bbl.83 Beef, bbl50 Corn, bush300 Mfd iron, pkg48 Lignum vitae40 Furniture, cs18 Hardware, cs45 Drugs, pkgs21 Flour, bbls4,506 Lard, Ds12,392 Shoes, cs3 Corn meal, bbls2,120 Corn, bush3,831 Dotatoes, bbls256 Corn, bush3,831 Dotatoes, bbls256 Lams, bbs256	8RIT 50,715 862 77 147 750 318 340 600 2,635 2,171 877 37,785 2,587 31,785 2,587 316,741 4,204 4,204 4,206 766 600	ISH NORTH AMERIC. Mfd tobac lb14,974 D'd apples, bb1.12 Cheese, ibs343 Yellow metal40 Tobacco, hdd10 Drugs, cs12 Clocks, cs6 Kerosene oil 2,400 BBITISH WEST II Bran, bags20 Cotte, cott	AN COLO 4,991 215 50 2167 1,567 1,85 1,200 (DIES. 3,826 3,826 3,826 3,826 3,826 3,826 3,826 4,101 1,68 8,4 8,4 8,4 8,4 8,4 8,4 8,4 8,4 8,4 8,	120 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	\$20,370 \$22,190 618 250 \$22,988 3,100 1,500 2,78 1,968 668 \$70,128 194 570,128 194 570,128
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs Total Flour, bbl 6,677 Corn meal. bbl163 Bread, pkg Lard, lbs Beef, bbl So Corn, bush Mrd iron, pkg Lignum vita Furniture, cs Furniture, cs Flour, bbls Flour, bbls Lignum vita Lignum vita Flour, bbls Lignum vita Lignum vit	BRIT 50,715 863 7 750 318 340 600 2,635 2,151 857 37,785 2,587 2,587 392 11,533 16,741 4,204 4,204 5,266 100 121 406	ISH NORTH AMERIC. Mfd tobac lbi4,974 D'd apples, bbl 12 Cheese, lbs. 348 Yellow metal. 40 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Turgs, cs. 12 Clocks, cs. 16 Kerosene oil 2,400 BRITISH WEST IN Beef, bbl. 173 Carriage 1 Bran, bags. 302 Lee, tons. 60 Oats, bush. 500 Oats, bush. 500 Tongnes, bbis. 18 Sugnet, bbls. 6 Preserves, cs. 13 Sugn, bbs. 6 Preserves, cs. 13 Sugn, bbs. 72 Linseed oil, galls. 194 Paint, pkgs. 72	AN COLO 4,991 215 50 1,567 298 165 1,200 CDIEs. 3,326 230 360 379 523 113 168 84 101 288 156 228 1,600	120	\$90,370 \$22,190 613 613 613 613 613 613 613 822,983 3,100 603 1,500 603 1,765 603 1,765 603 1,765 1,76
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs Total Flour, bbl6,677 Corn meal, bblle3 Bread, pkg. 1 Lard, lbs Beef, bbl50 Corn, bush300 Mfd iron, pkg48 Lignum vitæ40 Furniture, cs118 Hardware, cs45 Drugs, pkgs31 Flour, bbls4,506 Lard, ßs12,392 Bhoes, cs3 Corn meal, bbls4506 Lord, bbl4509 Lord, bbl4509 Lord, bbl4509 Lord, bbl4509 Lord, bbl4509 Lard, ßs35 Lignum vitæ40 Furniture, cs35 Lard, ßs35 Lard, ßs	BRIT 50,715 862 7 750 318 340 600 2,635 2,171 857 37,785 2,587 2,587 11,538 16,741 4,204 4,204 600 101	MALTA. Mid tobac lb14.974 D'd apples, bb1.12 Cheese, lbs. 348 Yellow metal. 40 Tobacco, hhd10 Drugs, cs12 Clocks, cs6 Kerosene oil 2,400 BRITISH WRST IN Beef, bb1173 Carriage. 11 Bran, bags. 206 Lee, tons60 Oats, bush. 500 Tongues, bbls. 3 Confectionery, bxs22 Ale, bbls6 Preserves, cs13 Sap, bxs72 Linseed oil, galls12 Mantifery, cs. 9 Manuff dwod, pkgs72 Machinery, cs. 9 Manuff dwod, pkgs87 Candles, bxs. 658 Tinware, cs20,000 Shingles20,000	AN COLO 4,991 215 50 1,567 1,985 1,567 1,200 DIES. 3,526 230 360 379 523 113 168 84 101 283 156 228 1,600 700 2,334 233 205 140	120 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	\$90,370 \$22,190 613 613 613 613 613 613 822,983 3,100 1,500 11,500 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Total Tobacco, hhd Rosin, bbl Books, cs Total Flour, bbl 6,677 Corn meal, bbl l63 Beef, bbl 1 Lard, lbs 858 Beef, bbl 50 Corn, bush 30 Mfd iron, pkg 48 Lignum vitae 40 Furniture, cs Furniture, cs 18 Hardware, cs 45 Drugs, pkg 12 Flour, bbls 4,506 Lard, Ds 12,392 Shoes, cs 3 Corn meal, bbls 12,902 Shoes, cs 3 Corn meal, bbls 19 Totatoes, bbls 25 Hams, lbs 19 Totatoes, bbls 25 Hams, lbs 19 Totatoes, bbls 25 Tyg gods, bals .1 Furniture, cs .11 Furniture, cs .11 Woodenware, pkgs 14 Woodenware, pkgs 14 Tay hales 90	2,635 2,171 314 600 2,635 2,171 37,785 2,587 37,785 2,587 392 211,533 16,741 4,204 4	ISH NOBTH AMERIC. Mfd tobac lbi4,974 D'd apples, bbl. 12 Cheese, lbs. 348 Yellow metal. 40 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Tobacco, hhd. 10 Drugs, cs. 12 Clocks, cs. 12 Clocks, cs. 16 Ckrosene oil 2,400 BRITISH WEST IN Beef, bbl. 173 Garriage . 1 Bran, bags. 206 Cat, tone. 60 Oats, bush. 50 Congues, bbis. 18 Sugar, bbls. 36 Preserves, cs. 13 Sugh, bxs. 72 Linsed oil, gals. 124 Paint, pkgs. 72 Linsed oil, gals. 124 Paint, pkgs. 37 Candles, bxs. 558 Sinware, cs. 38 Bricks. 20,000 BRITISH AUSTRA Carriages, pcs. 144 Books, cs. 41 Hardware, cs. 684 Machinery, cs. 664 Machinery, cs. 664 Machinery, cs. 67 Colosks, cs. 48 Colosks, cs. 52 Colosks, cs. 48 Lath. 1,000	AN COLO 4,991 215 50 216 1,567 298 165 1,200 IDHES. 3,326 399 360 379 523 113 168 84 101 288 1,600 700 2,334 205 140 LIA. 13,559 500 1,512 623	120	\$90,370 \$22,190 618 618 618 618 618 618 618 618 618 618
Total	BRIT 50,715 863 7 7 147 750 318 340 600 2,635 2,171 37.785 2,587 392 11,583 766 100 496 2,036 1,521 1,521 5,635 1,234 10,825 26,116 87,590 3,039 13,185 250 10,652	MALTA. Mid tobac lbi4.974 D'd apples, bbl .12 Cheese, lbs348 Yellow metal .40 Tobacco, hhd10 Drugs, cs12 Clocks, cs6 Kerosene oil 2,400 BRITISH WEST IN Beef, bbl173 Carriage1 Bran, bags. 206 Ice, tons60 Oats, bush500 Tongues, bbls3 Confectionery, bxs22 Ale, bbls6 Sugar, bbls3 Confectionery, bxs22 Ale, bbls6 Preserves, cs13 S-3ap, bxs72 Machinery, cs9 Manuf'd wood, pkgs37 Manuf'd wood, pkgs37 Candles, bxs658 Thware, cs20,000 Shingles .20,000 Shingles .20,000 Shingles .20,000 BRITISH AUSTRA Carriages, pcs. 144 Glassware BROOKS, cs1 Hardware, cs664 Machinery, cs6 Pumps, cks6 Fumps, cks6 Se Voodenware, pkgs804 Clocks, cs2 Lath1,000 MARSELLLES, Dyes, bxs866 Dyes, bxs866 Byes, byes, .866 Byes, byes, .866 Byes, byes, .866 Byes, byes, .866 Byes, bye	AN COLO 4,991 215 50 216 1,567 298 1,500 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	120	\$90,370 \$22,190 613 613 613 613 613 613 613 613 613 613

\$41,278

1,200 50 28,299 \$96,507 133,670

1,862 4,291 150 2,950 172 125

202,139

19,000

2,303 7,000 312 186,050 22,000 23,000 21,500

20,370 \$22,190 613 250 22,983

70,128

420 2,146 2,824

8,956

5,933

		CUBA.			
Quan	. Value.	Jewelry, cs1	Value.	Quan	Value.
Woodenware, pkgs 262	1,065	Match boxes,cs.1	169 3,165	Cement, bbls 60 Plaster, bbls 450 Potatoes,	1,025
pkgs12	7,094	Bacon, lbs. 18,200 Silver plate, cs4	12,000	bbls1,510 Furniture, bxs.48	3,500
Sew mach, cs35 Eggs, bbls83	1,977 1,300	Paper, cs1	3,000	Portable engine.1	2,296 954
Seeds, ICS	100	Drugs, pkgs78 Segars, cs1	1,002	Telegraph mat'ls, pkgs12	
Tobacco, cs33 Hoop skirts, cases3	9.175	Dry goods, cs 1	185	Carriages 10	1,352
Domestics, cs15	3,175 954	Ale, bbls10	70 170	Tuon tamba 44	443 425
Domestics, cs15 Hardware, cs17 Butter, lbs3,120	1,130	Machinery.	753	Harness, pkgs. 2 Tallow, fbs. 3,600 Rosin, bbls50 Falm oil, cks2 Bricks 2,000 Lumber, ft. 20,000 Miscellaneous	110 245
Clothing, Cs2	250 150	pkgs13 Clocks, bxs8 Corn, bush2,290	576 2,390	Rosin, bbls50	443 229
Books, cs2 Stationery, cs2	100	Rubber valves6	1,432	Bricks 2.000	100
Provisions,	150	Sarsaparilla.cs.36	3,636	Miscellaneous	550 1,097
pkgs43 Perfumery, bxs. 52	3,447	Stone, tons145	545 214	Total	
Lard, lbs 195,526	43,144	Cuttery bxs3	345		,110,000
Daniel moure		PORTO RICO Cheese, lbs4,000	500	Lamps, cks4	055
Perfumery, pkgs275	1,375	Ice, tons40	150	Hardware, cs8	48
Corn meal.		Furniture, cs26	1,475	Sew mach, cs18	1,020
bbls150 Onions, bbls100	800 400	Silverware, cs1	92	Miscellaneous	371
Petatoes, bbls.270	800	galls 300	203	Total	\$11,032
Rum. bbls		CONSTANTINO		962	\$12,000
Alcohol, bbls		•••••			6,000
Total					\$18,000
	* 4 004	HAYTI.			
Codfish, qtls206 Pkld fish, bbls.235	1,324 2,070	Cheese, lbs 675 Tobacco, bals . 122	2,415	Matches, cs5 Rice, bags150	150 1,923
	8,793 948	Bread, pkgs126 Woodenware,	280	Rice, bags 150 Cheese, lbs . 1,654 Coal oil, gals 500	265 315
Hams, ibs 3,794 Lard, lbs 9,750 Beef, bbls	2,408	pkgs40 Flour, bbls1,493	135	Hardware, cs7	336
Sugar, DAS OU	1,807	Lumber,ft8,000	12,162 236	Miscellaneous	722
Furniture, cs80 Soap, bxs1,800	885 2,625	Lumber,ft8,000 Butter, lbs2,571 Nails, kegs19	694 109	Total	\$41,130
20-17		MEXICO.			
Mf iron, pkgs33 Wheels and axles,	387	Machinery, cs43	3,759	Bread, pkgs. 1,117 Vinegar bbls 96	5,786 481
pairs2 Gold leaf, bxs .1	100	Drugs, pkgs91 Carriages, pcs56 Flour, bbls570	3,600 7,799	Vinegar, bbls 26 Wine, pkgs 6 Paper, bales 62	167
Whale oil, gls.118	220 157	Tobacco, bls. 233 Corn, bush. 3,500	6,830 5,316	Fire crackers,	
Domestics, pcs 10 Oars, No144	660 225	Corn, bush3,500 Hams, lbs3,481	3,304	pkgs18 Perfumery, cs.225	540 839
Fire crackers,	740	Butter, 10s1,348	397 547	Cinnamon, rls .10	691
bxs 200 Sew mach, cs2	145	Glassware, cs15 Books, cs2	177	Bone black, hhd.1 Gin, bxs50	998 234
Sew mach, cs2 Lumber, ft.23,000 Oandles, bxs95 Cheese, lbs282	575 530	Dry goods, cs40 Whisky, bbls2	15,179 421	Gin, bxs50 Tin plate, bxs. 30 Lead, pigs100	399 630
Cheese, lbs282	48 1,040	Clothing, cs51 Crockery, cks1	17,339 104		919
Soap, bxs100 Furniture, cs160	11,852	Soda fountain1	175	Paint, pkgs52 Tar, bbls39	630 374
	1,223	Potatoes, bbls60 Onions, bbls53	157 165	Boards, pcs1,700 Pumps, bxs2 Fancy goods, cs.1 Miscellaneous	679 103
pkgs179 Trunks, pkgs.130 Starch, bxs50 Coal oil, gls.2,236	1,223 1,157 225	Harness, cs6	1,066 313	Fancy goods, cs.1	116 1,408
Coal oil, gls.2,236	1,377	Preserves, cs32 Condensed milk,			
Hardware, cs 37	1,396	CS3 NEW GRENAD	100	Total	105,275
Flour, bbls620 Soap, bxs400	6,279	Rice, bags50	661	Coal oil, galls. 797	523
Soap, bxs400 Oakum, bales40	1,179 190	Butter, fbs325 Furniture, cs3	151 176	Soap, bxs400 Seed, bxs21	626 310
Oakum, bales40 India rubber	350	Powder, kegs20	130 1,640	Sew'g mach, cs.3 Hoop skirts, cs1	245
goods, cs	3,611	Lard, fbs5,500 Sugar, bbls15	1,608	Machinery, pkg24	183 354
Stationery, cs18	1,336 205	Candles, bxs125 Perfumery, cs35	388 282	Machinery, pkg24 Hardware, cs. 26 Shot, kegs 3	930 118
Sperm oil, gls .50	108 424	Copper, sheets3 Hams, lbs676	226 189	Clothing, cs1 Miscellaneous	193 2,391
Tallow, lbs1,000	130	India rubber		-	
Jewelry, cs 1	120	snoes, cs1	162	Total	\$25,418
Tombstone1	188	Drugs, pkgs 398	5,238	Candles, bxs110	432
Tombstone 1 Flour. bbls 747 Beef, bbls 40 Lard, lbs 17,100 Particle The	7,266 450	Drugs, pkgs 398 Rye flour, bbls120	672 679	Photograph mate-	150
Lard, lbs17,100	5,054	Oars70 Glassware, cs. 19	359	rials, cs2 Hams, lbs1,728	386
Butter, ibs2,787 Sew'g mach, cs.8 Sugar mills3	982 359	Clothing, cs1 Oil cloth, cs1	50 107		335
Flour, bags65	2,210 470	Books, cs4 Hardware, cs. 37	282 868	Bread, pkgs10 Coal oil, gls.1.994	70 1,206
Furniture cs 30	220 813	Printing materials.	547	pkgs	571
Machinery, pcs. 7	1,165	pkgs5 Potatoes, bbls 190	465	Miscellaneous.	360 823
Machinery, pcs. 7 Mf copper, cs1 Lamps, pgks11	105 292	Soap, bxs2,350 Perfumery, bxs 75	4,462	Total	\$37.903
1		BRAZIL.			,
Flour, bbls3,910 Candles, bxs120	39,889	Paper, rms 500 Drugs pkgs 66	200 1,246	Perfumery, bxs 50 Shooks942	138
Coal oil, gls 7,214	1,623 4,790	Drugs, pkgs . 66 Clocks, bxs 40 Tacks, bxs 40	565	Gunny bags,	482
Irons, cs60	790	Hardware, cs30	1,002	bales 4 Lumber, ft.10,160	560 264
Matches, cs20 Bread, pkgs100	352 132		2,348 88	Daguerreotype materials, cs1	99
Furniture, cs., 45	570	Trucks	33	Blocks, pkgs 3	275
Tea, pkgs60 Woodenware,	1,055	muia rub comos,	106	Miscellaneous	191
pkgs80	180	bxs12	1,191	Total	\$59,957
Lumber,		Trucks pkgs 5	BLIC. 206	Printing material	
feet 554,965	11,460	Trucks, pkgs5 Wick, bales1	100	Printing material, pkgs10 Wheels and axles,	167
Perfumery, bxs163	4,314 2,703	Woodenware,	896	pkgs13	106
galls 13,000	8,140	pkgs 195 Sand paper, cs5 Machinery oil,	260	Carriages2	375 501
Sewing machines,		cases5	100	Ciocks, bxs17 Mf iron, pkgs26 Hops, bales4	451
Trunks, pkgs31	3,353 434	Furniture, cs. 167 Hardware, cs. 165	$\frac{1,052}{4,172}$	Hops, bales4 Miscellaneous	464 36
Trunks, pkgs31 Lamps, pkgs23 Agricultural im-	1,028	Varnish, bxs. 40 Nails, kegs100	1,974	Total	
plem'ts,pkgs.12	485	Fancy goods, cs.5	245	2000	, 110
Coal tons		CHINA.		Market Folgati	
coal, tons		······· · ······		741	\$6,000
Grand total		Str. Office of the	100		919.607

Grand total.....\$2,919,607

IMPORTS

(OTHER THAN DRY GOODS AND SPECIE) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 25, 1865.

[The quantity	y is give			therwise specified.	
	Value.	Quan.	Value.	Quan.	Value.
China, Glass, & E'v	vare-	Instruments-		Woods-	
Bettles	\$251	Mathematical1	626		150
China83	3,742	Musical11	1,340		1,540
Earthenw'e.1577	46,042	Optical 1	364	Miscellaneous-	
Glass1,002	3,919	Jewelry, &c		Alabastor orna-	
Glassware42	807	Jewelry11	42,015	ments45	755
Glass plate37	4,575	Watches17	21,166	Baskets	2,718
Drugs, &c.—	-	Leather, Hides, &c.	_	Bricks	205
Acids42	8,362	Bristles46	10,317	Boxes	361
Ammonia, sal. 30	2,395	Hides.dress'd.50	19,259	Buttons57	15,633
Argols15	2,662	Hides, undressed	103,303	Building stones.	591
Bark, Peruv'n.55	1,084	Leather3	560	Burr stones	888
Bl. powder200	2,979	do patent.1	891	Clay	822
Brimstone,		Liquors, Wines, &	c.—	Candles1,000	6,200
tons420	10,434	Ale190	1.838	Cigars	8,512
Camphor72	2,091	Brandy 3	282	Coal, tons 20,627	50,118
Carmine1	1,043		1,053		2,896
Chalk18	331	Gin25	694		
Cream Tartar.61	14,260		526		162,944
Cochineal365	40,956	Whisky16	1,370		580
Gums, crude .209	5,869		37,843		8,419
Gum arabic 429	19,570		011010	Coffee,	
Gum copavi20	875		143		600.851
Aniline colors.8		Metals, &c		Fancy goods	48,431
Annato	1,375	Chains & anch-		Flax1,111	36,211
Ext. safflower.9	1,089	ors156	10,156	Hair23	6,809
Indigo190	27,680		25,992		1.036
Lic paste356	10,548		4,328		57,225
Lic. root999	1,967	Hardware92	14,198	Honey 2	102
Madder270	41,883			India rubber . 860	19,606
Magnesia20	186		2,069		891
Nitrate potash	18,514	Iron, pig, tns. 200	2,807	Marble and maf.	4,786
Nut galls22	1,925	Iron, railroad	ajou.	Molasses2,166	50,469
Oil, ess17	1,520	bars8,001	51,258		5,697
Oil, olive924	5,067	Iron, sheet,	01,000	Plaster	946
Paints	10,078		5.492		845
Potash, hyd40	1,174	Iron, other,	0.100	Pipes	2,405
Sulph zinc18	1,371	tons352	19,242	Rags1,535	48,356
Tong beans55	6,511	Iron tubes480	1,385		31,241
Turmeric89	2,784	Lead, pigs. 5,128	26,801		3,341
Vanilla beans1	271	Metal goods4	822		6,885
Shellac10	297	Needles8	5,781	Statuary	2,435
Soda, caustic77	1,417	Nickel2	1,114	Seeds	2,143
Soda, bicarb. 6489	17,399	Old metal	6,620	Soap 550	1,055
Soda, sal1309	7,318	Steel2,748	36,639		1,000
Soda, ash697	20,358	Saddlery1	110	and bbls . 6,842	260 280
	1,184	Tin, bxs24,069			
Sponges20	4,515	Tin, (slabs 356,)	141,000	Sugar, boxes and bags8,146	159 497
Other	4,515		3,622	Too 1 295	48,644
Furs, &c.—	603	lbs19,000	7,822		
Felting25		Wire984	1,022	Toys278	9,917
Furs36	10, 199	Spices—	8,325	Tobacco113	3,955
Fruits, &c.—	9 00*	Cassia			14,952
Lemons	3,827	Mustard	1,471	Wool, bales . 2,110	
Nuts	28,112	Stationery, &c	W 074	Other	1,645
Plums	2,577	Books 51	7,251	Motel 40	004 101
Raisins	31,930		1,374		121,200,
Sauces and pre-	0.400	Paper 31	2,650		
serves	0,498	Other2	256		

Messrs. Baring Bros. London Circular of the 19th reports:

Messrs. Baring Bros. London Circular of the 19th reports:

Cochineal steady. 226 bags sold; Teneriffe blacks 3s 5d a 3s 6d.

Honduras silvers 3s 1d a 3s 6d.

Cocoa quieter. 900 bags Trinidad mostly sold from 66s 6d a 94s 6d for low greyish to fine red, with superior red at 113s. 260 bags Grenada partly realized from 55s a 56s for good quality.

Coffee With many arrivals holders of Ceylon were obliged to submit to a decline of 1s a 1s 6d to place the whole that was offered. The sales have comprised 1,198 casks, 13 tcs, 131 bbls and 289 bags Plantation Ceylon at 75s a 76s for fine ord, 78s a 79s 6d for fine fine ord to low mid, and 80s a 84s 6d for mid to good mid. 1,098 bags native sold at 63s 6d a 64s for small, 66s a 67s 6d for good ord, and 69s for fine; 326 bags Madras brought 76s a 77s for fine fine ord, and 82s a 83s for good; 700 bags and 155 pockets Cochin partly sold at 74s 6d a 75s 6d 5,089 bags Costo Rica realized 71s a 71s 6d for good ord, 72s 6d a 77s for fine ord to fine fine ord, and 78s a 83 for low mid to mid colory; 112 bags Guatemala brought 78s.

5.089 bags Costo Rica realized 71s a 71s &d for good ord, 72s &d a 77s for fine ord to fine fine ord, and 78s a 83 for low mid to mid colory; 112 bags Guatemala brought 73s.

COPPER quiet. Tough cake and tile £86, best selected £89, sheathing £91, Y. M. sheathing 8½d.

COND—The weather has been still somewhat unsettled, and the prices of last week for English Wheat have been fully maintained. Foreign has been in good demand at stiffer prices. Afloat Berdianski Wheat have been sold at 41s, and fine Taganrog Ghirka at 40s &d, c. f. &i. Average price of English Wheat for the week ending 12th inst., was 42s on 53,311 qrs returned. We quote white American Wheat 44s a 46s; Winter Red 44s a 46d; Spring 43s a 45 per qr; American Flour 23s a 26s per bbl.

SPELTER dull at £22 2s &d.

HEMP—Manilla is in increased demand; 1,300 bales changed hands on the spot, common to fair bringing £33 a £34, fair current to good Sorsogan £34 a £36.

JUTE—Of 4,660 bales at auction only about half found buyers at £11 a £21 10s for common to good, with rejections from £9 5s a £10 5s.

Of 1,750 bales cuttings 300 bales sold at £5 15s.

IRON—Welsh quiet; Rails & Bars £7 f. o. b. in Wales. Scotch Pigs 54s 6d cash for mixed Nos, on Clyde.

LINSEED—Import for the week 17,678 qrs. all from the East Indies. The market remains pretty steady on the spot, ord Calcutta commands 56s, and Mirzapore 57s; Bombay has been sold at 58s. A little Calcutta afloat to London has been sold at 57s 9d sound bags, and about 1,200 tons to Hull direct at 58s 6d. For Black Sea 58s is the nearest-value. Imports since 1st January 357,018 qrs against 319,584 qrs last year.

NAYAL STORES—French Spirits Turpentine have receded to 45s on the

year.

NAVAL STORES—French Spirits Turpentine have receded to 45s on the spot. Petroleum: American Oil, from its scarcity, has advanced to 2s 8d; for forward delivery there are strong buyers at 2s 5d.

Oils—Fish: Sperm has advanced, a few hundred tons having changed from 90l up to 95l; pale Southern 44l; pale Seal 39l a 40l; Cod 47l; East India 32l. Linseed is dull at 31s 9d a 32s. Rape very

firm; of foreign brown there are buyers at 44l 10s; refined is in request at 46l 10s a 47l. Olive: a fair business has been transacted in Mogadore at 40l 16s; two cargoes Malaga have been sold at 52l, c. f. & i. to Cronstadt, Gallipoli is held for 54l. Cocoa Nut: fine Cochin is in demand, and 45s cash has been paid for 80 tons, Ceylon quiet at 43s. Palm is firm at 37s.

Palm is firm at \$78.

RICE—The market generally is firm. 15,000 bags have been sold at 9s 1½d a 9s 3d for low Rangoon, 9s 9d a 10s for good, and 11s 6d for fine new, and 10s 3d for good Necranzie. Five floating cargoes have changed hands, viz., 1,450 tons Necranzie Arracan at 10s 6d, 1,300 tons ditto at 10s 4½d, 1,200 tons ditto at 10s 3d, all for near Continental ports, \$60 tons ditto at 10s 7½d for Havre, and 990 tons Rangoon respected at 11s 6d for the general ports. ports, 360 tons ditto at 10s 7½d for Havre, and 990 tons Rangoon reported at 11s 6d for this country.

RUM—25 puns pale Leewards have sold at 1s 7½d a 1s 8d, and 90 puns Demerara at 1s 9d a 1s 10d.

Rum—25 puns pale Leewards have sold at 1s 7½d a 1s 8d, and 90 puns Demerara at 1s 9d a 1s 10d.

Saltpeter is very dull.

Spices—Black Pepper: market quiet; 3,000 bags Penang were mostly realized from 2½d a 3d, with 120 bags Singepore from 8d a 3½d. White—180 bags Singapore found buyers from 5½d a 5½d. 30 cases Nutmegs brought from 1s a 1s 6d for small to mid, with fine at 3s 5d. 20 cases Mace brought 1s for ord. 400 bags Pimento were partly disposed of from 2½d a 2½d for mid to good. Ginger—450 barrels Jamaica realized from 64s a 73s for ord to good ord. 90 cases Cochin went from 70s a 80s for mid to good, with fine at 90s.

Sucar.—Little has been brought forward on the spot during the week, but previous prices have been barely supported. Of British West India 3,730 hhds have been sold. 667 bags Bengal were mostly realised at 26s 6d@28 for mid brown to low yellow dry Date, and 31s for low yellow Gurpattab Date. 196 bags Penang sold at 32s@33s for low to mid yellow. 322 bags Native Madras sold at 26s 6d@28s for mid brown to low yellow. Privately 500 bags Natal have been sold at 80s. Of Foreign there have been no sales on the spot. Several floating cargoes have been landed, but the following five have changed hands: four Havana, 2,724 boxes No. 12½ at 24s 9d, 2,801 boxes No. 12½ at 25s, 1,101 boxes No. 11 at 24s 3d. 2,262 boxes No. 10 at 23s 9d, all fully insured for U. K.; one Cuba Muscovado, 218 hhds 108 boxes at 22s landing weights and for U. K.

Molasses.—90 puns St. Kitt's have been sold at 14s 6d.

Tea.—5,700 pkgs sold at public auxion this week; Common green at rather lower prices, but no change in other sorts. There has been rather tather lower prices, but no change in other sorts. There has been rather

TEA.—90 puns St. Aitts have been soid at 14s bd.

TEA.—910 puns St. Aitts have been soid at 14s bd.

TEA.—910 puns soid at public auxion this week; Common green at rather lower prices, but no change in other sorts. There has been rather more demand the last few days, although the amount of business continues very limited. Fine uncolored Japans in demand for export. Good Common Congou 11½d@ls ½d per lb.

There has been great activity in cotton goods, and considerable speculative feeling in the raw material, on the theory of an immediate falling off in the receipts, but under the large quantity that is actually coming forward, accumulating stocks and limited export demand, prices steadily yielded, and showed a decline on Thursday of fully two cents per pound. Speculative confidence is not so strong, and yet holders do not press stocks, and there are really but limited offerings on the market; it is about as difficult to buy as to sell at the prices quoted.

Opinions respecting the stock of old cotton on hand, as well as of the yield of the crop for the current year, continue to cover a wide range of estimates, varying from a million to two and a half millions of bales of the old crop, and from half a million to one and a quarter millions of the new crop. The deliveries at the ports during August were fully up to the estimate of the Treasury Department, viz., 200,000 bales, a circumstance that serves to strengthen confidence in the previous estimates of 2,200,000 bales of old cotton, and 1,200,000 bales of the new crop. We have as yet received very little cotton from Texas, where the largest supplies of old cotton were reported to be.

To-day, with a number of spinners in market, and very limited offerings of good cotton, a portion of the decline was recovered, and the market ruled firm but quiet. Sales for the week, 13,000 bales.

Upland. Florida. Mobile. & Tex.

The following are closing quotations:

Ordinary, per lb.....

Good Ordinary		36	- 3	7	37	87
Middling		43	4	1	44	44
Good Middling		47	4	8	48	48
Middling fair	,	49	4	9	50	50
Receipts of cotton at t	his mark	et for	the pas	st week	have	been
as follows:						
1 From	Bales.					Bales.
New Orleans	8,016	Wilmin	gton			322
Mobile	2,840	Newber	ne			682
Jacksonville	512	Norfolk	. &c			216
Apalachicola	1,580	Camber	& An	aboy R.	R.	2,169
Savannah	2,953	Erie R.	R			1,692
Charleston		Foreign				1,857
Georgetown, S. C		Miscella				926
					_	

Total receipts for the week. 24,398
Bince July 1. 187,008

Export for last week were as follows:	
To Liverpool	Bales. 4,335
HavreBremen	100
Total exports for the week	4,485 24,589
Same time last year	2,989

It will be observed that more than one half of the receipts are from ports other than New Orleans and Mobile, and that no other record is made of the cotton not received at those ports.

Late Mobile dates quote middling 36c a 37c, with liberal receipts; freights to Europe, 1d a 11d.

STATEMENT OF COTTON AT MOBILE FOR THE WEEK END	ING AUG. 18	, 1865.
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1864	8,502 62,625	18,000
		71,127
Total		89,127
Exported this week	4,366 34,066	
Burned and destroyed by explosion	11,385	50,717

Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared Aug. 18, 1865.. Private telegrams from Augusta, Montgomery, Macon, and other Southern interior ports, report increased receipts and declining prices-details are very imperfectly received.

The latest telegrams from New Orleans quote middling at 42 a 43c. The last stock report is 90,000 bales. Mail dates to the morning of the 24th report :

"The morning in commercial circles opens under some languor and lassitude. The heat of the weather continues, and has its influence on out-of-door movements. The receipts of cotton keep the stock well up in the figures. We make the position of the stock this morning in warehouses and on shipboard as follows:

Stock yesterday morning, 23d	84,447 4,480
Exported yesterday for Boston	88,927 598
Estimated stock on hand this morning	88.829

The receipts for four days past, up to last evening, were as follows: The 20th, 2,243 bales; 21st, 3,789; 22d, 4,227; 23d, 4,480; Jackson Railroad, 615 bales. Total, 15,352 bales. The sales as reported do not cover these receipts."

Liverpool dates to the 19th report:

"The market has been dull and heavy throughout the week, and prices of all descriptions show a decline upon the quotations of last week, This is in a great measure owing to the unsually large imports, especially of East India; the unsettled state of the weather has also had an unfavorable influence."

cover a	had an unfavorable	influ	ence."						
a half			Q	UOTATION	B.				
one and		Unl	ands.	Texa	a.a.	Orle	ans		ea ands.
	Ordinary	154		151	16	161	17	30	_
he ports	Good ordinary	164		161	174	174	18	-	_
ury De-	Low Middling	18		18	-	181	184	_	_
tiength-	Middling	181	-	181	_	184	-	34	_
s of old	Good Middling	19	_	19	-	-	-	-	-
	Middling Fair		-	_	-	-	-	-	-
yet re-	Fair	_	_	_		_		+2	-
plies of				SALES.					
•				Specula-	Total	al .	Total	Same	time
	Trade.	E	xport.	tion	this w		his Year.		
limited	American 3190		1390	120	470	00	195250	10	3910
covered,	East Indian . 16180	1	8190	2300	2667	10	901940	88	2320
13,000	Brazilian 1780		8620	120	555	20	219300	15	6740
10,000	Egyptian 5330		280	570	618	30	319440	24	9510
	Other Sorts. 5590		720	330	66	40	291230	* 31	0780
N.O.	fotal 32070	1	4200	3440	497	10 1	927160	179	3260
& Tex.	1000011111	-		IMPORTS.					
33					This W	Took	This Yea	- 1	864.
87	American					179	165552		6970
44	East Indian				117		629382		6207
48	Brazilian					099	212064	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7479
50	Egyptian					101	282198		4704
ve been	Other Sorts					140	190550		3773
	Total				142	000	1479746	190	9126
Bales.	10tal	••••	• • • • • •		142	000			
322					STOCKS			ON AT 8	
682			1.1.	This D		864.	This Y		1864.
216	American					2850	04000		4000
2,169	East Indian					8320	34800		culs.
1,692	Brazilian					7170)	Picul		
1,857	Egyptian					0350	1200		0000
926	Other Sorts	••••	****	. 5239	0 8	9220)	• • • •	• ••	••••
04.000	Total			47059	0 82	7910			
24,398	On the 19th the	Liv	ernool	market	was fi	rmer s	and activ	rei ini	aba-

On the 19th the Liverpool market was firmer and active, preba-28,178 | bly owing to the diminished quantity at sea.

Bales.

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Importations and Stocks of Cotton on hand the 31st day of July 1864 and 1865, at the ports named, were as follows:

	Im	ports	Stocks		
	1864	1865	1864	1865	
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales	
Hamburg	83,000	90,061	1,500	5,000	
Bremen	19,667	29,236	1,127	656	
Amsterdam	8,879	11,153	4,636	6,677	
Rotterdam	19,200	20,010	,500	2,450	
Antwerp	6,164	14,186			
Havre	170,250	153,851	61,225	38,255	
Bordeaux	4,660		698		
Marseilles	129,512	42,486	11,319		
Genca	9,325	12,440	325	1,375	
Leghorn,	12,000				
Trieste	22,098	25,967	602	2,183	
Great Britain	1,556,333	1,343,964	357,942	399,279	
Totals	2,041,088	1,743,354	443,874	451,375	

BREADSTUFFS.

The active speculation which we have had to notice for two weeks past, culminated on Monday. The intelligence then received of improving weather and declining prices in England, stopped the speculative demand, and led to a general effort to realize, under which shipping Flours have declined nearly a dollar a barrel, and spring Wheat has declined in this market ten cents per bushel, and in the Western markets fifteen cents per bushel. The downward movement has been greatly accelerated by the fact, now apparent, that we shall have a considerable surplus for export, (the receipts at Western markets having vastly increased,) and the additional circumstance that prices had been forced up, by speculative purchasers, far above the shipping point, as now existing, or likely to be reached. At current rates of exchange and freights, Amber Spring Wheat can be shipped freely at \$1 50 a \$1 52 per bushel, and extra State Flour at \$6 75 per bbl., but should any consideraable advance in freights or decline in Exchange take place, further concessions must be made.

As to our crop, the best information we can obtain may be summed up in the statement that, south of 40 deg. latitude, the Wheat crop is one quarter below the average; the Corn crop one quarter above the average; north of 40 deg. latitude the Wheat crop is one quarter above the average, while the Corn crop is not likely to do as well as usual. The unerring indications of a very early fall expose the Corn crop in the North to dangers from frost. The Oat crop is very heavy, and of other coarse grains there is a satisfactory yield.

With respect to the foreign markets, a comparison of reports from various points, indicates an average advance throughout Europe of about 10 per cent over last year-an advance that will permit large shipments from this port if our market is not disturbed by speculation. The quantity of wheat now on the way to tide water on the Erie Canal is only about 400,000 bushels, but of corn it amounts to nearly 2,000,000 bushels. There is at present some danger of an advance of freights, both from and to this market-a circumstance calculated to still further depress prices here and at the West. The supply of winter wheat is rapidly increasing, and the danger of scarcity and extreme prices is passing away.

To day's markets opened firm, but closed heavy, without improvement, mainly owing to an advance in ocean freights.

The following are the closing quotations:

Flour,	Superfine State and Westernper bbl.	\$6	70	@	87	25
do	Extra State		30			
do	Shipping Roundhoop Ohio		50			
do	Extra Western, common to good		40			85
do	Double Extra Western and St. Louis		50			50
do	Southern, supers		00			15
do	Southern, fancy and extra		25		13	
do	Canada, common to choice extra		40			75
do	Rye Flour, fine and superfine	5	50	-	6	
do	Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine	5	00		5	
Whea	t, Chicago Springper bushel	1	50		1	55
do	Milwaukee Club	1	50	@	1	54
do	Red Winter	1	95	@	2	10
do	Amber Michigan, &c	2	15	@	2	
Corn,	Western Mixed	-	86	@	-	92
do	Western White			@		
do	Western Yellow			@		93
do	Southern Yellow			@		
do	Southern White			@		
Rye.	Western		97		1	00
do	North River	1	10			12
Oats,	Western	10	56	@	-20	67
do	State			~		56
do	Canada			0		

Barley Malt.	1	25	@	1	50
Barley Malt	1	50	@	1	70

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS .- The following will show the weekly receipts of Flour and Grain at the places indicated for the week ending August 26:

	Flour,	Wheat, bushels.	Corn, bushels,	Oats, bushels.	Barley, bushels.	Rye, bushels.
Chicago	26,816	105,200	1,420,098	461,807	20,320	33,499
Milwaukee	6,489	182,795	3,359	14,700	4,518	8,233
Toledo	23,827	143,276	64,333	45,938	388	1,096
Detroit		80,127		8,104	169	19
Cleveland		59,803		24,188	800	1,050
Totals	69,642	521,201	1,514,233	549,737	26,195	38,897
Previous week.		525,432	818.127	815.842	31.645	17.677

EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN .- The following will show the shipments of Flour and Grain from the ports of Chicago, Milwaukee and Toledo for the week ending August 26, and

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bushels.	Corn, bushels.	Oats, bushels.	Barley. bushels.	Rye, bushels
To Buffalo	15,102	210,200	700,113	124,130		12,300
Oswego		114,420		15,000		
Pt. Colb'e		88,699	111,075			
Ogdensburgh.	2,299	5,000	25,000	17,600		
Dunkirk	10,419		810			
Cleveland		18,000				
Sarnia	3,297		795			
Other ports		3,300	1.850	495		
By Railroad	8,843	15,707	1,835	4,424	857	2,069
Totals	40,447	455,326	840,683	161,949	857	14,869
Previous week	39,387	281,974	666,509	155,418	35	8,677

BREADSTUFFS AT CHICAGO.—The following tables show the receipts of leading articles of produce during the past week and since Jan. 1, compared with the receipts during the corresponding week in 1864:

	Week. 1865.	Week. 1864.	Season. 1865.	Season. 1864.
Flour	26,816	20,582	528,226	762,435
Wheat	105,200	312,439	3,991,819	7,183,077
Corn	1,420,098	287,842	13,394,892	10,656,333
Oats	461,807	714,949	4,182,516	5,619,296
Rye	33,499	77,978	268,946	360,005
Barley	21,320	72.409	221,720	241,083

The following table shows the shipment of leading articles of produce during the week, and since Jan. 1, compared with the corresponding week in 1864:

	Week. 1865.	Week. 1864.	Season. 1865.	1864.
Flour	18,903	27,966	498,591	772,416
Wheat	139,607	357,025	3,846,920	6,861,200
Corn	1,026,000	324,860	12,240,285	9,256,721
Oats	176,849	628,174	4,705,619	5,585,077
Rye	14,369	926	135,673	175,658
Barley	857	2,625	111,768	37,503

Liverpool advices to the 19th August report:

"Since Tuesday there has been rather less activity, though that day's quotations are fully supported. The market being under the influence of the weather from hour to hour.

"A very favorable change in the weather caused great quietness at our market to-day; but the limited business in Wheat and Flour was generally at Tuesday's prices. Indian Corn met a slow sale at our quotations."

	QUOTATIONS.						
		8.	d.		8.	d.	
Flour.	Extra State(per barrel)	24	0	@	25	0	ŀ
do	Philadelphia and Baltimore do	24	0	@	25	0	į
do	Ohio do	25	6	@	26	0	ł
do	Canadian do	25	0	@	27	0	
do	Sour and Heated do	20	0	@	23	0	í
Wheat.	Chicago and Milwaukie(per 100 lbs.)	8	9	@	9	2	
do	Amber Iowa do	9	4	@	9	6	
do	Red and Amber Winter do	9	0	@	9	6	
do	White-Western do	9	9	(0)	10	3	
Indian C	Corn. Yellow(per 480 lbs.)	32	0	@			
	Mixed do	31	6	@	32	0	
Peas.	Canadian(per 504 lbs.)	37	0	@	39	0	
	, do(per 240 lbs.)	23	0	@	24	0	
	s of the 20th speak of still improving weather						

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

The activity in the Dry Goods market, noticed last week, sti continues with unabated vigor, if, perhaps, we except the fact that the market is bare of goods which are in no manner adequate to the demand. The upward tendency of prices still continues, and in some instances is surprisingly rapid. The agents report an increase in price on some desirable grades of ten cents on a yard during the week, and although this is an exception, it sufficiently illustrates the condition of the market at this time. This activity and advance in prices bids fair to continue for some time

yet; the demand is by no means supplied for fall consumption, nor are the goods in existence to meet it. When we have said this, the whole fact is stated.

There are a large number of merchants from the South and West in the city, and they must have goods, a fact too painfully apparent to both agents and jobbers. The only drawback seems to be a possibility of over-acting in the matter, and carrying prices to a figure beyond all reason, the result of which would be a most damaging reaction. The whole country is so short of goods that with reasonable prices and a generous concillation all the goods may be readily sold which can be manufactured. The agents report almost all goods sold ahead and none on hand, which prevents quotations in many instances, while the scarcity of goods and advancing prices render quotations extremely unreliable. The prices quoted are prices of goods last sold or sold ahead, and it is quite probable that no goods could to-morrow be bought at the figures named to-day. The following figures comprise all that dilligent enquiry is able to obtain with any degree of trustworthiness.

Brown Sheetings and Shirtings have led the market in the general advance in prices, and growing scarcity during the week. The more desirable grades are especially scarce, and not to be had at any figures. Almost all grades are sold ahead, and agents refuse to make figures. Wachusetts, Amory, and Indian Head A, are today held at 36, Indian Head B. 30, Nashna extra. 34. All styles Amoskeag are out of market, and no prices given, though the last sold were at an advance of four cents from last week. The same is said of Langdons, Massabesic, and Stark mills. Massachusetts A was last sold at 321, B, 341, Medford 34, Newmarket H 341, A 34. and heavy D, 36, Indian Orchard W, 30, B. B., 32 a 35, N and S, 36, and A 37. Standard grades of Lawrence and Boot are sold to arrive at 361. The Edward Harris were last sold at 521, and upward. Bristol 30, Barington 32, Washington heavy 34, Warren 32, Auburn 26, Rocky Point Sheetings 32, and Pittsfield A 30 Shetucket B's sold to arrive at 24, and A at 26.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have grown exceedingly desirable and scarce, and prices are in some instances 10 cents higher than last week. Almost all sales are made ahead, even at these prices, in some instances thirty days in advance. Witumpka and Canoe were sold at 25 on Thursday to arrive. Marysville are not in market; and the same is the case with Attawaugan of all grades, Indian River, Suffolk, Dalton, &c. Uxbridge was last sold at 45, Social Mill W T 50, C \(\frac{1}{4}\) 37\(\frac{1}{4}\), Manville R 45, X X 48, and Water Twist 50, Boot Mills are greatly advanced, but prices unsettled; of Bartlett steam mills, 33 in. sold last at 44, 44 in. at 50, 5-4 60, \(\frac{1}{4}\) 42\(\frac{1}{4}\). Langdons and Amoskeags are not in market, and prices cannot be given. Waltham L 72 in. is held at 85, and M 81 in. at 97\(\frac{1}{4}\), and N 90 in. at \$1 07\(\frac{1}{4}\). Wamsutta steam mill extra heavy J was last sold at 65, K 60, and improved water twist extra 0, at 50, and Trent 4-4 at 48.

DRILLS are scarce, and almost wholly out of market.

Corset Jeans are more steady, with less demand, though agents decline quotations in most instances from the uncertainty of the market. Newmarket were last sold at an advance of four cents from last weeks prices.

Canton Flannels are very active at advanced prices. Columbia is held at 40, Mt. Vernon 37½. Nashua 42½, excelsior brown 35. West Branch brown 35.

STRIPES and Ticks are more abundant, but prices are largely in advance of last week. Passaic is held at 33, West Branch, No. 2, 45, Windsor 35, Hiedelburg 34, Henry Clay 33, and Vaterlandisch 35. Roanoke Checks are held at 32½. Americans, 3x3, at 35, and 6x3, 36.

DENIES and COTTONADES are scarce, higher, and sold ahead. Bostons were sold on Thursday at 37‡, Brunswick 30, Maddison Brown 28, Freeland Blue 52‡, and William Penn Blue 65.

PRINTING CLOTHS are still advancing. The sales at Providence for the week were 144,000 pieces, at an advance of fully 2c. 5,000 pieces, 56x60, to be made at 20c.; 1,000 pieces on hand at 22c., 22,000, 60x64, to be made at 20\frac{1}{2} to 22c.; 56,000 pieces, 64x64, to be made at 21 a 21\frac{1}{2}, and 37,000 on hand at 23 a 25c.

PRINTS are sold ahead largely, with no goods on hand, either in first hands or with jobbers. The prices are fully 2c. over last week, and 4c. above those of the previous week. Spragues are 31 a 32c., Garners 33, Amoskeag 29½ to 32, Duchess (B) 28, Lowell dark and 1 ight 28½, Empire 24, and Wamsutta 27.

CAMBRIOS are active and sold ahead, with very few grades on hand. Harmony Brown, three shades, sales at 25c.

GINGHAMS are also higher and in active demand.

JACONETS have been sold in advance, largely at advanced prices, Slaters are held at 28, Merrimac, W, 33, D 31.

MOUSLIN DELAINES are very active, and the market poorly supplied with leading styles. Manchester sells at 85, high colors 40, and all week 50.

WOOLEN GOODS are also active and firm, especially for dark colors; light goods being in less demand. In some leading styles prices have advanced an eighth from last week. An auction sale by Messrs. Wilmerding & Mount on Tuesday was well attended, and prices were well sustained. In some instances goods were duplicat. ed to a large extent. The following are some of the prices obtained: 33 inch Italian cloth brought 84c, 24 inch fancy silk vestings \$1.55 a 1.70, Lyons velvet vestings \$4 25, black Union beaver \$2.50, Esquimaux beavers \$2.50 a \$2.70, heavy Union Moscow do \$1.50 a \$1.90, real Elbeuf French fancies \$6 75 a \$7, superfine do \$8, 64 black doeskin \$3 871 super Aix la Chapelle Esquimaux \$5 a \$5.50, 6-4 French fancy casimeres \$6.25 a\$7.25, and duplicated, 6-4 Scotch cassimeres \$4 25, wool dyed blue cloth \$3.70 a \$3.90, heavy black castors \$3.55 a \$4, some grades duplicated, black tricot Aix la Chapelle \$4.624, black all wool Eskimas \$5.20 and duplicated, mixed coatings \$4.621 a \$4.75, light mixed cassimeres \$4.871 a \$5. fancy coatings \$1.70 a \$2.50, French cloaking cloth \$1.67 a \$1.70, S. S. French black castors \$4.75 a \$5, black chinchilla \$3.50, blue do \$4, French black castor \$3.071, and duplicated, Moskowas \$4, fine blue chinchilla \$5.121 a \$5.25, 6.4 heavy black Belgian doeskin \$3 75, superfine Austrian cloth soft finish \$4.621 a \$5.87, twilled do \$3, imperial black castor doeskins were duplicated at \$4.45, very heavy 6-4 French cassimere \$4.80, fancy cassimere 574c, printed satinets 32c, fancy ribbed cassimeres were duplicated at 54c Uxbridge mixed satinets 35 tc, extra wide Kentucky jeans were sold for cash at 36 a 39c.

Foreign Goods are steady and firm, sympathizing to some extent in the general scarcity of domestic goods. Some auction sales during the week have been well attended and very successful. That of Messrs. Haggerty & Co., on Tuesday, consisted of a large and attractive sale of woolen dress goods, merinos, silks, &c. The following are some of the prices:

Saxony plaid poil de chevre brought 304 a 324c, all wool filling do 33 a 35c, griseille striped Eugenia 36c, plaid challies, wool filling, 33c, do poplines 40 a 41c, silked striped Romelia a soi 361 a 40c, black and white poil de chevres, much more desirable than colors, 50 a 52c, high colored plain Neapolitan 34c, 6 4 plaid poil de chevre 391 a 401, 6 4 silk striped poplin a soi 58c, 6 4 wool plaid cashmerienne 33c, zig zag stripe taram, assorted colors, 384 a 394c, broche stripe maroyette 40+ a 41+c, fiska handsome jacquard figured stripes 394 a 40c, amista small figured stripes 374c, mousselena a soie, assorted 521c, gazelle a soie in satin stripes with figures 431 a 44c; eslomia a soie carded silk plaid 43 a 431c, catalonia a soie, silk stripes on mousseline ground, 45c, double width adario a soie silk plaids 52tc, do do broganzia 62c, rich cherokee a soie beavy silk stripes 75 a 79c, double width 34 in corald a soie in Scotch plaid 74c, do 34 in montralo, silk stripes, \$1, 32 in skirting 50c; 44 m do 68c. 44 mandras 70c. 27 in flannels, 53c, satin stripe Hortensia raye, 424 a 43c, and six cases sold in duplicate at 43c, double width all wool plaids, 73c, 6-4 all wool plaid merinoes, 534 a 57c, sup. quality Saxony all wool plaids, 56 a 621c, 32 in plaid gros d'Orient, 87c; Germanias, 34 a 361c, double width plaids, 64 a 65c, Atlantic silk stripes, 52c, crepe check, 33, Parian silk stripes, 39 a 43, sup. quality all wool poplin, 971c, black mohair alpaca, 351 a 511c, 8-4 colored baratheas, 44c, 8-4 black do, 56c, 6 4 black alpaca lustre, 35 a 45c, 6-4 real mohair do, 61 a 65c, all wool French merino, 99c a \$1, do white do, 451 a 90c, 42 in printed merino cloth, assorted, \$1.05 a \$1.10, black bombazines, \$1.05 a \$1.124, 23 in black Lyon taffetas, \$1.39, 27 in do, white edge, \$1.68, 30 in do, \$1.91, 34 in do, \$2.05, 27 in gros grain, \$2.05, 30 in do, white edge, \$2.171, 34 in do, \$2.45, 31 foulard, \$1.371, 22 in poult de soie, in assorted colors, \$1.871, heavy all boiled colored poult de soie Garibaldi, \$1.571, do Ponceau, \$1.60, 24 in heavy all boiled gros grain, \$1.60, 26 in do, \$1.80, 28 in do, \$2.05, 26 in Lyons black gros grain, \$2,121 a \$2.30, extra heavy do, \$2.321 a \$2.40, and some of the grades of gros grains were largely duplicated, 22 in black gros de Suez \$1.474.

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Es-50 a 6-4 5.50, otch lack ix la mix-\$5, 1.70, blue s \$4, eskin filled 4.45, rint-Uxsold

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iling wool i 36} than l poil plaid 39**‡**c, gured 13} a soie. soie

eavy cotch

50c; Horouble 57c, gros

65c,

39 a

35} a paca rench

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30 in white

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ilt de oiled yons 82.40.

d, 22

Total thrown on the market....\$43,708,510 \$40,167,177 \$52,838,366 \$50,529,588 Linens.....319 \$57,979 Handkfs.... 2 1,197 Thread...... 3

Messrs. Townsend, Montant & Co., held a sale on Wednesday and Thursday, composed principally of Stuff Goods, Delaines, Merinoes, Shawls, &c., which were successful and largely duplicated at prices almost 10 per cent above those of the earlier season.

Messrs. Kobbe & Corlies held a special sale on Wednesday, of Ribbons of superior quality and colors, which was well attended, and prices fully ten per cent above the rates of last week.

IMPORTS OF DRY GOODS AT NEW YORK.

Below we give the total imports of dry goods for the moth of August, with the corresponding month for the previous three years. The large increase thrown on the market will attract especial at-

IMPORTS OF FOREIGN DRY GOODS AT NEW YORK FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST.

ENTERED	FOR CONSU	MPTION.		
	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Manufactures of wool	\$3,780,197	\$3,400,181	\$1,226,577	\$5,233,946
Do cotton	881,314	514,506	423,688	1,506,440
Do silk	1,899,014	1,813,526	546,594	2,867,835
Do flax		595,674	519,657	1,272,720
Miscellaneous dry goods	436,071	335,172	230,358	630,864
Total entered for consumption	\$7,692,197	\$6,659,059	\$2,946,874	\$11,511,805

WITHDRAW	N FROM W	REHOUSE.		
Dr L.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Manufacteres of wool	\$438,894	\$1,571,779	\$1,594,680	
Do cotton	72,879	339,559	290,559	168,18
Do silk	257,100	657,254	345,163	519,06
Do flax	88,813	421,352	358,395	295,95
Miscellaneous dry goods	39,580	80,586	85,118	58,27
Total withdrawn fr'm warehouse	\$897,266	\$3,070,450	\$2,673,945	\$2,987,06
Add entered for consumption	7,692,197	6,659,059	2,946,874	11,511,80
Total thrown on the market	\$8,589,463	\$9,729,509	\$5,620,819	\$14,498,87
ENTERED	FOR WARE	HOUSING.		

ENTERED	FOR WARE	HOUSING.		
	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Manufactures of wool	\$525,813	\$805,135	\$2,593,065	
Do cotton		142,220	532,284	119,189
Do silk		376,436	734,009	594,313
Do flax	126,692	281,321	596,543	344,200
Miscellaneous dry goods	65,945	52,707	127,025	58,241
Total entered warehousing	\$1,015,513	\$1,657,819	\$4,582,926	\$1,950,460
Add consumption entries	7,692,197	6,659,059	2,946,874	11,511,800
Total entered at the port	\$8,707,710	\$8,316,878	\$7,529,800	\$13,462,262

This month shows a large gain on the previous years, making the total for the year larger than 1863. Below we give our comparative summary for the eight months since January 1st:

IMPORTS OF FOREIGN DRY GOODS AT NEW YORK FOR EIGHT MONTHS FROM JANUARY FIRST.

	ENTEREI	FOR CONS	UMPTION.		
		1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Manufactures	of wool	\$15,178,341	\$12,974,876	\$15,068,536	\$13,247,850
Do	cotton				
Do	· silk	7,094,140	7,633,189	10,103,055	8,406,466
Do	flax	4,087,230	4,789,600	5,785,603	5,346,538
Miscellaneous	dry goods	1,632,301	1,932,582	2,433,449	1,825,812
Total entere	ed for consumption	\$33,017,530	\$30.977.059	\$38,424,745	\$23,411,368

WITHDRAW	N FROM W. 1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Manufactures of wool		\$4,107,298		
Do cotton		1,221,642		2,446,532
. Do silk		2,189,419		
Do flax		1,326,724	2,381,328	3,261,527
Miscellaneous dry goods	635,718	345.035	503,278	639,831
Total withdrawn f'm warehouse	\$10,690,980	\$9,190,118	\$14,413,621	\$17,118,220
Add entered for consumption	33,017,530	30,977,059	38,424,745	33,411,368

. 14	ENTERED	FOR WARI	HOUSING		
		1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Manufactures of	wool	\$2,840,528	\$5,321,210	\$11,533,468	\$5,380,287
Do	cotton	1,320,453	2,044,535	2,374,302	1,353,838
Do	silk	993,129	2,454,146	4,364,598	2,330,065
Do	flax	551,982	2,209,572	3,173,209	2,316,976
Miscellaneous dr	y goods	169,852	423,281	782,208	420,130

Total entered for warehousing. \$5,875,944 \$12,452,744 \$22,227,784 \$11,801,296 Add consumption entries...... 33,017,530 30,977,059 38,424,745 33,411,368 Total entered at the port......\$38,893,474 \$43,429,803 \$60,652,529 \$45,212,664

The figures here given represent the foreign value in gold, before freight charges or duty are added

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Aug. 31, 1865, and the corresponding weeks of 1863 and 1864, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 31.

	1863	1864	1865
Manufactures of wool	Pkgs. Value. 1804 \$718,991	Pkgs. Value. 784 \$330,101	Pkgs. Value. 2778 21,141,600
do cotton	230 69,650	302 84,842 289 187,324	1190 360,596 575 643,121
do flar	707 194 794	450 133,371	800 224,902
Miscellaneous dry goods.		155 59,001	290 109,882
Total	.3686 \$1,409,589	1992 \$794,979	5833 \$2,490,101

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOU	SE AND THE	ROWN 1	INTO THE	MARKET	DURING
	THE SAME P	ERIOD.			
Manufactures of wool 646	\$246,015	686	\$314,108	969	\$326,129
do cotton 301	77,906	190	58,926	113	35,316
do silk 129	157,569	86	77,648	62	87,752
do flax 595	115,400	258	52,532	324	68,904
Miscellaneous dry goods. 55	14,363	17	10,877	62	18,317
Total	\$604.853	1237	\$514,091	1530	\$536,418
Add ent'd for consunpt'n . 3686	1,409,589	1982	794,279	5633	2,480,101
Total th'wn upon mark't.5412	\$2,014,442	3219	\$1,308,370	7213	\$3,016,519
ENTERED FOR WAR	EHOUSING D	URING T	THE SAME	PERIOD.	
Manufactures of wool 208	\$65,302	726	\$372,007	350	\$139,941
do cotton 78	30,447	278	89,117	56	17,790
do cotton 78				68	116,223
do silk 16	22,652	137	160,524		
do silk 16 do flax 180	22,652 32,263	137	38,646	224	
do silk 16 do flax 180					61,126 18,230
do silk 16 do flax 180 Miscellaneous dry goods. 16	32,263 5,995	137	38,646 11,786	224 49	61,126 18,230
do silk 16 do flax 180 Miscellaneous dry goods. 16	32,263	137	38,646	224	61,126

DETAILED STATEMENT.

The followin	g is a d	etailed statemen	nt of th	he movement th	he past
week ending A	ug. 31,	1865:			
	ENT	ERED FOR CON	SUMPT	ION.	
		MANUFACTURES O			
Pkgs. 439 Cloths. 139 Carpetings. 169 Blankets. 58 Shawls. 29 Gloves. 44	Value. \$214,443 75,417 42,702 9,831 22,341 11,532	Pkgs. Worsteds 1,223 Delaines 1 Hose 45 Merinoes 31 Worsted y'n 37 Lastings 5	Value. 508,598 1,004 17,168 12,933 7,262 2,604	Cot. & wor'd.476 Total2,778 1	40,409 175,863 1,141,600
	,	MANUFACTURES OF	COTTON		
Cottons 489 Colored 259 Prints 27 Ginghams 1 Emb'd mus'n 35	\$155,707 71,702 8,114 310	Velvets 16 Laces 24	6,838 12,769 17,770 2,466 4,397	Spool 61 Hose	19,597 53,050 \$360,596
		MANUFACTURES O	F SILK.		
Silks	1,781 3,600	Handkerc'fs 2	1,550 4,626 2,000 63 468	Total 575	85,991 3,009
Ribbons 153	123,349	Braids & bds. 7	4,398		
		MANUFACTURES OF			
Linens668 Linen & cot'n 23	\$177,940	Laces 3 Hdkfs 41	5.197	Thread 39 Hemp yarn 26	9,978 3,331
Total			* 1	900	2994 909
2011111111					D.COZ, OU.
Teath alaman 99	* 40 000	MISCELLANEO		Cum & clast 0	4 000
Kid gloves 6 Matting 2 Clothing 68	4,551 152	Embroideri's. 33 Corsets 36 Straw goods. 8 Feath & flow. 96	10,535	Susp & elast. 8 Total290	
	WITHI	RAWN FROM	WAREH	OUSE.	

TH	77-1	MANUFACTURES OF			77-1
Woolens115 Cloths12 Carpeting36 Blankets288	Value. \$50,371 5,004 9,236 35,009	Gloves 4 Worsteds336 Delaines23	150,983 11,503	Worst. yarn 3 Lastings 1	Value. 910 510 31,995
Shawls 9	5,649	Hose 20 Merinos 32	17,203	Total 969	\$326,129
	N	ANTIFACTURES OF	COTTON		
Cottons 16 Prints 5 Velvets 1	\$5,325 1,519 355	Laces 3 Braids & bds. 1 Gloves 2	1,296 336 599	Spool 62 Hose 23	21,132 4,854
		MANUFACTURES O			4.00,020
Cilles 90	#ED 070			Cille & antion 4	200
Velvets 9	11,270	Ribbons 18 Silk & worst. 1	840	511K & COLLOID. 1	\$87,752
		MANUFACTURES OF		- 1	

| Miscellaneous | Miscellaneou

I		EN	TERED FOR	VAL	LEHOUS	ING.	
I			MANUFACTURE	S 01	F WOOL.		
I		s. Value.			Value.		. Value
l	Woolens 4					Cot. & wors'd 82	32,19
l	Carpeting 2	6 4,728			989		
١	Blankets 1		Worst'd yarn		1,846	Total 350	\$139,941
ı	Shawls 1	0 6,874	Gloves	2	436		
l			MANUFACTURES	OF	COTTON.		
l	Cottons 1	1 \$2,599			770	Hose 7	2,241
	Colored 2	9,109	Laces	3	1,408		
	Prints	4 1,585	Spool	1	72	Total 56	\$17,790

		MANUFACTUR	ES (OF SILK.			
Silks 49 Crapes 1	\$92,807 880	Velvets Ribbons	2 12	1,234 $15,404$	Laces Silk & worst.	2	2,000 3,898
Total						68	\$116,223
		MANUFACTURE	S OF	FLAX.			or a met
Linens213	\$58,663	Handk'fs	1	410	Thread	10	2,053
Total						224	\$61,126
		MISCELLA	NEO	US.			
L'ther gloves. 6	5,857	Straw goods.	32	7,883	Sus. and elas.	. 2	2,134
L'ther gloves. 6 Clothing 9 Total	2,266					49	\$18,230

PRICES CURRENT.

WHOLESALE.

WHOLESALE.

All goods deposited in public stores or bonded warehouses must be withdrawn therefrom, or the duties thereon paid within one year from the date of the original importation, but may be withdrawn by the owner for exportation to Foreign Countries, or may be transhipped to any port of the Pacific, or Western Coast of the United States, at any time before the expiration of three years from the date of the original importation, such goods on arrival at a Pacific or Western port, to be subject to the same rules and regulations as it originally imported there; any goods remaining in public store or bonded warehouse beyond three years shall be regarded as abandoned to the Government, and sold under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Merchandles pron which duties have been paid may remain in warehouse in custody of the officers of the customs at the expense and risk of the owners of said merchandles, and if exported directly from said custody to a Foreign Country within three years, shall be entitled to return duties, proper evidence of such merchandles having been landed abroad to be furnished to the collector by the importer, one per centum of said duties to be retained by tae Government, and sold the store the state of the Government of said duties to be retained by tae Government, intaining duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

To all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such artiless selven imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such artiless schem imported from places this side of the Silvers of the

Ashes—Duty: 15 \$\pi\$ cent ad val. P
the British North American Provinces, free. Anchors-Duty: 21 cents \$ 10. Of 209 10 and upward \$ 10 Beeswax-Duty, 20 % cent ad val. American yellow..... 🏖 🗈 Bones-Duty, on invoice 10 P cent. .. @ Rio Grande shin \$2 ton Bread-Duty, 30 ♥ cent ad val. Pilot 9 b Navy Crackers 000

Breadstuffs—See special report. Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair, 1 \$ 15.

American, gray and white... \$ 150 45 @ 150 Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Pro-uce of British North American Provinces, free.

Butter has been only in moderate demand during the week. The State daries are steady for home consumption and the California trade. Western but-ter, chiefly for export, is dull and but little activity is shown. Cheese is moderately active at a slight ad-ance. We quote:

ance. we quote.			
Butter-			
Orange & Sussex-fr. pails. ? to	40	@	45
Half-firkin tubs	32	@	36
Welch tubs	814	@	85
Firkins, New York State	38	@	86
Firkins, Western	27	@	81
Grease, Butter	15	@	16
Western, common	23	@	80
Cheese-			
Factory made dairies	151	@	161
Farm dairies	14	@	16
do do common	12	@	18
English dairy	13	@	14
Vermont dairy	12	@	16
Candles-Duty, tallow, 21; sper	macet	and	wax

5; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents \$ 1b.	iand	Waz
Sperm 29 tb 85	@	40
Sperm, patent, 45		50
Refined sperm, city	@	81
Stearic 80		
Adamantine 25	@	27
Cement-Rosendale 9 bbl		1 60
Chains-Duty, 21 cents ? 7.		
One inch and upward P 10 9	0	

Coal-Duty, bituminous, \$1 25	ton of	8 bushels.
80 to the bushel; other than bit \$28 bushels of 80 to \$2 bushels.	uminous	, 40 cents
Liverpool Orrel. # ton of 2,240 15		@
Liverpool House Cannel		@
Anthracite		@ 10 00

Guayaquil .(gold)	do	*****	18 (20
Para	do	*****	6	à
St. Domingo	do	*****	6	Ø
Coffee-Duty:	When	imported	direct in	Ameri-
can or equalized ver	ssels fr	om the p	ace of it	sgrowth
or production; also,	the gr	owth of c	ountries	this side
the Cane of Good H	one w	han impo	etad indi	months in

Caracas(gold).(in bond). ? 10 Maracaibo .(gold).. do

the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly i American or equalized vessels, 5 cents \$8 15; all othe 10 \$9 cent ad valorem in addition.

ness generally.	ad a nrme	Dusi-
Rio, prime, duty paid gold.	21 @	211
do good	201 @	21
do fair	194 @	20
do ordinary	174 @	184
do fair to good cargoes	181 @	20
Java, mats and here	26 @	261
Native Ceylon	@	
Maracaibo	19 @	99

St. Domingo	17	00	174
Copper—Duty.pig, bar, and ingot 2 cents \$\mathbb{B}\$; manufactured. 30 \$\mathbb{G}\$ cent ing copper and yellow metal, in sheets and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 \$\mathbb{G}\$ toot, 3\mathbb{I}\$ cents \$\mathbb{B}\$ b. All cash.	ad vs	d.; sh	leath-
Sheathing, new		@	45
Sheathing, &c., old		@	25
Sheathing, yellow		@	30
Pig, Chile		@	
Bolts		@	45
Braziers'		@	45
Baltimore		0	304
Detroit		@	85
Cordage—Duty, tarred, 3; untar other untarred, 3; cents # fb.	red M	fanil	a, 2‡;
Manila, Amer. made ? 10	221	@	231
Tarred Russia		@	
Tarred American		@	18
Bolt Rope, Russia		@	26
Corks-Duty, 50 @ cent ad val.			
Regular, quarts 9 gross	50	@	52
Short Tapers	40	@	41
Mineral	52	@	54
Phial	10	0	50

THE CHRONICLE

Cotton-See special report.

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty. Alcohol, 40 cents & gallon; Aloes, 6 cents & b. Alum, 60 cents & 100 b.; Algols, 6 cents & b. Arsenic and Assacatida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 & cent ad val.; Ba'sam Capivi, 29; Balsam Toln, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents & D.; Calisnya Bark, 30 & cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 4; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents & b.; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents & 100 b.; Refined Borax, 10 cents & D.; Crude Brimstone, 86; Roll Brimstone, 810 & ton, 15 or, 15 or, 15 or, 15 or, 16 or,

ent ad val.; Etherial Preparations	and E	ktra	icts, \$1
B b; all others quoted below, F	REE, M	ost	of the
rticles under this head are now s	ord for c	ash	. (All
Acid, Citric		@	87
Mcohol P gall.		@	4 40
lioes, Cape B ID		0	25
Aloes, Socotrine	85	0	
Alum	41		41
Annato, fair to prime(cash)	60	@	75
Antimony, Regulus of (cash)	121	@	
Argols, Ked (gold) Argols, Refined (gold) Arsenic, Powdered		@	141
Argols, Refined (gold)	28	@	29
Arsenic, Powdered	3 20	0	3 30
ASSMICHIGH	25	@	40
Balsam Capivi(gold)		0	644
Balsam Tolu		@	70
Balsam Peru		@	2 60
Bark, Calisaya		0	1 75
Serries, Persian		0	55
Carb Sada Namagetta	91	0	
Si Chromate Potash Sird Peppers — African, Sierra Leon, bags	22	0	
Bird Peppers - African, Sierra		-	
Leon, bags(gold)	28	@	80
Bird Peppers-Zanzibar	40	0	421
Bleaching Powder	31	0	34
Borax, Refined	31	0	32
Primstone Crude 10 ton	60 00		62 50
Brimstone, Crude \$\mathbb{R}\$ ton Brimstone, Am. Roll \$\mathbb{R}\$ 1b	00 00		43
Primetone Flor Sulphur	61	0	31
Samphor Crude (in hand)	02		85
Samphor Roffned	95	0	
anthoridae	93	@	1 00
Primstone, Flor Sulphur. Camphor, Crude, (in bond). Camphor, Refined. Cantharides. Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk.	10	@	1 70
	18	@	19
Cardamoms, Malabar	3 15	0	3 40
Castor Oil, City gallon	3 25	@	3 30
Chamomile Flowers 15		多	50
Chlorate Potash(gold)	80	0	861
Caustic Soda		0	51
obait, Crystaisin kegs. 112 lbs	::.	@	
Cochineal, Honduras (gold)	974	0	1 00
Cochineal, Mexican(gold)	84	@	85
Copperas, American	11	0	
Cream Tartar, prime(gold) Cubebs, East India	38	@	84
Subebs, East India	45	0	
Jutch	121	@	134
Cuttlefish Bone th		0	
Epsom Salts		@	
Epsom Salts		0	
lowers, Benzoin Poz.	60	@	
lowers, Arnica	-	ã	
Folia, Buchubales	40	@	
ambier P 15		8	91
Sambora	95		1 00
Samboge	20	@	1 00
Finseng, Southern and Western.	901	@	921
Jum Anabia Diakad	821	0	924
Jum Arabic, Picked(gold)	65	@	85
Paradia Borts(gold)	22	0	25
Jum Benzoin	1 00	@	41
Jum Copal Cow	28	0	34
Jum Gedds	19	0	20
	36	@	
Tum Damai		0	40
Sum Myrrh, East India			
Gum Damar Gum Myrrh, East India Gum, Myrrh, Turkey	70	0	
Jum Myrrh, East India	70		55

Gum Tragacanth, Sorts	30 85	00	1 00
Hyd. Potash, French and English.	3 06	-	3 16
(gold)	5 50	00	
Ipecacuanna, Brazil		@	5 50
Jalap. Lac Dye, good and fine. Lic., ice Paste, Calabria.	3 00	90	3 50
Lic. 1ce Paste, Calabria	45	0	48
Liccorice, Paste, Sicily	28 35	00	24
Licorice Paste, Greek	30	0	40
Madder, Dutch (gold)	91	0	94
Licorice, Paste, Sicily. Licorice Paste, Spanish Solid. Licorice Paste, Greek Madder, Dutch	1 00	8	1 25
Manna, large flake Manna, small flake Manna, Sorts Nutgalls Biue Aleppo Oil Anise Oil Cassia	- 00	(G	
Manna, Sorts	80	@	90
Oil Anise	2 75	000	90
Oil Cassia	5 00	0	- 23
Oil Bergamot	5 50	98	T 50
Oil Peppermint, pure (cash)	5 00	@	\$ 50
Opium, Turkey (gold)	6 00	@	6 25 65
Oil Lemon Oil Lemon Oil Peppermint, pure (cash) Opium, Turkey (gold) Oxalie Acid Phosphorus. Prussiate Potash Quicksilver (gold) Rhubarb, China. Race Leavass	1 00	8	69
Prussiate Potash	89	0	41
Rhubarb, China	4 00	8	
Rose Leaves	1 25	0	2 00
Salaratus (cash)	iò	8	15
Salaratus (cash) Sal Ammoniac, Refined (gold) Sal Soda, Newcastle (gold)	21		
Sarsaparilla, Hond	40 25	@	1170
Seed, Anise 19 10	24	88	26
do Canary B bush.	4 75	@	5 25
Sarsaparilla, Hond Sarsaparilla, Hond Sarsaparilla, Mex Seed, Anise do Canary do Caraway do Coriander 2 Ib	18	8	2 50
		@	17
do Mustard, brown, Trieste do do California, brown.		00	18 18
		6	20
Seneca Root Senna, Alexandria Senna, East India Shell Lac Soda Ash (80 39 cent)(cold)	60 24	98	
Senna, East India	18	0	22
Shell Lac. Soda Ash (80 P cent) (gold) Sugar Lead, White Sugar Lead, Brown Sulphate Quinine, Am Poz. Sulphate Morphine Tartaric Acid. (gold) P Ib Verdigris, dry and extra dry (gold) Virtiol Blix	2 75	@	624
Sugar Lead, White(gold)	89	000	40
Sugar Lead, Brown		@	40
Sulphate Morphine	8 10	000	2 40
Tartarie Acid(gold) 🔁 15		@	60
Verdigris, dry and extra dry (gold)	29 18	0	30
Vitriol, Blue	10	•	* *
Ravens, Light \$9 pce	16 00	@	18 00
Ravens, Heavy	22 00	@	
Ravens, Heavy	26 00 95	90	***
	90	0	
Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood(gold) \$\mathbb{P}\$ ton	130 00	0	150 00
Fustic, Cuba	82 50	@	\$5 00
Fustic, Cuba. Fustic, Tampico. Fustic, Tabasco. Fustic, Sevenille.		0	25 00
Fustic, Savanilla(gold)	21 00	8	22 00
Fustic, Maracalbo do	21 00	@	22 00
Logwood, Campeachy(gold)	20 00	90	
Fustic, Savanilla (gold) Fustic, Maracaibo do Logwood, Laguna (gold) Logwood, Campeachy (gold) Logwood, Houd (gold) Logwood, Houd (gold)	19 00	@	
Logwood, Hond (gold) Logwood, Tabasco (gold) Logwood, St. Domingo (gold)	26 60 14 50	@	15 50
Logwood, Jamaica	14 50	00	15 50
LimalWood(gold)	60 00	@	65 00
Barwood(gold) Sapan Wood, Manila(30 00 47 50	8	50 00
Feathers-Duty: 30 % cent a		9	
Prime Western	77	@	78
Prime Western		0	
Fish-Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herr \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 % bbl.;	rings, \$	1; 8	almon,
\$3; other pickled, \$1 50 \$8 bbl.;	on o	ther	Fish,

\$3; other pickled, \$1 50 \$2 bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents \$2 100 fb. Produce of the British North Americon Colonies. FREE.

The fish market has been firm dur					with
a scarcity for dry cod. Mackerel ha	s be	en s	etiv	10.	
Dry Cod 8 cwt.	7	25	0	8	25
Dry Scale			@		
Pickled Cod 3 bbl.			0		
Mackerel, No. 1	15	00	a.	24	50
Mackerel, No. 2	18	00	@	15	50
Mackerel, No. 8	10	50	@	11	00
Salmon, Pickled			@		-
Salmon, Pickled \$ tcs.			0		
Shad, Connecticut, No. 1. 38 hr. bbl.			@		
Herring, Sealed		50	0	-	591
Herring, No. 1		40	0		421
Herring, pickled ₩ bbl.	7	00	@	9	50
Flax-Duty: \$15 \$9 ton \$9 to		15	a		90

Fruit—Duty: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, 10; Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 14; Filbers and Walnuts, 3 cents # D; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 25 @ cent ad val.

Raisins, Seedless B cask		0	10 50
do Layer B box	7 10	ã	1
do Bunch		0	6 75
Currants \$ 10	189	Ø.	14
Citron, Leghorn		@	80
Almonds, Languedoc		a	34
do Provence	32	99999	101.00
do Sicily, Soft Shell		à	25
do Shelled	50	a	55
Sardines B box		a	1 00
do	53	@	55
do	28	000	29
Figs, Smyrna 19 10	25	0	30
Brazil Nuts	15	0	16
Filberts, Sicily	171	ã	18
Walnuts, French	12	ã	14
DRIED FRUIT-		•	
N. State Apples 19 10	9	0	111
Blackberries		0	15
Black Raspberries		0	80
Pared Peaches	20	90	
Unpealed do	15	ě	The said
Cherries, pitted, new	30	4	95
customy breed non	-		11/16 65

1 00	September 2, 1865.]
3 16	Furs and Skine Date to
5 50 3 50 70	Purs and Skins-Duty, 10 % cent ad val. Product of the British North American Provinces'
48	Gold Prices—Add premium on gold for currency North and Fa-
94	prices. North. and East. North. and East. Beaver, Dark. 29 15 2 00 @ 2 50 1 50 @ 2 00 Bear, Black. 4 00 @ 10 00 3 00 @ 8 00 Badger 2 9 0 @ 6 60 1 50 @ 8 00 Badger 2 9 0 @ 6 60 1 50 @ 8 00
1 25	Bear, Black 40 62 00 1 00 61 125 do Cubs 20 06 10 00 3 00 68 125 do Cubs 20 06 60 00 15 00
90	Cat, Wild 10 70 10 6 50 do House 10 6 75 10 6 70 10 70
7 50	Fox, Silver 400 @ 600 800 @ 15 do Cross 300 @ 500
5 50 6 25	do Grey 25 6 2 00 1 26 6 1 75 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
65	Opossum 8 0 5 00 1 00 @ 3 00
41	
2 00	do White 15 @ 55 10 @ 25 C G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
	do Vera Cruz 35 @ 371 81
26 5 25	do Madras
2 50 19 17	Deer Skins, in merchantable order 85 @ 874
18	do Honduras
20	do Para
22 62‡	not over 10x15 inches, 24 cents 22 cents 23
40 40 2 40	and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents 3 square foot; larger larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents 3 square foot; foot; above that, and not exceed cents 3 square
60	cents # square foot; all above that, 40 cents # square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Company, not exceeding the Crown, and Company to the Company of the Company
80	that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 2x30, 2; all over that, 3 cents 39 The control over
8 00	6x 8 to 8x10 Benga
***	Still to 10x15
00	18x22 to 20x30 7 00 @ 9 50 Manila
00	80x46 to 30x48 11 00 @ 16 00 Trop
00	32X0 to 32x55. 18 00 0 11 00 70 cent Above 14 00 0 20 00 15 00 English and French Windows 15 00 0 24 00 17; \$9
:	qualities. (Single Thinks Window-1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Plg, Sco
0	(Single Thick)—Discount 35 @ 40 per cent. 6x 8 to \$x10 \$\mathfrak{9}\$ 50 feet 6 00 @ 7 75 11x14 to 12x18 6 50 @ 8 25 16x26 to 20x28 7 50 @ 8 25 Bar Swei
i	36x50 to 30x60, (4 qualities)
	10x31 to 24x30
	Larger sizes 3
	82x4s to 84x50. 21 00 @ 26 00 Nail Rod. Sheet Po-
	Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less, Sheet, Sin Rails, Eng Calcutta, light and heavy. Pp nce
	Calcutta, light and heavy 39 pc 29 @ Ivory- ganny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less Calcutta stord. 3; over 10, 4 cents so at 10 cents or less Calcutta stord.
	standard. The in-
	cents & b, 10 cents of b, and 20 & cent ad vel . or less
	Shipping and Mining Reg of 25 to . @ 6 50
	Fig. 1 1 b canisters 7 b 48 0 1 if Galena
	Buenos Ayres, mixed(gold) P 1b 23 @ 24 English
	Hay-North River, in bales 20 10 @ 12 Pipe and She
	North River, new 75 @ 80 Leather Hemp—Duty Possis
	Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, Tampleo, icent 2b American, Dressed
	American, Dressed \$\text{pt. on} \text{ 120 00 } \text{ \$\text{cer}\$; and \$\text{ do middle}\$ \$ do mid
	Bleal (gold) 175 00 @190 00 do middle
	10 W Cant a 3 " I all Kinds Day and a
	Avres
	during the week, and prices have advanced. B. A. 20 @ 26 fb selected 29 fb 204 do heavy, C. do heavy
	Rio Nunez. Gambia Gambi
	Orinoco 19 @ 20 Lime Date
	Maracaibo, Salted 15 6 151 Kockland, commo
	Dry. 104 @ 11 Lumber, W

	THE	CHRON	ICLE				
cent ad val.	Maranham, Dry Salt	ed Over 10		-			
or currency	Bahia, Dry do Dry Salted Matamoras do Dry Salted Tampico Tyera	ited	11 @ 11 @ 184 @	111 Re 12 all 14 No	sewood and C	edar, FREE. L nufactured, pr Provinces, FRE	umber ar
Western. No. 1.	do Dry Salte	d	154 @	114 Spi	rth American ruce, Eastern	Provinces, FRE	oduct of
No. 1. 50 @ 2 00 00 @ 1 25 00 @ 8 00	Posts Carrie		11 @	12	ite Pine Box F	oards	. 45 0
50 @ 4 00 10 @ 50	Minos Rio Hache Bogota		141 (0)	15 Cle	ar Pinelar and W. wo	hant. Box Board od B'ds & Pl'k Plank	ls 25 00 65 00
0 @ 15 0 @ 5 00	Truxillo. St. Domingo and Port.	an Di	144 @	12 Oak	and Ash	Plank	. 50 00 . 70 00
0 @ 4 00 6 @ 1 75	Rio Hache Bogota Truxillo St Domingo and Port Curacao, California, Dry Saltee California, Green Salte Dry Western. Green Salted Convention	au-PlattDry	111 @ 1	Blac STA	k Walnut		. 35 00
6 @ 1 75 6 @ 60 0 @ 1 50	California, Green Salte Dry Western	d (currency)	20 00 1	0	do pipe, er	tra mar	
60 60 60 1 50 60 3 00 60 40 60 40 60 25 60 8	California, Green Salte Dry Western Green Salted Country City Slaughter, City Slaughter, Associ Penang Cow Manila Burgelo	and West'rn	9 @ 1				
@ 40 i	Penang Cow Manila Buffalo Calcutta Buffalo	ation	10 @ 10	4	lo hhd., he	tra.	
@ 25 @ 8 371	Calcutta Buffalo Calcutta Buffalo Calcutta Kips, Slaught Calcutta Kips, Dead G Singapore		@	1	bbl., ext	lls	
371 8	lingapore	reen	@	P. d	o bbl., ligh	t	
50 471 371 C	Honey-Duty, 20 c	ents p gallon.	@ ::	HEAT	hhd., light		::
871	uba(duty paid). do(in bond) Hops—Duty: 5 cent	P gail. 1	20 @ 1 25	Ma free.	hogany,	ills tra. avy that ills ra. vy t. s. ak, hhd.	:: 8
521 Cr	lo of 1864	1b	40 @ 60		19 foot	go, crotches.	se woo
55 1 50 the	Horns-Duty, 10 #	cent ad	20 6 50	do	St. Domin	go, ordinary	50 @
50 Ox,	Rio Grande			do	Port-an-Pl	att, logs	17 @
Plate larger I	ndia Rubber-D	12 00	@ 18 00 @ 15 00	do	Mansanilla, Mexican	(American	141 @ 18 @ 45 @ 15 @
foot; Pars quare Pars les, 20 Pars	s, Fine	P b cent s		Coden N	Honduras wood). uevitas	(American	
			# @ 70 # @ 60		devitas.		15 @ 14 @
over Guay	yaquil		@ 53	Rosewoo	lorida.	P cubic ft.	15 @ 14 @ 10 @
Beng	digo-Duty FEEE.		·	Mola	Bahia		2 50 @
25 Kurp 75 Madre	an as as	1 00 1 00	@ 2 25 @ 1 30	Porto Ric	ans		n.
50 Manil	a	80	@ 2 00 @ 1 20	do Clav	covado		75 @ 45 @ 38 @
50 Caraco	cas.	80	@ 1 25 @ 1 40 @ 1 25	ents 2 ib ut, 4d. @	Cash.)	; wrought 21	horse al
00 70 cen 00 Sheet,	Duty, Bars, 1 to ts \$\pi\$ 100 h; Boiler as Band, Hoop, and Sero \$\pi\$ ton; Polished Shoop	14 cents a b;	Railread, C	orse shoe	forged (8d)	7 100 Tb 5	50 @ 6 50 @ 7
irh Ple Se	otah D	t, 3 cents # 1b.	ts # 10; Ye	ellow me	al	; wrought 2⅓; ₱ 100 b 5	@
Pig, An Bar, Sw	otch, Best,No 1(cash * merican, No. 1 redes,assorted sizes (in	ton 45 00 (cold) 42 00 (cold)	2 47 00 cer	Vaval	Stores-Dut	y: spirits of t irpentine, rosin r and turpent rican Province	. @
5 Bar Swe 5 Bar, Eng	edes, assorted sizes	STORE F	92 00 tar	the Britis	nt ad val. Ta	r and turpent	ine, prod
de de Seroll,	edes, assorted sizes. glish and American, Rei lio do do Comi di Half Round noe. 8 @ 3-16 inch 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	aned 110 00 @	165 00 Tur 112 00 Tar 100 00 Pite				
Band	d Half Round	··· 130 00 @	190 00 Pite 140 00 Ros	hin.		9 bbl. 8 0	@ 9
Rods, 5- Hoop	8 @ 3-16 inch	135 00 @	145 00 Spir	its turpe	nd Extra	15 00	@ 17
Sheet, Ru	nssia	145 00 @: 10 91 @:	200 00 City	thin oblo	Duty: 20 %	gall. 1 20 cent ad val.	@ 12
Rails, Eng	glish(gold) to perican.	24 @ 51 @ 57 00 @		do ern thin	e—Duty: 20 g	% ton 52 00 5 50 00	@ 55 0
Ivan	-	80 00 @	08 00 Oi 82 00 cents	s-Dut	r: linseed, fla	xseed, and ray in bottles or on; palm, seal, and whale or ad valorem.	®
East India	-Duty, 10 P cent ad b, Prime	val.	4 00 (forei	og fluid,	ad val. ; spern	on; palm, seal,	flasks, \$1 and coco
African, Sc	vest Coast, Prime. crivellos, West Coast.	· 4 50 @ · 2 75 @ · 1 75 @	8 75 redation	market i	or oils is quite	ad valorem. unsettled from	other fis
Eastern	Daty, 20 pr cent ad	val,					e whaling
P D; Pipe	and Short \$2 \$9 100 to	Old Lond 11	2 40 Palm, Linsee	duty pai	have advance baskets.	gall. 1 95	@ 200
Galena Spanish	9 100 b	10 00 @	do i	South Se	nter	gall 1 70	@ 1 40
English		9 25 @ 9	95 do	" shitel,	neached.	2 23 (2 80
Pipe and Sh	# 100 m	·· @ 9	50 Lard oil, 12 Red oil,	spring a	nbleached nd winter lled	@	2 50
There is an	-Duty: sole 35, uppe	er 80 #0 aant .	Karamine	8, 28 - 3	gr. deodorize	1 20 @	1 25
lak (-1	gain advanced 1@1 cer	nt.	Pain lithargo	ts-Dut	gr. deodorized (free). y: on white	lead, red lead, red lead, 3 cents \$ 10 dry ochres, 5 \$ 10; ochres, 5 ochres, 2 from 25 \$ 2 cents and red and vern \$10 \$ ton.	55 78
		41 @ 4	8 white an 2 100 fb:	d whiting	round in oil,	3 cents 19 10 dry ochres. 5	d, and Paris
Ayres.	idle, R. Grande & B.	45 @ 5	in oil, \$1: China cla	50 % 100 j y, \$5 %	b; Spanish bro	wn 25 % cent a	roun d
		35 @ 3: 351 @ 86 881 @ 84	Lithrage, Lead, red.	America	white chalk,	b 13 @	nilion,
		82 @ 84 82 @ 33	do white	e, America	an, pure, in oi	13 @ 13 @ 13 @	14 14 14
Ayres	R. Grande & B.	81 @ 32 861 @ 87	do white	e, Americ	n	8 3	
neavy, (Orinoco, etc.	32 @ 37 84	Spanish bro	and in oil	h,dry \$2 :00 fb	8 00 @	10
upper, in	maged	24 @ 32 22 @ 23	do white	No. 1.	39 100 The	1 50 @ 4	
IMC-Duty	r. 10 m	80 @ 38	Vermilion,	merican Chinese		8 50 @ 4 2 50 @ 9	00
lo heavy	B ppl.	@ 140	Venetian re	merican	н то	1 75 6 2 90 6 1	00
ber, 20 W cer	Woods, Staves, nt ad val; Staves, 10 7	EtcDuty	China clay.	y made.	P cwt. P ton P bbl.	20 00 Q 25 35 00 Q 40	50 00
	1 ~~ 100 100 10 8	s cent ad val.;	Chrome yell	w	\$ bbl.		00 00 45
	•						

Æ.		04
@	111 Rosewood and Co.	311
000000	all kinds, unmanufactured, prod North American Provinces, FREE	nber and Timber of uct of the British
999	18 Southern Pine F M feet White Pine Box Roand	18 00 @ 22 00
900	Southern Pine. Southern Pine Box Boards White Pine Box Boards White Pine Merchant. Box Boards Clear Pine. Poplar and w wood B'ds & Pl'k. Cherry Boards and Plank Ample alierh Black Walnut. STAVES— White oak, pipe, extra.	45 00 @ 55 00 21 00 @ 28 00 25 00 @ 27 00
@	12 Cherry Boards and Plank Oak and Ash	50 00 @ 55 00 70 00 @ 75 00
0	Maple and Birch. Black Walnut STAVES	85 00 @ 60 00 85 00 @ 40 00 75 00 @ 80 00
@ 1	white oak, pipe, extra M. do pipe, heavy	· @250 00
1	do pipe, culls	·· @200 00 ·· @140 00
1	do hhd., heavy do hhd., light	·· @200 00 ·· @140 00
	do bbl., extra	@ 90 00 @ 80 00
	do bbl., light	·· @120 00 ·· @ 90 00
1 25	James Walnut STAVES White oak, pipe, extra Ob pipe, heavy White oak, pipe, light do pipe, cuils do pipe, cuils do pipe, deavy He oak, pipe, light do pipe, cuils do	·· @100 00 ·· @ 80 00
	Mahogany, Cedar, Rose free. Mahogany, St. Domingo	·· @150 00
60 50	of foot	FO 6
uce of	logs do Port-au-Platt, crotches. do Port-au-Platt, logs Nuevitas	17 @ 20
18 00 5 00	do Mansanilla.	141 @ 20 18 @ 25
	do Honduras (Amoria	45 @ 55 15 @ 20
70 60	Cedar, Nuevitas do Mansanilla do Mexican	15 @ 18 14 @ 15
53	de mexican	iö @ ii
	Molasses—Duty: 8 cents P gall-	0 00 0
0- 1	Ports Orleans gallon.	
00 /	do Claved	5 @ 90 6 60
25 c 40 c 25 c	ents ? Ib (Cash.)	orse shoe 5
ad, H	orse shoe, forged (8d) 37 th	@ 6 00 @ 7 00
b; Zi	ne	@ 50 @ 50
		© 20 Dentine 30
cas	the British North American Propenting	pitch, and product
Die	20 h	@ 7 50
Ros	m D.1	@ 9 50 @ 8 00
Spir	il Cake Det	@ 10 00 @ 17 00 @ 1 294
City	ALL STATE OF CENT ad val	
		3 30 00
burni nut.	1s Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flag fluid, 50 cents a gail on titles or day of ect and val. sperm and whale or of gn flakeries,) 20 % cent ad valorem. market for oils is quite unsettled from to ons of the pirate Sh.	seed, 23 sks, \$1:
(forei	gn fisheries,) 20 % cent ad valorem.	her fish
fleet,	market for oils is quite unsettled from to ons of the pirate Shenandoah among the w	he dep-
Palm,	market for oils is quite unsettled from tons of the pirate Shenandoah among the wand prices have advanced. 13 bottle baskets	4 121
do	South Sea	11 1 40
Sperm.		2 80
red off.	City distillat	2 55 2 50
araffin	e. 98 - 90 - 1 90 @	1 25
Pair	e(free)	
hite an	Als—Duty: on white lead, red lead, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents \$\vec{n}\$ b.; d whiting, 1 cent \$\vec{n}\$ b.; d vy ochres, 56 c oxides of zinc, 14 cents \$\vec{n}\$ b.; ochre, gro 59 \$100 \$\vec{n}\$ b. Spanish brown 25 \$\vec{n}\$ cent ad, vector vect	and Paris
oil, \$1	50 \$\frac{100 \text{ fb}}{100 \text{ fb}}; \text{ Spanish brown 25} \text{ \$\text{g}\$ cent ad 1	un d
hraga	Awai.; white chalk, \$10 32 ton	ion,

312		
Petroleum-Duty: crude, 2	0 cents; refined, 40	1
cents # gallon. Crude, 40 @ 47 gravity # gall.	821 @ 83 @ 73	1
Refined, free	581 @ 54	-
Residuum		
20 % cent ad val.		-
Blue Nova Scotia	@ 8 50 @ 2 40	-
Calcined, city mills	. @ 2 50	
Provisions—Duty: cheese a beef and pork, I cent; hams, bacon B. Produce of the British No.	nd butter, 4 cents; n, and lard, 2 cents	-
vinces. Free.		
Pork has been dull and heavy dur transactions have been limited and dull. Beef is more steady but pr	the market closed ices remain as last	
week. Lard has been in moderate	8 00 @ 12 00	
do prime mass	10 50 @ 14 50 nominal,	-
do India mess Pork, mess, (new)	nominal, nominal, 29 75 @ 30 00	
do prime mess	27 25 @ 28 00 29 50 @ 30 50	-
do prime mess. do mess, Western. do prime, West'n, (old and new). do thin mess.	28 75 @ 24 00 nominal.	
do kattle randered	19½ @ 24½ 28 @ 25 19 @ 28	
do dry salted	19 @ 23 141 @ 161	
Hams, pickled do dry saited Shoulders, pickled do dry saited \$\frac{1}{2}\$ bbl.	nominal.	1
Rags-(Domestic)	101 @ 111	-
White, city Seconds City colored	41 @ 41 11 @ 11	1
Country mixed	101 @ 11 41 @ 41	
Rice-Duty: cleaned 21 cents cents, and uncleaned 2 cents ? b.	₩ 1b.; paddy 10	
Carolina	11 11 50 9 75	
Salt-Duty: sack, 24 cents \$ cents \$ 100 lb.	100 ; bulk, 18	1
Turks Islands p bush.	@ 551	1
Liverpool, ground	@ 2 00 @ 8 75	1
do fine, Worthington's do fine, Jeffreys & Darcy's	@ 3 00	
do fine, Marshall's	2 25 @ 2 50 1 75 @ 1 85	
Rolar coarse	1 75 @ 1 85 38 @ 40 49 @ 50	1
Fine screened	42 @ 43 2 75 @	1
	2 75 @ 8 00	1
Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 24 c partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate so Refined, pure		1
Crude	14 @ 6 @ 64	1
Seeds-Duty : linseed, 16 cents	; hemp, i cent	8
30 W cent ad val.		1
Clover	30 @ 82 5 00 @ 5 25 2 40 @ 2 55	4
Flaxseed, Amer. rough	2 40 @ 2 65	1
do Calcutta (at New York). do Bombay (at New York).	@ 3 40	,
Shot-Duty: 21 cents # D.	19 @ 14	
Drop and Buck	18 @ 14	(
Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3	13 50 @ 18 75 11 50 @ 12 00	
Tastlees, No. 1 @ 3	10 50 @ 11 00 13 00 @ 18 25	1
do usual reeldo No. 1 @ 3	none. 13 00 @ 18 50 10 50 @ 12 00	
Chins thrown	18 00 @ 21 00	7
Soap-Duty: 1 cent @ b, and S	10 @	(
Castile	19 @	8
Plates, foreign		
do domestic	101 @ 11 101 @ 11	(
Spices—Duty: mace, 40 cent cassis and cloves, 20; pepper and ginger root, 5 cents \$2 lb. (All cash.	pimento, 15; and	I
Cassia, in mats	@ 85 19 @ 24	E
Nutmegs, No. 1	1 27 @ 1 20	I
Pimento, Jamaica	381 @ 84 @ 26	f
Spirits—Duty: Brandy, first pre	@ 40	t
other liquors, \$2.50.		N V
Brandy, Jules Robin(gold) do Otard, Dupuy & Co. (gold) do Pinet, Castil. & Co. (gold) do Renault & Co(gold) do Leger Frares.	5 00 @ 8 00 4 80 @ 5 00	HAS
do Renault & Co(gold) do Leger Freres(gold) do Hennessy (gold)	5 00 @ 12 00	Y

312		THE CHRONI	CLE	i est
Petroleum-Duty: crude,	20 cents; refined, 40	Brandy, J. & F. Martell(gold) do Marett & Co(gold)	@	11 00 9 00
cents P gallon. Crude, 40 @ 47 gravity P gall.	821 @ 83	do Sazarec (gold)	@	8 50
Refined, free	@ 73 584 @ 54	do Ph. Goddard p & c.(gold)	@	8 00
Naptha, refined	44 @ 46	do Pellevoisin (gold) do Alex. Seignette (gold)	@	4 50 4 50
Plaster Paris-Duty: lu		do P. Levuque (gold) do A. Rasteau (gold)	@	4 25
20 % cent ad val.	arp, 1100, carcinea,	do Arzac Seignette(gold) do Paul Seignette(gold)	@	4 25 4 25
Blue Nova Scotia \$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$}}}\$ ton.}	@ 8 50	do United Proprietors (gold)	@	4 00
White Nova Scotia	@ 2 40 . @ 2 50	do H. L. L. Chatenet(gold) do Chatenet, Je(gold)	@	4 00
		do J. J. Dupuy (gold)	@	9 00 7 60
Provisions—Duty: cheese a	ind butter, 4 cents; on, and lard, 2 cents	do A. Lambert & Co. (7old)	@	7 75 4 30
peef and pork, I cent; hams, baco b. Produce of the British No vinces. Free.	rth An erican Pro-	do Camille Seignette (gold)	8 50 @	9 00
Pork has been dull and heavy dur transactions have been limited and	ring the week. The		4 00 @	8 50 25 00
transactions have been limited and dull. Beef is more steady but p	the market closed rices remain as last	do American	8 00 @	15 00 8 00
week. Lard has been in moderate	demand.	do St. Croix, new crop(gold)	@	3 50
Beef, plain mess \$\varphi\$ bbl. do mess, extra, (new)	8 00 @ 12 00 10 50 @ 14 50	do New England, pure(gold)	@	8 00
do mess, extra, (new)	nominal, nominal,	do Dewdrop, cases (gold) do Grape Leaf (gold) do J.H.J.Notel's lm, Eagle(gold)	@	12 00 2 75
do India mess	nominal. 29 75 @ 30 00	do J.H.J.Notel's Im, Eagle(gold) do Continental(gold)	@	2 60 2 60
Pork, mess, (new)	27 25 @ 28 00	do Meder's Swan (gold)	@	3 00 3 25
do prime mess. do mess, Western. do prime, West'n, (old and new).	29 50 @ 30 50 28 75 @ 24 00	do Cabinet(gold) do Telegraph(gold)	@	3 00
do thin mess	nominal. 191 @ 241	do Telegraph. (gold) do Rynbən's P. A. (gold) do St. Nicholas. (gold) do Clover Leaf. (gold)	@	2 75 2 60
do thin mess	28 @ 25	do Clover Leaf(gold) do New York	@	2 75 1 12
	19 @ 23	do Cider Brandy, Jersey do Whisky Jack Mt do Whisky, Domgals.	@	
do dry salted	141 @ 161 @ 161	do Whisky, Dom gals.	2 24 @	2 25
Beef hams 3 bbl.	nominal.	Scotch	@	6 50 6 60
Rags-(Domestic).	101.0 111	Steel-Duty: bars and ingots, valu	aed at 7 ce	nts 🕸
White, city	101 @ 111 41 @ 41 11 @ 11	To or under, 21 cents; over 7 cents an 3 cents \$\mathbb{P}\$ To; over 11 cents, 3\frac{1}{4} centt	d not abo	ve 11,
City colored	11 @ 11 104 @ 11	cent ad val.		
Country mixed	41 @ 41	English, cast, \$\mathbb{P}\$ \tag{b} \dots \((\text{gold}) \)	12 @ 71 @	18 121
Rice-Duty: cleaned 21 cents	19 fb.; paddy 10	American, spring,	6 @	8
Carolina	11 11 50	Sugar-Duty: on raw or brown s	ugar, not	above
East India, dressed	9 5 9 75	No. 12 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, 8; on white of No. 15 Dutch standard, 9; on white of No. 15 Dutch sta	ndard, not	refin-
Salt-Duty: sack, 24 cents	9 100 ; bulk, 18	ed, $8\frac{1}{4}$; above 15 and not over 20, 4; or on Molado, $2\frac{1}{4}$ cents $\frac{20}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$.	renneu, o	, and
cents \$\mathbb{P}\$ 100 fb. Turks Islands\mathbb{P}\$ bush.	@ 551	The demand is active for raw, with a in prices, and more lively market.	slight ad	vance
Cadiz. Liverpool, ground	@ 2 00	New Orleans \$9 To	@	16
do fine, Ashton's	@ 8 75	St. Croix	18 @	154
	@ 8 00	Cuba, Muscovado	13 @ 124 @	15
do fine, Marshall's	2 25 @ 2 50	do fair refiningdo good refiningdo fair to good grocery	13 @	131
do fine, Marshall's bbls. do do bbls. do do bbls. do do bbls. bush.	2 25 @ 2 50 1 75 @ 1 85 38 @ 40	Havana Whitedo Yellow and Brown	13 @ 17 @	174
	49 @ 50	do Yellow and Brown	ii. @	iż
Fine screened	42 @ 48 2 75 @	Brazil, Drown	(04	12
F. F240 fb bgs.	2 75 @ 8 00	MeladoLoaf	@	$\frac{91}{201}$
Saltpetre-Duty: crude, 24 partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate so	cents; refined and	Crushed	@	20 20
Refined, pure & D	@ 22	Ground	15 @ 15‡ @	19 18
Crude	6 @ 64	Sumac-Duty: 10 % cent ad val.		-
		Sicily \$2 ton 11		75 00
Seeds—Duty; linseed, 16 cent b; canary, \$1 \$\mathbb{P}\$ bushel of 60 b 30 \$\mathbb{P}\$ cent ad val.	and grass seeds,	Tallow-Duty: 1 cent ₩ fb. British North American Provinces, fre	Product	of the
Clover	80 @ 82	American, prime, country and city		
Mimother monand 30 hugh	5 00 @ 5 25 2 40 @ 2 55	₽ ID	141 @	151
Linseed, American, clean 9 tce	@	Tea-Duty: 25 cents per lb. Hyson, Common to fair	1 10 @	1 25
Linseed, American, clean to too do American, rough bush do Calcutta (at New York).	2 40 @ 2 65	do Superior to fine	1 40 @	1 50 1 65
ido Bombay (at New York).	@ 8 40	Young Hyson, Canton made do Common to fair	@	
Shot-Duty: 21 cents # 1.	10.0	do Superior to fine	1 80 @	1 20 1 50
Drop and Buck 🏖 tb	18 @ 14	do Ex fine to finest Gunpowder & Imperial, Canton		1 80
Silk-Duty: free. All thrown		made	1 20 @	1 85
Taysaams, superior, No. 1 @ 2 do medium, No. 3 @ 4	13 50 @ 18 75 11 50 @ 12 00	do do Sup. to fine.	1 45 @	1 60
Canton, re-recied, No. 1 (2 2	10 50 @ 11 00 13 00 @ 18 25	do do Ex. f, to finest H. Skin & Twankay, Canton made	@	1 90
do usual reel	none. 13 00 @ 13 50	H. Skin & Twankay, Canton made do do Com, to fair do do Sup'r to fine	60 @ 75 @	70 80
Japan, superior	10 50 @ 12 00	do do Ex I. to nnest.	85 @	90
Chins thrown	18 00 @ 21 00	Tincolored Japan, Com. to fair do do Sup'r to fine	95 @ 1 10 @	1 05
Soap-Duty: 1 cent @ 15, and		do do Ex f. to finest .	1 20 @	1 25 90
Castile 🏖 1b.	19 @	do Superior to fine	1 00 @	1 25 1 70
Spelter-Duty: in pigs, bars,	and plates, \$1 50 🏶	Souchong & Congou, Com. to fair.	55 @	65
Plates, foreign? Ib	101 @ 11			1 50
do domestic	107 @ 11	Orange Pecco, Common to fine	75 @	78
Spices—Duty: mace, 40 cen cassis and cloves, 20; pepper and ginger root, 5 cents \$1 \text{D}. (All cash Cassis, in mats	ts; nutmegs, 50;	Tin-Duty: pig, bars, and block, 13 Plate and sheets and terne plates, 24 cer	ats \$2 1b.	d val.
ringer root, 5 cents P D. (All cash	i.)	Banes(gold) P 10	281 @ 271 @	000
Cassia, in mats	19 @ 85	Banca(gold)# Ib Straits(gold) English(gold)	. (0	271 241
Mace	@ 1 20	Plates, charcoal I. C.(gold) Box	121 @ 1 00 @ 1	9 25
Pepper,	381 @ 84	Tobacco-Duty: leaf 38 cents ?		
Pimento, Jamaica	@ 26 @ 40	factured, 50 cents \$ 1b.		
		The market is moderately active at I tations. Holders ask higher prices, w	hile buye	rs re-
Spirits—Duty: Brandy, first prother liquors, \$2.50.		fuse to give it, and there is less doing.		1343
other inquors, \$2.00.		Kantucky	7 6	30
Brandy, Jules Robin(gold)	5 00 @ 9 00	Kentucky	7 6	95
Brandy, Jules Robin(gold) do Otard, Dupuy & Co.(gold) do Pinet, Castil, & Co. (gold)	6 00 @ 9 00 5 00 @ 8 00 4 80 @ 5 00	St. Domingo in bond	776	25 15
Brandy, Jules Robin(gold) do Otard, Dupny & Co.(gold) do Pinet, Castil. & Co. (gold) do Renault & Co(gold) do Leger Feres(gold) do Hennessy(gold)	5 00 @ 8 00 4 80 @ 5 00 5 00 @ 12 00	Mason County	70 @ 75 @	25 15 80 90 1 15

Seed leaf, Conn. fillers & wrappers	6 @ 50
Seed leaf, Conn. fillers & wrappers do Ohio, Penn. and N. Y Manuf. No. 1, 5's and 10's do medium, 5's and 10's	60 @ 70
do medium, 5's and 10's Maunf. common, 5's and 10's	50 @ 55 40 @ 45
Maunf. common, 5's and 10's do common, 6's and 8's do twist in kegs, med., No. 1.	40 @ 45 60 @ 75
do lbs., extra finedo do No. I	80 @ 1 00 60 @ 80
do do medium	55 @ 65 40 @ 45
do % pounds	40 @ 60
Whalebone-Duty: foreign	fishery, P cent ad
South Sea 19 15	@ 200
Ochotsk	@ 1 90
Polar	@ 2 25
Wines—Duty: value set over & cents # gallon and 25 # cent ad and not over 100, 50 cents # gallon ad valorem; over \$1 # gallon, \$1	valorem; over 50
and not over 100, 50 cents % gallo ad valorem; over \$1 % gallon, \$1	on and 25 % cent B gallen and 25 m
cent ad vai.	
Madeira Sherry, 29 gall(gold) do Cette(gold) do Colli(gold) Portion (gold)	8 00 @ 10 00
do Colli(gold)	1 00 @
	2 00 @ 8 00 1 00 @ 8 00
do Spanish (gold) do Burgundy (gold) do pure juice (gold) Sicily (gold) Maderia (gold)	2 25 @ 8 00
Sicily (gold) Maderia (gold)	1 50 @ 8 00 @ 10 00
Maderia(gold) do Marseille(gold) Malaga dry (gold)	1 00 @ 1 10 @ 1 50
Malaga, dry (gold) do sweet (gold) Claret, in casks of 60 galls (gold)	1 20 @ 1 50 85 00 @ 150 00
do in cases	2 90 @ 35 00
do in cases	20 00 @ 24 50 @
Wire-Duty: No. 0 to 18, unco \$2 100 fb, and 15 \$2 cent ad val.	vered, \$2 to \$3 50
No. 0 to 18	25 % ct. off list.
Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain. 2 to	35 % ct. off list.
Wool-Duty: costing 12 cent cents 9 b; over 12 and not more over 24 and not over 32, 10, and 10 over over 32, 12 cents b b, and 10 p ce the skin, 20 p cent ad val. Produ	s or less \$8 1b, 8
over 24 and not over 32, 10, and 10	e cent ad valorem
over 32, 12 cents 10, and 10 12 ce the skin, 20 12 cent ad val. Produ	nt ad valorem; on uce of the British
The weed market has been eniet d	under the much to
anticipation of the public sale of Thursday. The sale was, however and prices nominal. The market cle	foreign wools on
and prices nominal. The market cle	oses dull.
American, Saxony fleece P b	70 @ 75 65 @ 70
do da and da Merino	60 @ 65
Extra, pulled	67 @ 70 65 @ 67
No. 1, pulled California, fine, unwashed	50 @ 55 87 @ 42
do common, unwashed	20 @ 25 85 @ 45
do common, unwashed Peruvian, unwashed Chilian Merino, unwashed do Mestiza, unwashed Valparaiso, unwashed	85 @ 45
Valparaiso, unwashed	26 @ 27
Valparaiso, unwashed	85 @ 87 82 @ 84
do Entre Rios, washed	18 @ 23 40 @ 42
do Creole, unwashed. do Cordova, washed	27 @ 80 45 @ 47
Cape Good Hope, unwashed East India, washed	85 @ 87 35 @ 45
African, unwashed	15 @ 25
Torse	20 @ 25 Nominal.
Smyrna, unwashed	22 @ 25 @ 45
Syrian, unwashed	25 @ 27
Zinc-Duty: pig or block, \$1 50	19 100 fb; sheet
Sheet 9 15	13 @ 181
Freights-	
To Liverpool:	s. d. s. d. @ 5-83
Flour Dbl.	@ 1 3
Heavy goods 19 ton	@ 12 6
Oil Corn, bulk and bags	@ 5
Beef \$\forall \text{tce.}	@ 2 6
Wheat, bulk and bags	
	20 00 @ 25 00
Petroleum	5 6 6
Petroleum Beef. \$\mathbb{R}\$ tce. Pork \$\mathbb{D}\$ bbl. Wheat \$\mathbb{P}\$ bush.	@ 2 9
Wheat Bush.	@ 5
To GLASGOW: Flour. \$2 bbl.	
Flour B bbl. Wheat B bush. Corn, bulk and bags B bush. Petroleum B bbl. Heavy goods B ton	6 4
Petroleum	@ 5 6 @ 17 6
meavy goods W ton	@ 17 6
011	
Beef. \$\text{\partial}\$ tce. Pork \$\text{\partial}\$ bbl.	20 @ 25 4 . @ 3 @
Beef. 12 tce. Pork. 2 bbl. To HAVEE: Cotton. 32 fb	3 6
Beef. 12 tce. Pork. 2 bbl. To HAVEE: Cotton. 32 fb	3 6
Beef. 12 tce. Pork. 2 bbl. To HAVEE: Cotton. 32 fb	1 @ 1 @
Beef. Ptce. Pork Pbbl. To HAVEE: Cotton. Pbbl. Hops. Pbbl. Measurement goods Pton Wheat in shipper's bags. Pbbl.	1
Beef. \$\text{# tce.}\$ Pork. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ To HAVEE: \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Cotton. \$\text{# D}\$ Hops. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Beef and pork. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Measurement goods. \$\text{# ton.}\$ Wheat, in shipper's bags. \$\text{# b bl.}\$ Petroleum. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Lard, tallow, cut meats, etc \$\text{# ton.}\$	1 @ 1 @ 10 @ 2 @
Beef. \$\text{# tce.}\$ Pork. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ To HAVEE: \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Cotton. \$\text{# D}\$ Hops. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Beef and pork. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Measurement goods. \$\text{# ton.}\$ Wheat, in shipper's bags. \$\text{# b bl.}\$ Petroleum. \$\text{# bbl.}\$ Lard, tallow, cut meats, etc \$\text{# ton.}\$	1
Beef. Ptce. Pork Pbbl. To HAVEE: Cotton Pb Hops. Beef and pork Pb bbl. Measurement goods Pton Wheat, in shipper's bags P bush. Flour Pstroleum	1 @ 1 @ 10 @ @ @ 5 6

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The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD SLAUGHTER.—The work goes on bravely, each day bringing its contribution of mangled slain and adding to the column of horrors. The following is a partial catalogue of the recent accidents:

Aug. 25—Richland Creek disaster, on the Tennessee and Alabama Railroad—killed, 37, and wounded, 50 to 60. Cause: dilapidation of railroad and rolling stock.

Aug. 25—Oil Creek Railroad disaster, by which 6 persons were killed, 4 seriously injured, and about a dozen more or less battered. Cause: collision through culpable negligence of engineers.

Aug. 26—Petersburgh and Weldon Railroad disaster near Petersburgh, Va., by which two men were killed and several injured. Cause: train run off the track.

Aug. 28—Hudson River Raifroad disaster at East Haverstraw, which resulted in a serious accident to only one man, but might have done the same to a hundred. Cause: cars thrown from the track.

Aug. 28—Long Island Railroad disaster east of Jamaica; 4 killed, 5 badly, if not mortally, wounded, and 10 to 15 others more or less injured. Cause: collision, for which the engineers are blamed.

Thus it is from day to day, and the above is not half the slaughter and maiming that actually takes place. Is this a continuation of the war? In addition to railroad accidents we might give a list of hundreds who daily loose their lives by steamboat accidents. The Argosy No. 3 accident on the Ohio is an instance. The Lakes have also lately swallowed up hundreds, and from the Pacific coast comes the tidings of the loss of the Brother Jonathan with but a tithe of its 300 passengers saved.

Is the law powerless to reach the perpetrators of these disasters. It has burt no one as yet.

The Pacific Railroad.—In California the Central Pacific Railroad Company is at work with three thousand men, digging, grading and getting the road bed ready. They cross the snowy mountains at an elevation of seven thousand feet at the moderate rise of one hundred and five feet to the mile. By the first of October it is expected that the railroad will be extended from Sacramento to Illinoistown, 55 miles, and by March of next year to Dutch Flat, 13 miles further. This company is aiming straight from Sacramento to Salt Lake City, which is the trifling distance (in Western calculation,) of 733 miles. Of this length 178 miles embrace the Sierra Nevada ranges, and after that the grade is almost level up to Salt Lake City.

STEUBENVILLE BRIDGE.—The iron railroad bridge across the Ohio River at Steubenville will be completed about the 1st of September, when cars on the Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Columbus road will commence running on the short line to Pittsburgh.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.—A committee of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad have been to Shreveport to see General Veatch, commanding the Northern Division of Louisiana, in regard to the completion of the railroad between that place and Marshall, Texas, there being a gap of eleven miles to close up. This part of the road is graded, and only needs laying the iron to make the connection complete; and with the assistance of the government it can be done in thirty days, thus opening means of transportation for the large amount of cotton and other resources of northern Texas to this market.

FORT WAYNE AND SOUTHERN RAILROAD.—The President of the road has negotiated in London for the iron, and will be ready to commence work within forty days from this time. The road will run through Henry and Rush counties, on the Holwon and Coffin route, crossing the Bellefontaine Railroad near Muncie, the Cincinnati and Chicago Railroad near Newcastle, the Columbus and Great Western at Coffin's station, and the Indianapolis and Lawrenceburg at Greensburg.

													20.00
		COMP	ARATI	VE M	ONTHL	Y EARNINGS	oF	PRINCE	PAL B	RAILRO	ADS.		
-Chica	go and A	lton.——		-Chicago	& Northw	estern.— 1865. (502 m.) \$535,675Jan	-Chicago	and Rock	Island.		-Cleveland	and Pit	tsburg
1863. (281 m.)	1864. (281 m.)	(281 m.)		(502 m)	(502 m)	1865.	1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864.	(904 an)
\$109.850	\$100,991	\$261,903	. Jan	\$232,208	\$273,876	\$535.675Jan	\$140.024	\$158.735	\$305.554	Jan	\$123.808	\$139,414	(201 7/1.)
\$109,850 101,355	154,418	252,583	Feb	202,321		401,100 F CD	100,220	170,482	240,331	FeD	110,400	110,819	\$180,04
104,372	195,803	288,159	Mar April May	221,709	390,355	506,290 Mar	122,512		289,403.	Mar	135 211	202,857	-
122,084 132,301	162,723 178,786	203,149	May.	240,051 280,209	371,461 466,830	467,710 April 568,904 May	126,798 144,995	185,013 198,679	186,172.	April	140,952 $352,661$	193,919 203,514	215,56
145,542	206,090	348,985	.June	359,888	565,145	727.193June	170,937	243,178	311 180	June	202,001	200,314	210,00
149,137	224,257	315,944	July	275,506	482,054	688,171July .	139,142	224,980	232 728	July	182 655	214,533	226,04
157,948	312,165		Sep	299,607	519,306	Aug Sep	160,306	307,874	-	Aug	182,034	264,637	-
170,044	354,554 320,879		Sep	473,186 551,122	655,364 708,714	Sep	210,729 216,030			Sep	180,246	248,292	1 2
170,910 156,869	307,803		Nov.	435 945	705,496	Nov				Aug Sep Oct Nov	177,653	220,062	=
153,294	252,015		Dec	404,183		Dec	201,134	321,037		Dec	180,408	201,169	-
1,673,706	2,770,484		. Year	3,975,935	5,902,383	Year	1,959,267	3,095,470		. Year	_	2,512,315	_
E	rie Railws	ay		Н	1864.	1865. (150 m.)	Illi	inois Centre	al		Marietta 1863. (251 m.)	and Cinc	innati
1863. (724 m.)	1864. (724 m.)	1865. (724 m.)		$(150 \ m_{\star})$	1864. (150 m.)	1865. (150 m.)	1863. (708 m.)	1864. (708 m.)	1865.		1863.	1864.	1865.
\$845,695	\$984,837	\$908,341.	Jan	\$458,953	\$501,231	\$525,936 Jan	\$299,944	\$327,900	\$546,410	Jan	\$38,203 53,778 60,540	\$77,010	\$98,115
839,949	934,133	886,039.	Feb	425,047	472,240	418,711Feb	271,085	416,588	522,555.	Feb.	53,778	74,409	86,626
956,445 948,059	1,114,508 1,099,507	1,240,626.	Mar	366,802	356,626	424,870 Mar	275,643	459,762	592,276.	Mar	60,540	89,901	93,508
848,783	1,072,293	1 339 279	.A pril	270,676 244,771	278,540 281,759	311,540 . A pril	289,224 334,687	423,797 406,373	491,297.	April May June	64,306 35,326	72,389 83,993	82,186 73,845
770,148	1,041,975	1,225,528.	.June	202,392	253,049	310,049June	407,992		590,061	June	40,706	78,697	110,18
781,243	994,317	1,152,803.	July	190,364	273,726	July	343,929	423,578	524.888	IN IV	00.404	91,809	108,651
687,092 816,801	1,105,364 1,301,005		Aug	219,561	306,595	July Aug Sep Oet	511 305			Sep	52,864	90,972	=
965,294	1,222,568		Oct.	268,100 302,174	361,600 340,900	Sep	478,576 496,433	799,236 661,391		Sep	77,112 83,059	93,078 93,546	_
1,024,649	1,224,909	- :	Nov	295,750	340,738	Nov	437,679	657,141	_ :	Nov	76,764	96,908	_
1,035,321	1,334,217		Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec	484,550	507,552	Nov Dec	424,531	603,402		Nov Dec	68,863	95,453	-
	13,429,643		. Year			Year						1,038,165	-
Mich 1863.	igan Cent	ral	1	Mich. So. 1	North and	Indiana, 1865. (524 m.)	-Mil. and	Prairie du	Chien.		New 3	ork Cent	ral
(285 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)		(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)		$(656 \ m.)$	(656 m.)	(656 m.)
	@@U&, 100	\$306,324.	Jan	\$248,784	\$256,600	25305,380	567. 130	38102,749	\$98,183.	Jan	\$1720,212	\$921.001	\$0000,4 to
245,858 236,432	278,848 348,802	244 222	Jan Feb Mar	230,508	304,445	366,361 Feb	76,132	115,135	74,283.	Feb	790,167	936,587 1,059,028	581,375 915,600
238,495	338,276	337,240	April	268,613	338,454 330,651	413,322 Mar	44,925 88,177		106 680	Mar	867,590 911,395	1,105,664	1,300,00
236,453	271,553	401,456.	April	264,835	267,126	366,245 . A pril 353,194 May	106,967	186,747	146,943.	April May	839,126	1,004,435	1,204,43
206,221	265,780	365,663.	June.	241.236	315,258	402,122June	111,260	212,209	224,838.	.June	841,165	1,029,736	_
193,328 215,449	263,244 346,781	329,105.	July	189,145	279,129	309,083July	71,587	139,547		July	818,512	1,055,793	-
308,168	408,445	= .	Aug	238,012 308,106	358,862 402,219	Aug Sep	69,353 155,417	113,399 168,218		Sep	840,450 1,079,551	1,273,117 1,450,076	_
375,488 339,794	410,802		Sep Oct Nov	375,567	407,107	Oct	205,055		_ :	Oct	1,041,522	1,194,435	-
339,794	405,510		Nov	332,360	448,934	Nov	138,342	149,099		Nov	1,045,401	1,157,818	-
306,186	376,470		Dec	348,048	411,806	Dec	112,913	117,013		Dec	1,157,818	1,039,902	
3,168,065	3,970,946		. Year			Year					11,069,853		-
Pittsburg,	Ft. W., &	Chicago.		Rome, V	Vatert'n &	Ogdensb. 1865. (238 m.)	St. Louis	, Alton & 7	. Haute.		Toledo, W	abash &	Western
(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(468 m)		(928 m)	(998 an)	1800.	1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864. (242 m.)	1865. (242 m.)
		\$684,260.	Jan	\$35,047	\$38,778			\$100,872	\$170.078	.Jan	\$86,321	\$79,735	\$144,084
366,598	457,227	696,738.	Jan Feb Mar April May	31,619	54,785	Feb Mar April 91,172 May	110,603	147,485	153,903.	Feb	1863. (242 m.) \$86,321 91,971 103,056 132,111	95.843	139,171
461,965 462,987	611,297 588,066	886,511.	Mar	36,912	60,006	Mar	120,310	160,497	202,771.	Mar	103,056	132,896 123,987	155,753 144,001
427,094	525,751	601.238	May.	44 895	60,361 $72,452$	01 179 Mar	123,115 113,798	157,786 149,855	177 625	April May	134,272	123,987	138,738
395,845	532,911	000,011.	June .	-	12,303	June	123,949	155,730		June	152,585	156,338	194,52
350,753 407,077	506,640	612 127	Inly	49,673	71,302	90,050 July	118,077	144,942	4400 8700	Tax bar	405 224	139,626	*271,798
463,509	625,547 675,360		Aug	51,281	84,483	Aug	130,378	218,236		Aug	116,379	244,114	-
505,814	701,352		Sep Oct	76,136	83,946	S p	153,470 144,736	234,194 204,785		Oct	120,595 151,052	243,840 221,570	
466,800	691,556	·	Nov	10,130	55,846	Nov	144,736	202,966	_ :	Aug Sep Oct Nov	134,563	220,209	-
487,642	914,082		Dec	-	_	Dec	162,921	204,726		.Dec	111,339	265,154	-
K 199 004								-	-			-	-

- .. Year., 584,800 827,615 - .. Year., 1,554,918 2,084,074 - .. Year., 1,439,798 2,050,239 *484 m

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

	Amount			20		-		Amount			2-0	-
DESCRIPTION.	outstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.	Ask'd	DESCRIPTION.	outstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.
Railroad:		-		-	-	-	Railroad:	-	=		_	-
antic and Great Western:	\$2,500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1879		98	Dee Moines Valley .	\$1,740,000	8	Feb. & Aug	1872	
do do	2,000,000	7	do	1882			Mortgage Bonds	348,000	7	J'ne & Dec.	1874	
astern Coal Fields Branchdo at Mortgage, sinking fund, (N. Y.)	1,000,000	7	do	1882 1879		98	1st Mortgage, convertible			May & Nov.		
dodo t Mortgage, sinking fund, (Ohio) do do	777.500 4,000,000	7	do do	1881 1876		98	2d do	1,000,000	8	do	1864	
do do			Jan. & July				1st Mortgage	34,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1876	
dodo antic and St. Lawrence; ollar Bonds.	988,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1866	85	86	Dubuque and Sioux City: 1st Mortgage, 1st section 1st do 2d section	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1863	
terning Dongs	484,000	6	May & Nov.	1878			1st do 2d section Eastern (Mass.):	600,000	7	do	1894	
timore and Ohio: ortgage (S. F.) of 1834	1,000,000	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc	1867	98	100%	Mortgage, convertible	590,000	5	Jan. & July Feb. & Aug	1872	
do do 1855	700,000	6	Jan. & July do	1880	99	190	do do East Pennsylvania:					
do do 1853	2,500,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1885	101		East Pennsylvania; Sinking Fund Bonds Elmira and Williamsport;	598,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1888	
Mortgage (B. & L.) convertible.	368,000	7	Jan. & July	1866			1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1873	993
t do do extended	422,000 116,000	7	do	'70-'79 1870			Erie Railway: 1st Mortgage	3,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1868	102
t do (. P. & C.)	650,000	7	do do	1870			2d do convertible	4,000,000 6,000,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1879 1883	103 101
videre 1>eiaware :	347,000						4th do convertible	3,634,600	7	April & Oct June & Dec	1880	94
t Mort. (guar. C. and A.)	1,000,000	6	J'ne & Dec.	1867			5th do do	1,002,500	7	June & Dec	1888	
Mort. do	589,500	6	M'ch & Sep Feb. & Aug	1877			Mortgage	149,000	7	Jan. & July	1870	
ssburg and Corning; fortgage Bondston, Concord and Montreal;	150,000	6	May & Nov.	1871			1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,981,000	7	Feb. & Aug May & Nov.	1882	101
ton, Concord and Montreal:			Feb. & Aug		99		2d do do		7	May & Nov.	1875	
st Mortgaget do l do	200,000	6	do	1865			Mortgage Great Western, (III.): 1st Mortgage West. Division do East. do	927,000	6	Jan. & July	1870	
do	100,000	6	Jan. & July	1870			1st Mortgage West. Division	1,000,000	10	April & Oct	1868	
do Inking Fund Bonds ton and Lowell;	200,000	6	do	1889			do East. do Hannibal and St. Joseph : Land Grant Mortgage Convertible Bonds	1,350,000	7	April & Oct Jan. & July	1865	
lortgage Bonds	400,000	6	do	1873	95	95	Land Grant Mortgage	3,344,000	7	April & Oct Jan. & July	1881	
falo, New York and Erie; at Mortgage	2,000,000	7	I'ne & Dec.	1877	94			822,000	7	Jan. & July	1883	
Mortgage	426,714	7	J'ne & Dec. May & Nov	1872			Harrisburg and Lancaster: New Dollar Bonds	661,000	6	do	1888	
falo and State Line; et Mortgage	500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1866			Hartford and New Haven: 1st Mortgage Hartford, Providence and Fishkill:	927,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1883	
rie and Northeast	200,000 400,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. Jan. & July do	1870	2		Hartford, Providence and Fishkill: 1st Mortgage			Jan. & July		
nden and Amboy:				1			2d do sinking fund	1,000,000	6	do	1876	
ollar Loansollar Loan	1,700,000 867,000	6	Feb. & Aug May & Nov.	1889	100	100	Housatonic: 1st Mortgage	191,000	6	do	1877	
ollar Loan onsoldated (\$5,000,000) Loan nden and Atlantic;	4,269,400	6	May & Nov. J'ne & Dec.	1893		100	Hudson River: 1st Mortgage		1		1	101
t Mortgage	490,000	7	Jan. & July	1873			1st do	110,000	6	Feb. & Aug do J'ne & Dec.	1869	
doawissa;	493,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1879			1st do	1.840.000	7	J'ne & Dec.	1885	1023
t Mortgage	141,000	7	do	1882			Convertible	1,002,000	7	do	1867	
trat of New Jersey:	1,400,000	7	do	'65-'70		103	Convertible. Huntington and Broad Top; 1st Mortgage.	500,000	6	do	1870	
trai Of New Jersey; st Mortgage do trai Ohio;	600,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	103		2d do	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1875	
st Mortgage W. Div	450,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1890	90	98	1st Mortgage, convertible	7,975,500				
st do E. Div	800,000	7	May & Nov M'ch & Sep	1865			1st Mortgage, convertible	2,896,500	6	do	1875 1890	
do (Sink. Fund) th do do	950,000	7	Ap'l & Oct Jan. & July	1882			Indiana Central: 1st Mortgage, convertible		1			-
acome	1,192,200	7	do do	57-'62	2	59	20 00	364,000	10	Jan. & July	1870	
shire: Iortgage Bonds	600,000	6	do	'95-'80	90		Indianapolis and Cincinnati: 1st Mortgage	500,000	7	do	1866	
cago and Alton; st Mortgage (Skg Fund), pref		1		1		1	2d do	400,000	7	do	1862 1858	
st do	2.400.000	7	May & Nov Jan. & July	1892	953	98	Real Estate Mortgage	200,000				
d do income	1,100,000	7	Jan. & July Ap'l & Oct	1882	86	863	1st Mortgage	685,000	7	May & Nov.	. 1881	
rust Mortgage (S. F.) convert do do inconvert	467,000	8	Jan. & July	1883	108		1st Mortgage			Mch & Sept	1861	
onds, (dated Sept. 20, 1860)	3,167,000 680,000		M'ch & Ser	1883			2d do	392,000	7	April & Oct	1873	
cago and Great Eastern:		1				1	1st Mortgage, sinking fund Kennebec and Portland:	500,000	0 8	do	1883	
cago and Milmankee:	2,000,000	7	Ap'l & Oct	. 1894			1st Mortgage	800,000	6	do	1870	90
st Mortgage (consolidated) cago and Northwestern;	2,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1898	85		2d do	230,000 250,000			1861 1862	
referred Sinking Fund	1,250,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1885		. 95	La Crosse and Milwaukee:		1			-
st Mortgage	756,000	7	May & Nov	1885	80	81	1st Mortgage, Eastern Division 2d do do	1,000,00	0 7	May & Nov Jan. & July	1869	:::
d Mortgagextension Bonds	2,000,000	6	do	1890			Lehigh Valley: 1st Mortgage			May & Nov		98
cago and Rock Island :		1	Feb. & Aug	1			Little Miami:	1				00
st Mortgage			Jan. & July	1870	100	103	1st Mortgage Little Schuylkill:	_,_,_,	0 6	do	1883	
st Mortgaged do	379,000	7	May & Nov	1867		100	1st Mortgage, sinking fund Long Island:	960,000	0 7	April & Oc	t 1877	
cinnati and Zanesville:	1		May & Nov			. 100	Mortgage	. 500,00	0 6	Jan. & July	1870	85
st Mortgage veland, Columbus and Cincinnati	1,300,000	7	do	1893	1		Extension Bonds Louisville and Nashville:	225,00	0 7	May & Nov	. 1890	
st Mortgageveland and Mahoning;		7	Jan. & Jul	y 1890			1st Mortgage 1st Lebanon Branch Mortgage	1,804,00	0 7	Feb. & Aug	1883	
st Mortgage	850,000	7	Feb. & Au	g 1873			1st Memphis Branch Mortgage	41,00 300,56			18-	
d do	244,200	7	M'ch & Se	1864 1875			Marietta and Cincinnati: 1st Mortgage, dollar	1	1		1892	83
peland, Painesville and Ashtabula		1.	1	-			1st do sterling	1,000,00			1892	
vividend Bondsunbury and Erie Bonds	900,000	7	Feb. & Au	g 1880 1878			Michigan Central: Dollar, convertable	2,230,50	0 8	do	1869	
veland and Pittsburg:	000,000	1			-		do do	215,00	0 8	April & Oc	t 1882 1882	
Mortgage	1,189,00	7	M'ch & Se	1875	90			4,328,00	1			1
veland and Toledo:	1,059,02	6	do	1892	73	75	1st Mortgage, sinking fund 2d do	4,822,00	0 7	May & Nov	1885	97
inking Fund Mortgagenecticut River;	1,802,00	0 7	Jan. & Jul	y 1885	92	98	Goshen Air Line Bonds	682,00	0 7	Feb. & Au		90
st Mortgage	250.00	0 6	M'ch & Se	p 1878			Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien : 1st Mortgage, sinking fund	. 607,00	0 7	Jan. & July	y 1891	98
necticul and Passumpsic River; st Mortgage		-				000	1st Mortgage, sinking fund Milwaukee and St. Paul;	4 000 00				78
mberland Valley:	1	6	J'ne & Dec	1876	90	923	1st Mortgage	4,600,00	0 7	Feb. & Au	1893 1893	
st Mortgage Bondsd do do			Ap'l & Oc	1904 1904			Income Mississippi and Missouri River; 1st Mortgage, convertible		1	1		1
yton and Michigan :	1	1		1	1		2d do sinking fund	400,00	0 8	do	1876	
st Mortgaged do	283,00 2,655,50	0 8	Jan. & Jul	y 1867 1881			1st do Oskaloosa	688,55	6 7		1876	35
d do Coledo Depot Bonds	642,00	0 7	do	18-			1st Land Grant Mortgage	691,00	0	do	1883	
laware:	200,000	7	do	18-			Morris and Essex : 1st Mortgage, sinking fund	. 3,500,00	00 7	May & Nov	. 1915	
st Mortgage, guaranteed	500,000	0 6	do	1875			Naugatuck: 1st Mortgage			Jan. & Jul		
aware, Lackawanna and Western .							N. Haven, N. London & Stonington					

Bid.

85 86

97% 97% 90 90 90 98% 78 78

35 40

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RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

Description.	Amount	-	INTEREST.	ipal ble.		KET.	Person	Amount			ipal ble.	MAI	
DESCRIPTION.	outstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.	Ask'd	Description.	outstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.	1
Railroad:		-		_	-	Ì	Railroad:		-		-	-	+
w Haven and Northampton: st Mortgagest _ do (Hamp. and Hamp.)	\$500,000	7	Jan. & July	1869			Second Avenue: 1st Mortgage	500,000	7	June & Dec	1867		
w Jersey:	103,000		do	1873			Shamokin Valley and Pottsville:	700,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1872		
Ferry Bonds of 1853	485,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1873				1	1	Jan. & July			
et Mortgage w York Central; Premium Sinking Fund Bonds		1	Jan. & July				1st Mortgage Syracuse, Binghamton and New York. 1st Mortgage	1 400 000	1	April & Oct			
Premium Sinking Fund Bonds	6,917,598	6	May & Nov June & Dec	1883 1887	94 90		1st Mortgage			Mch & Sept			1
Real Estate Bonds	165,000	6	May & Nov.	1883 1883			1st Mortgage, convertible						
Subscrip. Bonds (assumed stocks). Sink. Fund B'ds (assumed debts)	663,000 1,398,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1876		101	1st Mortgage		1	Jan. & July			1
Bonds of August, 1859, convert w York and Harlem:	604,000		do	1876			Toledo and Wahash	1		June & Dec			1
st Mortgage	3,000,000 1,000,000	7	May & Nov. Feb. & Aug	1872 1893	102	102	1st Mort. (Toledo & Wabash) 1st do (L. E., Wab, & St. Lo.) 2d do (Toledo and Wabash) 2d do (Wabash and Western)	900,000 2,500,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1865 1865	86 86 75 75	
onsolidated Mortgaged Mortgagew York and New Haven;	1,000,000	7	do	1868		95	2d do (Toledo and Wabash)	1,000,000	7		1875 1875	75	
lain Bonds	912,000	7	June & Dec April & Oct	1866			Sinking Fund BondsEquipment bonds	152,355	7	do	1865	60	-
y York, Providence and Boston:							Trou and Roston:			Jan. & July			1
t Mortgagethern Central:			Feb. & Aug				1st Mortgage	300,000	7	Jan. & July Apr. & Oct.	1885		
inking Fund Bonds ork and Cumberl'd Guar. Bonds alt. and Susq. S'k'g Fund Bonds thern New Hampshire; lain Bonds.	2,500,000 500,000	6	Jan. & July Ja Ap Ju Oc	1885 1877	85	88	3d doConvertible	650,000	7	May & Nov. Mar. & Sep.	1875		
alt. and Susq. S'k'g Fund Bonds	150,000	6	do	1866			Troy Union: Mortgage Bonds		1				1
	220,700	6	April & Oct	1874			do do	500,000 180,000	6	Jan. & July do	1863 1867		
thern (Ogdensburg) : st Mortgagel			April & Oct				Union Pacific: 1st Mort. (conv. into U. S. 6s, 30 yr.)		6	Jan. & July	1895		
do	3,077,000	7	do	1861	32		Land Grant Mortgage		7	April & Oct			1
th Pennsylvania : lortgage Bonds hattel Mortgage th-Western Virginia :	2,500,000 360,000	6	April & Oct	1875 1887	85 112	88 120	1st Mortgage	2,000,000	7	May & Nov. Jan. & July	1861	75 22	1
th-Western Virginia :	1 500,000		do				Vermont and Massachusetts:						1
th-Western Virginia: at Mortgage (guar. by Baltimore). do (guar. by B. & O. RR.) do (do do do)	1,500,000 $1,000,000$	6	Jan. & July do	1873 1873	97	98	1st Mortgage		1	Jan. & July		92	1
do (do do do) do (not guaranteed)	500,000 500,000		do	1885 1885	::::	98	1st Mortgage (guaranteed)	900,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1875		1
wich and Worcester : eneral Mortgage							1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon	399,300	7	Jan. & July	1873		
eamboat Mortgage	300,000	7	Jan. & July Feb. & Aug	1870			1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon 2d do registered			April & Oct		****	1
o and Mississippi : t Mortgage (East. Div.)	2,050,000	7	Jan. & July	1872	75	85	Sterling (£899,900) Bonds	4,319,520 850,000	6	April & Oct	1875	96	1
t Mortgage (East. Div.)t do (West. Div.)do (do do)	850,000	7	do	1875 1870	75	85	Albany and W. Stockbridge Bonds. Hudson and Boston Mortgage	1,000,000 150,000	6	Jan. & July June & Dec	'66-'76		
ego and Syracuse :							Western Maryland:					76	
t Mortgage			Jan. & July				1st Mortgage	596,000 260,000	6	Jan. & July do	1890 1890	97	1
ortgage, guar. by Mo			Jan. & July			80	1st Mortgage	175,000	6	May & Nov.	1870		
t Mortgage, sterlingt do dodo do	416,000 346,000	7	April & Oct	1870 1875			2d do	25,000 500,000	6	Jan. & July do	1871 1877		
do do			Feb & Aug.	1872			Guaranteeu (Baitimore) Bonus	200,000	0	uo	1011	***	1
insula : t Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Mch & Sept	1884			Canal:				-		1
nsylvania: t Mortgage	4,980,000		Jan. & July		104	105	Cincinnati and Covington Bridge: 14t Mortgage Bonds		7	Jan. & July	1884	80	1
do	2,621,000	6	April & Oct	1875	100	102				oan. to only	2002	00	1
adelphia and Baltimore Central:	2,283,840	1	do	1875			Chesapeake and Delaware: 1st Mortgage Bonds	2,657,343	6	Jan. & July	1886		
t Mortgagedadelphia and Erie;	575,000						Chesapeake and Ohio:						
t Mortgage (Sunbury & Erie) t do (general) adel., Germant. & Norristown:	1,000,000 3,500,000	7	April & Oct Jan. & July	1877	97 93	94	Maryland Loan Sterling Bonds, guaranteed	2,000,000 4,375,000		Ja Ap Ju Oc do	1870 1890		1
adel., Germant. & Norristown:		- 1			00		Preferred Bonds	1,699,500	6		1885		
onsolidated Loanonvertible Loan	292,500	6	Jan. & July do	1865 1885			Delaware Division :						1
adelphia and Reading : erling Bonds of 1836	408,000	5	Jan. & July	1867			1st Mortgage	800,000	6	Jan. & July	1878	90	
erling Bonds of 1836do do d	182,400 2,856,600	5	do April & Oct	1880 1870	94	94	Delaware and Hudson;	600 000	~	Inna & Dec	198X	15	
do do 1861	106,000	6	Jan. & July	1871	398		1st Mortgage, sinking fund 2d do do do	900,000	7	June & Dec Mch & Sept	1870		
do do 1843-4-8-9 erling Bonds of 1843	1,521,000 976,800		do	1880 1880			Erie of Pennsylvania:						1
terling Bonds of 1843	564,000 60,000	6	do	1886 1886	108	110	1st Mortgage Bonds	752,000 161,000	7	Jan. & July	1868		1
adelphia and Trenton:		1						101,000	0	uo	1000		1
t Mortgage			May & Nov.				Lehigh Navigation : Unsecured Bonds	2,778,341	6	Mch & Sept	1870	9836	1
ortgage Loan	812,000	6	Jan. & July	1884			Monongahela Navigation:						1
sburg and Connellsville : t Mort. (Turtle Cr. Div.) sburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago :	400,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1889			Mortgage Bonds	182,000	6	Jan. & July	1876	****	1
Mortgage	5,200,000	7	Semi an'ally	1912		103	Morris:	PPO 000		Amell & O	1000	00	-
do	5,160,000 2,000,000	7	April & Oct	1912 1912		96	Mortgage Bonds	750,000	6	April & Oct	1919	90	
burg and Steubenville:		1	Feb. & Aug	1881			North Branch: 1st Mortgage	590 000	6	May & Nov.	1876		1
ne and Mississippi	500,000	7	do	1881			Schuylkill Navigation;	500,000		w 1107.			1
do ne and Mississippi: Mortgage (Eastern Div.) do (Western Div.) ing and Columbia: Mortgage tan and Delaware Bay: Mortgage An and Delaware Bay: Mortgage	680,000	8		1875			1st Mortgage	1,764,330	6	Mch & Sept	1872		1
ling and Columbia:	758,000	- 1	do	1875			2d do	3,980,670 586,500	6	Mch & Sept Jan. & July May & Nov.	1882	70	
mortgagetan and Delaware Bay:		- 1	Mch & Sept	1879			Susquehanna and Tide-Water:	,					1
do do	1,000,000 250,000	7 7	Mch & Sept	1888 1888			Maryland Loan	806,000	5	Jan. & July do	1864 1865		
nvertible Bonds	140,000	7	do	1876			do Sterling Loan, converted Mortgage Bonds	993,000	6	do	1878	46	1
Mortgage (Potsdam & Watert.)	800,000	7	Jun. & Dec.	1874			Interest Bonds, pref	227,569	6	do	1864		
do (do do) do (Watertown & Rome)	200,000	7	do Mch & Sept	1862			Union (Pa.): 1st Mortgage	2 500 000	R	May & Nov.	1888	1936	
do (do do)	800,000	7	do	1880				2,500,000			-500		1
Mortgage	1,800,000	7 1	Feb. & Ang	1863			West Branch and Susquehanna: 1st Mortgage	450,000	6	Jan. & July	1878		
do	937,500 440,000	7	do	1863 1863	18%								
amento Valley:							Wyoming Valley: 1st Mortgage	750,000	6	Jan. & July	1878	90	1
Mortgage do do douis, Alton and Terre Haute;	329,000 1	0 1	Jan. & July Feb. & Aug	1881			Miscelleneers					1	
Mortgage				1894	90	92	Miscellaneous: Mariposa Mining:			The see !	1		-
do preferred	2,800,000	7	Semi an'ally do May & Nov.	1894	76 70	75	1st Mortgage	1,500,000	7	Jan. & July April & Oci	18-		
do Income							The state of the s	2,000,000		april & UC	.8 -	140	1
do (original)	77,000	7	feb. & Aug do May & Nov. Feb. & Aug	1900 1866	60		Pennsylvania Coal; 1st Mortgage	600,000	7	Feb. & Au	1871		1.
nds and Scrip Ruky, Mansfeld and Newark:	201,500	7 7	May & Nov.	1875			Quickeliver Mining :	,000		- Auf			1
							1st Mortgage						

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

-	1	TRATERE S				ISCELLANEOUS STOCK	W	Divide		W.	
COMPANIES.	Stock out- standing.	Periods.	Last p'd.	Mar Bid.		COMPANIES.	Stock out- standing.	Divide Periods.		-	Aski
Railroad.	1 947 100					New York and Boston Air Line.100	788,047	Feb and Ana	Ang 9	93	933
Albany and Susquehanna 100 Alleghany Valley 50 Alton and St. Louis 100 Altantic & Great Western, N. Y. 100 do do Obio 100 do do Obio 100	1,947,600	Owenterly	A 19/			New York and Boston Air Line. 100 New York Central 100 New York and Harlem 50 do preferred 50 Niagara Bridge & Canandaigua. 100 New York and New Haven 100 New York Providence & Boston100 New York Providence & Boston100	5,085,050	Ton and Inly	July 4		303
Atlantic & Great Western, N. Y.100	919,153	Quarterly.	Aug1%			Niagara Bridge & Canandaigus. 100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	July8		
do do Pa100 do do Ohio.100	2,500,000 5,000,000					New York and New Haven100 New York Providence & Boston100	2,980,839 1,508,000	Jan. and July Quarterly. Quarterly.	July4 July3	115	120
do do Ohio.100 Baltimore and Ohio	13,188,902	April and Oct	Apr4	116%	117%	Ninth Avenue 100 Northern of New Hampshire 100 Northern Central 50 North Pennsylvania 50	795,360	June and Dec			
Bellefontaine Line100	4,434,250	Feb. and Aug	Aug3			Northern Central 50	3,344,800	Quarterly.	July2	91	92
Belvidere, Delaware	600,000	Quarterly. June & Dec.	July 1%					Jan. and July	July4	50 90 32	52 108
Belvidere, Delaware	250,000	June & Dec.	June .21/2	1114	19	Ogdensburg & L. Champlain 100 Ohio and Mississippi 100 do preferred . 100 Old Colony and Newport 100	21 250 000			32 25	34 273
Boston and Lowell500	1,830,000	June & Dec.	June .3%	95		do preferred100	2,979,000	Jan. and July	July. 3%	65 105%	67
Boston and Providence100	3,160,000	Jan. and July Jan. and July	July 5	113½ 125	126	Old Colony and Newport 100 Oswego and Syracuse 50	482,400	reo. and mug	Aug4		
Boston and Worcester	4,500,000 492,150	Jan. and July			125	Oswego and Syracuse	5.000.000	Quarterly.	July5	252	255
Brooklyn City	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug31/2	140		Peninsula 100 Pennsylvania 50 Philadelphia and BaltimoreCent100	20,000,000	May and Nov	May5	115	1153
Buffalo, New York, and Erie100	850,000	Jan, and July	July3%			Philadelphia and BaltimoreCentilo Philadelphia and Erie 50	5,013,054			44	45
Buffalo and State Line	2,200,000	Feb. & Aug.	Aug5			Philadelphia and Erie	20,072,323	Mar. and Nov	Mar	106%	106
Camden and Amboy 100 Camden and Atlantic 50	6,472,400	Jan. and July	July5	127	12736	Phila., Wilmington & Baltimore 50	8,657,300	Apr. and Oct	Apr5		135
do do preferred. 50 Cape Cod. 60	682,600							Quarterly. Jan. and July Jan. and July	July. 236	97	97
Cape Cod	681,665		July3%	951/	26%	Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago 100 Portland, Saco, and Portsmouth 100 Providence and Worcester	1,500,000	Jan. and July	July. 4	96	
do preferred 50	2,200,000	Feb. & Aug.	Aug31/2	50%	52	Racine and Mississippi100	2,100,000				
Central of New Jersey	5,600,000 sd Mh, 28	Quarterly.	July 21/2	120	121	Raritan and Delaware Bay100 Reading and Columbia50	2,360,700 501,890	Jan. and July			
Chester Valley	2,085,925			42%		Rensselaer and Saratoga 50		Jan. and July Jan. and July	July4		
Cape Cod.	1,783,100	Feb. & Aug.	Aug 31/2	96		Rutland and Burlington100	2,233,376				39
Chicago Burlington and Quincy. 100	2,425,200 8,376,510	May & Nov.	May6	97 113	97½ 114	do do pref.100	2.300,000 1,700,000	Annually.	May7	38 65	39
Chicago Iowa and Nahraska 100	1 000 000					Rutland and Burlington	2,956,590				
Chicago and Milwaukee 100	2,250,000				90	Sandusky, Mansfield & Newark100	862,571				
Chicago and Milwaukee 100 Chicago and Northwestern 100 do do pref 100 Chicago and Rock Island 100 Cincinnati and Chicago Air Line100	11,990,520 8,435,500	June & Dec.	June314	28½ 63¼	63%	Sandusky, Dayton, and Unicin. 100 do	576,000 650,000	Jan. and July Apr. and Oct Feb. and Aug Quarterly.	April	50	75
Chicago and Rock Island 100	6,000.000	April and Oct	Apr 5	1083	1083	Shamokin Valley & Pottsville. 50	869,450	Feb. and Aug	Aug. 3	120	
		May and Nov.	May4			Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y.100	1,200,130				
Cincinnati and Zanesville100 Cleveland, Columbus, & Cincin.100 Cleveland, Painesville & Ashta.100	2,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Ang. 5	122	125	Terre Haute and Richmond 50 Third Avenue (N. Y.)	1,900,150	Jan. and July Quarterly.	July6 July3		
Cleveland, Painesville & Ashta. 100	4,000.000	Feb. and Aug April and Oct	Apr4	72		Third Avenue (N. Y.)	1,700,000	Quarterly.			
Cleveland and Pittsburg 50 Cleveland and Toledo 50 Columbus & Indianapolis Cent.100	4,256,987	Feb. and Aug April and Oct	Aug5	100%	72½ 102	do do 1st prei.100	1,700,000				
Columbus & Indianapolis Cent.100 Columbus and Xenia100	1 490 800	Jan. and July				Toledo and Wabash 50	2,442,350	June and Dec	June.3	38	60
Concord 50	1.500,000	Jan. and July Jan. and July	July 31/2	63		Tioga. 100 Troy and Boston 100 Troy and Greenbush 100 Utica and Black River 100	125,000	June and Dec Jan. and July	July3%		
Concord and Portsmouth100 Coney Island and Brooklyn100	500,000	Jan. and July	July8%			Troy and Boston	974 400	June and Dec	June .3		
Connecticut and Passumpsic 100	392,900	Jan. and July		791/		Utica and Black River100	811,560	Jan. and July June and Dec	July2	993/	100
Concord and Portsmouth	1,591,100	Jan. and July	July. 4			Vermont and Canada100 Vermont and Massachusetts100	9 914 995	Jan. and July		43	433
Dayton and Michigan	1,582,169 2,316,705					Warren100 Westchester and Philadelphia50	1,408,300 684,036	Jan. and July	July3	931/2	
Delaware Lacks & Western 50	406,139	Jan. and July	July. 3	145	160	Warren 100 Westchester and Philadelphia 50 Western (Mass) 100 Worcester and Nashua 83 Wrightsville, York & Gettysb'g 50	5,665,000	Jan. and July Jan. and July	July. 4	126%	1263
Des Moines Valley100	1,550,000	Jan. and July	July.10	140	100	Wrightsville, York & Gettysb'g 50	317,050	Jan. and July	July1		
do do pref100	952,350					Chesaneake and Delaware 25	1.343.563				
Dayton and Micingan 100	1,751,577					Chesapeake and Ohio 25 Delaware Division. 50 Delaware and Hudson. 100 Delaware Junction (Pa.). 100 Delaware and Raritan. 100	8,228,595	Fob and An	Ang 9	60	
do do pref. 100 Eastern, (Mass) 100 Eighth Avenue, N. Y. 100 Elmira, Jefferson, & Canandagua100	3,155,000	Jan. and July	July3	95	96	Delaware and Hudson	10,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug.10	143%	144
Elmira, Jefferson, & Canandagua 100	1,000,000	Quarterly. Feb. and Aug	July. 3			Delaware and Raritan 100	398,910	Jan. and July	July. 5		
Elmira and Williamsport 50	500,000	Jan. and July	July2%	60	70	Lancactor and Suconchanna 50	50A) UAA)		117	
Elmira, Jefferson, & Canandagna 100 Elmira de Williamsport	16,400,100	Feb. & Aug.	Aug4	86%	94	Lehigh Navigation 50 Monongahela Navigation 50 Morris (consolidated) 100 do preferred 100 North Branch 50	726,800	May and Nov	1		
do preferred	8,535,700	Feb. & Aug.	Aug. 31/2	80	83	Morris (consolidated)100	1,025,000	Feb. and Aug Feb. and Aug	Aug. 4	120	85
Eric and Pittsburg	256,500	Ton and Inla	T-1- 0	*0*	100	North Branch 50	138,086				
Hannibal and St. Joseph100	1,900,000	Jan. and July	July3	-95	100	Schuylkill Navigation (consol.). 50 do preferred. 50	2,888,805	Feb. and Aug	Ang. 316	68	70
do do pref100	5,253,836	Onartorly	July 9	148		Schuyikhii Navigation (consol.). 50 do preferred. 50 Susquehanna and Tide-Water 50 Union	2,050,070			18	70 20 40
Housatonic 100 do preferred 100 Hudson River 100 Huntingdon and Broad Top 50 do do pref 50 Hinois Central 100 Indianapolis and Medican 50 Indianapolis and Medican 50 Hudianapolis and Medican 50 100	820.000	Quarterly.	oury			do preferred 50	1	1			
Hudson River	6,218,042	Jan. and July April and Oct	Apr5	109%	110	West Branch and Susquehanna.100 Wyoming Valley	700,000	Quarterly.	June.4	103	104
Huntingdon and Broad Top 50	617,500	Inn and July	Inly 91			Miscellaneous.	1 500 000	Feb and Am	Ang 4	63	1
Illinois Central100	22,888,900	Feb. and Aug	Au5&108	124	125	Miscellaneous	1,500,000	Au	10		
Indianapolis and Cincinnati 50 Ipdianapolis and Madison100	412.000	Jan. and July	Apr4 July3	123		Ashburton Coal	4.000.000	Quarterly.	July.25	148	148
Indianapolis and Madison	407,900	Jan, and July	July. 4			Brunswick City 100	900 000				
Jonet and Chicago	1.OARLURA	Quarterly.	Ang134		92	Brooklyn Gas100	2,000,000	Feb. and Au	g Aug	1	
Kennebec and Portland (new)100 Lackawanna and Bloomsburg50				70	90	Carv Improvement100	5,000,000			39%	393
do do pref. 50 Lehigh Valley 50 Lexington and Frankfort 50 Little Miami 100 Little Schuylkill 50 Louisville and Frankfort 50 Louisville and Na-hyilt 100 Louisville and Na-hyilt 100	500,000	Ouertorly	Terler 01			Cary Improvement. Central American Trans. 1.00 Central Coal. 1.00 Citizens (Brooklyn) Gas. 20 Consolidation Coal, Md. 1.00 Cumberland Coal, preferred. 1.00 Farmers Loan and Trust. 22 Harlem Gas. 55	3,214,300	Jan. and Jul	5	21 46	20
Lexington and Frankfort 50	516,57	Feb. and Aug	Aug2		128	Citizens (Brooklyn) Gas 20	1,000,000	Jan. and Jul	y July4	30	190
Little Miami	2,981,26	Jan. and July	July 3	110 58	115	Consolidation Coal, Md100	6,000,000	Jan. and Jul		43%	43
Long Island	1,852,71	Quarterly.	Aug2	80	90	Farmers Loan and Trust 2	1,000,00	Jan. and Jul	y July4		
Louisville and Nashville	5,605,83	May and Nov	May4			Hampshire and Baltimore Coal. 100	500,000				
Louisville, New Albany & Chic. 100 McGregor Western	2,800,00	0					1,000,000				
McGregor Western 100 Maine Central 100 Marietta and Cincinnati 50 do do 1st pref. 50 do do 2d pref. 50	1,050,86	0		9	10	Manhattan Gas 50	4,000,000	Jan. and Jul	y July5	170	175
do do 1st pref. 50	6,205,40	Feb. and Aug	Feb .3s	35		Mariposa Gold100 Metropolitan Gas100	12,000,000			1234	123
		Feb. and Aug Jan. and July	Feb .3s	23	27	Minnesota	1,000,000			8	
				1001	108%	New Jersey Zinc10	1,200,00	5			
do do guaran 100	2,183,600 2,183,600	Feb. and Aug	Aug. psd	. 66	. 130	New York Gas Light	1,000,000	May and No	g Aug. 5	210	
Milwaukee and Prairie Du Chien100	2,988,07	Poh end A	Ang	48%	49	Nicaragua Transit	1,000,00	0	Alore Box		
do do 1.1 - 0.100	2,414,500	June and Dec	June33	95	97 85	Scrip (25 paid)	4,000,00	Quarterly.	A goa zo		
do do 1st pref.100 do do 2d pref.100	1,044,00	NI .		28		Pennsylvania Coal 50	3,200,00	Feb. and Au	g Aug5	156	159
		Feb. and And	Ang 21				1,000,00			1	/ KR
do preferred. 100 Mine Hill & Schuylkill Haven. 50 Mississippi and Missonsi	1,090,000 2,400,000 3,700,000	Jan, and July	July. 4	1111	112	Quicksilver10	10,000,00	Jan. and Jul	y July	. 52%	9 00
	1,090,000 2,400,000 3,700,000	Jan, and July	July. 4	1111	112	Rutland Marble	10,000,00 1,000,00 2,500,00	Jan. and Jul Jan. and Jul	y July y July	523	
do preferred. 100 Mine Hill & Schuylkill Haven. 50 Mississippi and Missonsi	1,090,000 2,400,000 3,700,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug38	78	85 116	Quicksilver 10 Rutland Marble 22 Saginaw Land, Salt and Min. 22 Union Trust 10	10,000,00 5 1,000,00 5 2,500,00	Jan. and Jul Jan. and Jul	y July y July	. 52)	100
do preferred. 100 Mine Hill & Schuylkill Haven. 50 Mississippi and Missonsi	1,090,000 2,400,000 3,700,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug. 38	78	85 116	Quicksilver	0 10,000,00 5 1,000,00 5 2,500,00 0 3,000,00 1,000,00	O Jan. and Jul O Jan. and Jul O Feb. and An O Feb. and Au	y July y July g Aug. 4 g Aug. 5	65 165	100 72 180
do preferred100 Mine Hill & Schuylkill Haven 50	1,090,000 2,400,000 3,700,000 3,452,300 3,000,000 600,000 1,000,000 500,000 738,53	Feb. and Aug	Aug. 38	78	85 116	Mariposa Gold	10,000,00 1,000,00 2,500,00 3,000,00 1,000,00 1,000,00	O Jan. and Jul O Jan. and Jul O Feb. and Au O Feb. and Au Quarterly.	y July y July g Aug. 4 g Aug. 5 July. 2 t Apr5	65 165 70	100 72 180 70

ket.

931

120

115%

135

97%

39

75

125

144

85

104

148

3914

43%

175 12%

159

58

Insurance and Mining Journal.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

	and-	DIVIE	END.	MARKET.		
COMPANIES.	Amount outstand- ing.	Periods.	Last paid.	Bid.	Last sale.	
driatic	\$300,000	Jan. and July.	July5		85	
bany City100	200,000		T.1. 024 0 50		125	
merican Exchange 100	200,000	Jan. and July. March and Sep	Sep		135 873	
retic 50	500,000	Jan. and July.	Julyps'd		101	
stor	300,000	March and Sep	Sep		130	
altic	200,000	May and Nov.	May 4		100	
owery 25	300,000	June and Dec.	June5		162	
revoort	200,000	Feb. and July.	Aug6		135	
rooklyn (L. I)	153,000	do	Aug10		210	
entral Park100	150,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug4		76	
itizens' 20	300,000	Jan. and July.	July 10		230	
linton	250,000	Jan. and July.	July5		95	
olumbian100	3,500,000	do	July 5		102	
ommerce (Albany)100	200,000	Tana and Tala	T-l-		125	
ommercial	250,000	April and Oct.	April5		883	
ontinental 100	500,000	Jan. and July.	July7		1713	
roton100	200,000	Jan. and July.	July		1003	
agle	200,000	April and Oct.	April 736		1503	
xcelsior 50	200,000	do	July5		1023	
remen's	204,000	Jan. and July.	July5		1124	
iremen's Fund 10	150,000	do	July 31/2		593	
ulton	200,000	do	July5		110	
allatin 50	150,000	May and Nov.	May 6		85	
ermania	500,000	Jan. and July.	July5		307	
lobe	200,000	do	July5		115	
reenwich	200,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug 7		1543	
rocers'	200,000	March and Sep	Sep		99	
amilton	150,000	Jan. and July	July 4		90	
anover	300,000	do	July5		130	
offman	200,000	Ian and July	Inly 5		100	
lope	200,000	do	Jan 5		106	
Ioward 50	300,000	do	July 10		1743	
mporters' and Traders'. 50	200,000	do	July6		106	
ndemnity	1.000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug		75	
rving	200,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug 5		105	
efferson	150,000	Jan. and July	July 5		156	
ling's County (Brook'n) 20	150,000	March and Sep	Sep		70	
afayette (Brooklyn) 50	150,000	do do	July5		95	
amar100	300,000	March and Sor	July		115	
ong Island (Brooklyn). 50	200,000	Jan. and July	July 10		151	
orillard 25	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Ang 5		000	
fanhattan 100	500,000	Jan. and July	July 5		135	
fechanics' (Brooklyn) 50	150,000	do	July5		135	
dechanics' and Traders' 25	200,000	do	July 5		135	
Merchants'	200,000	do	July		200	
Montank (Brooklyn) 50	1,000,000	do	July		130	
Morris (and inland)100	200,000				100	
National 3714	200,000	Jan. and July	July 7		175	
New Amsterdam 25	300,000	do	July		97	
N. Y. Equitable	210,000	do	July		80	
N. Y. Equitable 30 N. Y. Fire 100	200,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug6		. 125	
Niagara	1,000,000	June and July	June . 6 & 50 s.	1::::	120	
North River 25	350,000	April and Oct	April 4		. 106	
Pacific	200,000	do do	July 73	1::::	127	
Peter Cooper	200,000	do Feb. and Ang	July		. 99	
People's	150,000	Jan. and July	July		. 88	
Relief	200.000	do	July		155	
Republic100	300,000	do	July 31 & 20 8		. 90	
Rutgers'	200,000	Feb. and Ang	August 33		112	
St. Mark's	150,000	do	Aug		. 88	
Security	1,000.000	do	Aug.		195	
Standard 50	200,000	Jan. and July	. July	5	120	
Sterling 100	200,000				100	
Stuyvesant	200,00	Feb. and Aug	Aug		. 87	
Niagara Simon Niagara Simon North American Simon North American Simon North River Simon North River Simon North River Simon Potent Coper Simon Simon Simon	250,000	do do	July	3	112	
Washington 50 Williamsburg City 50 Yonkers and New York 100	400,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug.	4	. 150	

INSURANCE MATTERS.

INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION .- The Internal Revenue Department has rendered the following decision with regard to Insurance agents and brokers :

"An insurance agent is a person who acts under authority from his company or companies, receiving as salary or compensation some stipulated sum; he is subject to their control, and his acts within the scope of his authority are binding upon them.

"An insurance broker does business upon his own individual authority; he has no power to bind either party ts a policy of insurance. He simply offers risks to companies for their consideration, upon which, if accepted, it is customary for him to receive a certain brokerage. This he may receive from either of the parties, from the insurers, or from the insured; it is immaterial from which party he receives his compensation to render him liable to a license tax."

From Dec. 1, 1864, to May 1, 1865, there were 176 fires in New York city, the alleged loss by which amounted to \$4,052,643, with an insurance of \$3,100,325. The total amount of insurance paid

MINING MATTERS.

GOLD ON LAKE SUPERIOR .- During the year 1864 it was reported that gold was found at several points in the so-called "Silver Lead District " in Marquette County, Lake Superior, but nothing of a definite character was shown to prove its actual existence. During the present year the district has been partially explored, and several large lodes of quartz, intermingled with iron and copper pyrites, have been discovered. One of these, on the property of the "Lake Superior Silver Lead Company," has been opened, as we are credibly informed, to the depth of about eight to ten feet from the surface, and proves, at the depth, to be a well defined lode, fully five feet wide, with regular walls. Specimens from the lode were sent to this city, and the results of their assay, as shown below, prove conclusively that gold exists in the district. Labor, fuel, and transportation are much lower than in the gold bearing districts of California and Colorado, and, as the company on which this discovery has been made has ample capital to develop the lode, it can probably be made remunerative. The following is the copy of assay, made by Messrs. Torry and Maier, well known chemists and assavers :

New York, August 21, 1865.

ALEXANDER H. SIBLEY, Esq.

Dear Sir: The sample of ore from Lake Superior, left with us for assay, gave the following results:

DIVIDEND .-- The Gould & Curry Silver Mining Company of San Francisco has declared a dividend for the month of July of \$40 per foot, in gold, payable to eastern stockholders, less exchange, by Lees & Waller, No. 33 Pine street.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	MARI	KET.		MARKET.			
COMPANIES.	Bid.	Asked.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Asked.		
Adamantine Oil			Maple Shade of N. Y.				
Alleghany			Maple Shade of Phil.				
Allen Wright		1 00	Montana				
Beekman			Mount Vernon		65		
Bennehoff Reserve		1 00	National Oil of N. Y.				
Bennehoff Run		14 00	N. York, Phila. and				
Bergen Coal and Oil.		19	Baltimore Consol				
Black Creek			Noble & Delamater				
Blood Farm		12 00			4 00		
Shood Farm	******		of Philadelphia				
Bradley Oil	*******	2 80	Noble & Delamater		1 50		
Brevoort	12 50	13 50	Rock Oll				
Brooklyn		1 50	Northern Light				
Buchanan Farm	70	24	Oceanic	90	1 00		
alifornia			Oil City Petroleum				
Cascade			Oil Creek of N. Y	3 55	3 75		
Central	19 50		Pacific				
Cherry Run Petrol'm	23	25	Palmer Petroleum				
lifton		3 00	People's Petroleum				
ommercial		10 00	Phillips	50	2 00		
ommonwealth			Pit Hole Creek	8 36	8 45		
onsolidated of N. Y.		2 00	President		8 00		
e Kalb			Rawson Farm	25	1 00		
Dalzell			Rawson Farm	20	2 00		
Devon Oil			Rynd Farm	75	90		
mn'e City Petrol'm	85	80	Sherman & Barnsd'le	10			
Emp'e City Petrol'm Interprise	00	2 00	Southard		45		
everett Petroleum	50	2 00	Standard Petroleum.	45	-		
excelsior		1 42	Story & McClintock.				
First National		35	Story & McClintock.		00		
ountain Petroleum.	760	3 00	Success		48		
			Tack Fetr in of N.1.	90	-360		
Culton Oil	30		Talman	35			
ermania	30	35					
't Western Consol.			Terragenta				
Build Farm		1 50	Titus Oil				
Hammond			Titus Estate				
leydrick	50	1 15	Union				
Heydrick Brothers	1 35	1 38	United Pe'tl'm F'ms.	~			
lickory Farm		5 00	United Pe'tl'm F'ms. United States	28 25	28 90		
ligh Gate			United States Pe-				
Iome		12 00	troleum Candle				
nexhaustible	37	49	Venango				
nexhaustible Johnson's Fulton Oil	6 25	6 50	Vesta				
Knickerbocker Pet'm			Watson Petroleum		2 40		
amb Farms				1 61	1 68		
McClintockville			W Virg Oil and Coal		15		
McElhenny			Woods & Wright				
McKinley		4 50	Oil Creek				
McKinley Manhattan Maple Grove	95	De- 50	Working People's				
Manla Chora	- w	75 00	Petroleum				

TABLE OF LETTER POSTAGES TO I	FOREIGN	Countries.	Exc.	Not Exc. 10.	Not Not Exc. Exc. Exc. 40. 40.
The Asterisk (*) indicates that in ca	ses where		cts.	cts.	cts. cts.
ment is optional; in all other cases prepayn		C. Am. Pac. Sloop, via Panama Ceylon, open mail, via London, b		10	Holland, open mail, via London, by British pkt
quired.	Not Not	American packet		21	Holstein, Prussian closed mail, (if pre-
Countries.	Exc. Exc. 10. 10.	do open mail, via London, b	y		paid, 33c) *35
Acapulco	cts. cts.	do French mail		60	do by Bremen or Hamburg
Aden, British Mail, via Southampton		do Brit. mail, via Southampto			do French mail *27 *54
Alexandria, Prussian closed mail (if	***	do do Marseilles			Honduras 35
do by Bremen or Hamburg	*88	Chili			Indian Archipelago, French mail 30 60 do British mail, via
mail	*80	do do Marseilles			Marseilles 39 45
do French mail	*30 *60	do do Br'n or Hmb'g m		K.K.	Ionian Islands, Prussian closed mail, (if prepaid, 36c) *38
do open mail, via England, by Am. pkt	21	do by Br'n or Hmb'g mail, vi		55	do French mail *30 *60
de open mail, via England,		Marseilles and Suez	. 40		do British mail, via Eng-
by British pkt		do French maildo by mail to San Fran., thence	. 30	60	Japan, British mail, via Southampton 45
Arabia, British mail, via Southampton		by mail to San Fran., thence		3	do do via Marseilles 53
do do Marseilles	39 45	Constantinople, Prus. closed mail, (f	***	do French mail 30 60
Argentine Republic, via England do via France, in French	45	do French mail	*20	*60	Liberia, British mail
mail from Bordeaux		do by Br'n or Hmb'g mail		*32	prepaid, 40c) *42
Ascension, via England	45	do open mail, via London, b			do by Bremen or Hamburg
Australia, British mail via Sth'mpt'n	10	do open mail, via London, b		21	mail*15 do French mail*21 *42
do do Marseilles		Brit. packet		5	Luxumburg, Grand Duchy, Prussian
do by private ship from New		Corfu—see Ionoan Islands		01	closed mail
do Fch. mail (S'th Austr'a Co.)	*30 *60	do do Brit. packe		21 5	do Grand Duchy, Prussian closed mail, when pre-
do by Beem. or Hamb'g mail		do French mail,	*15		paid 28
via Marseilles and Suez	50 102	Costa Rica		10	do Grand Duchy, French
do by Bremen and Hamb'g mail via Trieste	55	Cuba		10 45	do Grand Duchy, Bremen *21 *42
Austria and its States, Prussian closed		Denmark, Prus. closed mail (if pre			mail *15
do do Prussian closed	*30	paid, 33cts)		*35	do Grand Duchy, Hamburg
do do Prussian closed ml. when prp'd	28	do by Brem, or Hmb'g mai do French mail	*27	*54	mail*22 Madeira, Island of, via England 29 37
do do by Brem. or Hamb'g		East Indies, open mail, via London, by	7		Majorca and Minorca, British mail 33
mail	*15	do open mail, via London, by		21	do do French mail 21 42 Malta, Island of, open mail, via Lond.
do do (except prov. in Italy) Fch. mail	*21 *47	do open mail, via London, by British pecket		5	by American pkt 21
Azores Island, British mail via Por.	29 32	do Prussia closed mail, vi	1		do op. mail, via Brit. pkt 5
Baden, Prussian closed mail (if prep'd	#90	do (Ing possessions) Prus	• • • •	68	do French mail *30 *60 Martinique, via England 45
do Bremen or Hamburg mail	*15	do (Lng. possessions.) Prus closed mail, via Trieste		36	Marrinique, via England
do French mail	*21 *42	by Br'n or Hamb'g mail, vis	3		do do via Marseilles 39 45
Bahamas, by direct st'r from N. Y.	5	Marseilles and Suez		72	do French mail
Batavia, British mail via Southamt'n do do do Marseilles,		do by Br'n or Hamb'g mail		64	and Pacific coast 34
do French mail	30 60	do French mail	30	60	do to places excepted above 10
Bavaria, Prussian closed mail do do when prepaid		Ecuador	• • • •	34	Mecklenburg, (Strelitz and Schwerin,) Prussian closed mail *30
do by Bremen or Hamb'g mail	*15	France		*30	do do when p'paid 28
do French mail	*21 *42	Frankfort, French mail	*21	*42	do (Strelitz and Schwerin,)
do closed mail, via England,		do Prussian closed mail do do do when		*30	by Bremen or Hamburg mail*15
do open mail, via London, by		prepaid		*28	do (Strelitz and Schwerin,)
American packet	21	do Bremen or Hamburg mai			French mail *21 *42
do open mail, via London, by British packet	5	Gambia, via England	• • • • •	33 45	Montevideo, via England 45 do via France, by Frn'h mail
Belgrade, open mail, via London, by		Guatemala		10	from Bordeaux 80 60
American packet	21	German States, 17ths, closed mail (1	I	***	Naples, Kingdom of, Prus. clos'd mail 28
do open mail, via London, by British packet	5	do French mail	*21	*42	do do French mail *21 *42 do do by Bremen and
do by French mail,	*21 *42	do Bremen mail			Hamburg mail 22
Beyrout Prussian closed mail, (if	*40	do (except Luxemburgh		*1-	Nassau, N. Prov., by direct steamer
do French mail	*30 *60	Hamburg mail Gibraltar, French mail			from N. Yerk 5 Netherlands, The, French mail *21 *42
Bogota, New Granada	18	do open mail, via London, by	7		do open mail, via Lon.,
Bolivia		Amn. pkt			by Amer. pkt 21
do France, in Fch mail from	45	do open mail by British pkt. Great Britain and Ireland		*25	do open mail, via Lon., by British pkt 5
Bordeaux	*33 *66	Greece, Prussian closed mail, (if pre	-		New Brunswick*10
Bremen, Prussian closed mail,		paid. 40c)	****	*42	Newfoundland 10
do do do when prep'd do Bremen mail	*10	do French mail		*60	New Granada, (except Aspinwall and Panama,)
do Hamburg mail	*15	mail		*35	New South Wales, British mail, via
do French mail	*21 *42	do open mail, via London, by	7		Southampton 33
Brit. A. Am. Prov., except Canada and New Brunsw'k not over 3,000 m.	*10	do open mail, via London, by		21	do do British mail, via Marseilles 39 45
do do do exceeding 3,000 m.	*15	British pkt.		5	do do French mail *30 *60
Brunswick, Prussian mail		Hamburg, by Hamburg' mail, direc	t	***	do do by mail to San
do do when prep'd by Brem. or Hamb'g ml.	*15	do Bremen mail	• • • •	*10	Francisco 8 New Zealand, British mail, via South-
do French mail	*21 *42	do Prussian closed mail		*30	hampton
Buenos Ayres, via England		do do do when	1	11.7	do British mail, via Mars'ls 39 45
do via France by French mail from Bordeaux	80 60	do French mail	*91	28	do French mail *30 *60 Nicaragu, Pacific slope, via Panama 10
Cenada		Hanoyer, Prussian closed mail			do Gulf Coast of 34
Canary Islands, via England	38 45	do do when prepaid	l		Norway, Prus. closed mail, (if p'paid,
Cape of Good Hope, Brit. mail, via	45	do by Bremen or Hamburg		#1=	42c)
do do Brit. mail via	40	do French mail			do by Bremen or Hamb'g mail, *38 do French mail *38 *66
Marseilles,		Hayti, via England		45	Nova Scotia—see Brit. N. American
Cape de Verde Islands, via England	29 87	Holland, French mail	*21	*42	Oldenburg Prus closed mail (if nys.
do do in Fch, mail, via Bord'x and Lisbon	80 60	do open mail, via London, by American pkt		21	Oldenburg, Prus. closed mail, (if pre- paid, 28c)*30
	H 181	P		-	

		Not	Not
C	ountries.	Exc.	Exc.
		to.	d o. cts.
Oldenburg, by B	remen or Hamburg		
mail			*13
do Frenc	ch mail	*21	*42
Panama	n mail, via England.	•••	10
Paraguay, Britisl	n mail, via England.	• • •	45
Darit			22
Philippine Islan	ds, British mail, vis		
	Southampton .		45
do do	British mail, vis		
	Marseilles	•••	60
do do	French	30	00
Poland, Prussian	closed mail (if pre	•	*37
paid, so	en or Hamb'g mail.		*29
do by Brem	h mail	*30	*60
Do by Freit	sh mailsh mail, via Havana.		34
Porto Rico, Direc	mail, via England men or Hamb's mai	33	45
do by Bre	men or Hamb'g mai	1 80	42
do by Fre	nch mail, via Behobis	21	42
do	do via Bord'x & Lis	. 30	
Prussia, Prussian	closed mail		*30
do do	do when prep		28 *15
do by Bren	nen or Hamburg mai	1	*15
do French	mail	*21	*42
	ates Prus. closed mai	*27	44 *54
do do	French mail		*54
do do	Bremen or Ham burg mail		*28
	ion closed mail (14		20
Romagna, Pruss	sian closed mail (if		*42
prepaid, 40c.)	-111 (if		-42
Russia, Prussian	closed mail (if pre	-	*87
paid, 80	en or Hamb'g mail.		*29
do by Brem	mail	#20	*60
do French	la ha mail to Co.		00
	ds, by mail to San		3
Francisco	D224 1 /3		U
Sardinian States	, Prus. cl'd mail (i	1	*42
1. do	prepaid, 40c.) French mail	*21	*42
do do	Brem, or Ham, mai		*28
	of		*80
Savoy, District	Prussian closed mai	1	*80
do	do when pre		00
do	by Bre. or Ham. mai	1	*15
do	French mail	*21	*42
Saxe-Coburg-Go	French mail tha, Meiningen an	d	
	Weimar, Pr. cl'd m		
do do	do when pre		28
do do	do Brem. or Ham		***
1. 1.	burg mail.	*21	*15
do do	do French mail.	-21	
	do when pro		28
do do	by Brem. or Ham. m		*15
Schleswig, by B	French mailrem. or Ham. mail.		*25
do Fren	ch mail	*27	*54
do Pruse	sian closed mail (i	f	
prepaid, 33c.)	o, Prus. closed mail		*35
Sicilies, The Tw	o, Prus. closed mail		47
do do	French mail	*21	*42
do do	open m i via Lon. b	y	01
do 1.	Amer. packet.		21
do do	open m'l via Lon. b		
do do	Brit. packet by Bremen or Ham		5
hurg mail			22
Singapore, Brit.	m'l, via Southamptor		
do d	o via Margeilles		53
do Fren	ch mail	. 30	60
Spain, Brit. mail	, by Amer. packet.		
do do	ch mail, by Amer. packet. by British packet		5
do Liench m	mile		42
do by Breme	en or Hamburg mail	. 30	42
St. Thomas, by	U.S. pkt., to Kingston	,	10
do via	amaica		18 34
Sweden Pros cl	d mail (if prop'd 36c		*40
do by Bren	Havana'd mail (if prep'd, 36c, nen or Hamburg mai	i :::	*33
do French	mail	*33	*66
Smyrna, Prus. cl	mail'd mail (if prep'd,38c.)	*40
do French	maild mail (if prep'd, 83c.	. *30	*60
Switzerl'd, Pr. cl'	d mail (if prep'd, 33c.)	*35
do Frenc	h mail	. *21	*42
do by B	remen mail		*19
do by H	lamburg mail		*19
byna, british m	all, via Marsellies, D	V	4-
do French	packet	. 83	
Turkey in F.	ailurope, and Turkis	. 80	60
Islands in th	e Mediterranean, ex	-	
cept as herein	mentioned:		
Prussian cl	osed mail		28
By Bremen	or Hamburg mail. via Lon., by Am. pk do by Brit. pk		*82
Open mail,	via Lon., by Am. pk	t	21
	do by Ruit nh		5
go	do by brit. pa		

	Not	Not
	Exc.	Exc.
		₫ C.
Turkey in E	urope, cities of, except as	cts.
herein me		
By Free	och mail, via Austria 21	*42
Turk's Islan	nd	19
Tuscany, Pr.	. cl'd mail (if prepaid, 40c.)	*42
do Fre	ench mail *21	*42
do by	Bremen or Hamburg mail	*28
Uruguay, vi	a France, by French mail	
	from Bordeaux 30	60
do B	ritish mail, via England	45
	n's Land, British mail, via	
	Southampton	33
do		
	Marseilles 39	45
do		60
	tates, Prus. closed mail (if	00
	prepaid, 28c.)	*30
do	French mail *27	
do	by Bremen or Ham-	
uo	burg mail	*15
Vanaguala	British mail, via South-	-10
		4 1
West India	s, British	45
do		10
	not British (except Cuba)	34
do	g, Pr. cl'd mail	*30
	do when pre	28
do	by open mail, via Lon.,	
	in American packet	21
do	by open mail, via Lon.,	
	in British packet	5
do	French mail *21	*42
do	Bremen or Hamb'g mail	*15

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

U S. Mail Line CALIFORNIA.

By the steamers of the ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY from New York to Aspinwall, by Railroad of the PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY from Aspinwall to Panama, and by Steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY from Panama to San Francisco.

D B. ALLEN. General Agent of the Line, No. 5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO., No. 108 Broadway, New York.

 Cash Capital
 \$1,000,000

 Assets July 1, 1865
 1,400,000

This Company insures, at customary rates of premium against all Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Cargo or Freight; also against loss or damage by Fire.

If Premiums are paid in Gold, Losses will be paid in Gold.

The Assured receive twenty-five per cent of the nerofits, without incurring any liability, or in lieu thereof, at their option, a liberal discount upon the premium.

remium.

All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.
Scrip Dividend declared Jan. 10, 1855,
FIFTY PER CENT.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.
ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice President.
EDWARD A. STANSBURY, 2d Vice Pres.
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OFFICE OF THE

morris FIRE AND INLAND

Insurnuce Company,

(COLUMBIAN BUILDING,)

1 Nassau Street.
New York, July 1st, 1865.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL - - \$5,000,000.00
CASH CAPITAL, paid in, & Surplus, 885,040.57 Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by Fire issued on the most favorable Torus

B. C. MORRIS, Pres't.

WM. M. WHITNEY, Sec'y.

SUN

Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

(INSU._NOE BUILDINGS,)

49 WALL STREET.

ASSETS,0ct. 4, 1864 - - - \$2,383,487 45

DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks. Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't. EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't ISAAC H. WALKER, Sec'y.

NATIONAL LIFE

Travelers' Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE, 243 BROADWAY.

Authorized Capital \$500,000

DIRECTORS:

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SAMUEL J. GLASSEY,
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SYLVESTER M. BEARD,
ROBERT CROWLER,
J. C. DIMMICK,
HANRY CLKWS,
ALBRAT WRIGHT,
JOHN A. ISELIN,
H. P. FREMAN,
NICHOLAS E. SMITH,
JAMES R. DOW,
RICHARD A. MCCURDY.
EDWARD A. JONES Problem

EDWARD A JONES, President.

WM. E. PRINCE, Vice-President.

ASHER S. MILLS. Secretary.

T. B. VAN BUREN, Treasurer.

S. TEATS, M.D., Medical Examiner.

E. H. JONES, Superintendent of Agencies.

E. F. FOLGER, General Railway Agent.

LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES

are issued on the Mutual plan. All the profits in this department are divided pro rata among the Policy ers. All policies to be incontestable after five years from date, and non-forfeitable after two annual payments. A loan of one-third of the amount of pre-miums will be made; also, thirty days' grace given in payment of premiums.

GENERAL ACCIDENT POLICIES

are granted, covering accidents of all descriptions, in cluding the travelers' risk. If issued

WITHOUT COMPENSATION,

they provide for death, if caused by accident; but in case of injury only, the insured receives no compensation. If gran

sation. If granted

WITH COMPENSATION,
the full amount assured is payable to the family in
case of death caused by accident and occuring within
three months from the date of injury. Or, in case of
injury causing disability, the insured receives a weekly
compensation until he is able to attend to his business,
such time not to exceed twenty-six weeks. The policy
covers all forms of Dislocations, Broken Bones, Sprains,
Bruises, Cuts, Gunshot Wounds, Burns and Scalds,
Bites of Dogs, Assaulis by Burglers, Robbers, or Murderers, the action of Lightning or Sun-stroke, the effects
of Explosions, Floods, and Suffocation by Drowning or
Choaking, and all other kinds of accidents.

TEN DOLLARS

secures a general Accident Policy for TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, with a Weekly Compensation of

TEN DOLLARS.

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for any length of time, from one day to twelve months are on sale at the various Kailroad and Steamboat Tick-et Offices and Agencies.

MARINE RISKS AND SPECIAL VOYAGES.

Policies are granted insuring against death by accident while sailing in steamer or sailing vessels; also for special voyages.

Full information, together with Tables of Rates, &c., can be obtained at the Home Office, or by application to the State Agent.

Government Agency, and Designated Depository of the United States.

JOSEPH U. ORVIS, Pres't. JOHN T. HILL, Cash'r THE

NINTH NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York,

363 BROADWAY, CORNER OF FRANKLIN ST.

Terms for Banks and Bankers Accounts:

Terms for Banks and Bankers Accounts:
Takes New England money at 1-10 and New York
State & per cent. discount.
Checks on Albany, Troy, Boston, Philadelphia,
and Baltimore at par.
Interest conciced, and credited in Gold or Currency as directed.
Revenue Stamps supplied—\$30 with 4 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ct. disc'nt
do do do 1,000 4½ do
All classes of Government Securities bought and

old. emselve of the Mational Banks, at present, without harge, using the Bills for the Army.

Receives National Currency at par, put to credit of ny Bank, or pays Sight Drafts for it.

7-30 Notes bought and sold at market rates.

The United States 5 per cent., one year, and two ear, and two year Coupon Notes, received on desit from regular dealers, or those choosing to become so.

post from regular ucases, or the come so.

Will deliver new Fractional Currency, at your Bank, in sums not less than \$1,000, per Express, at market rates, and bags of \$50 1 cent and 2 cent, and \$30 3 cent coin, free of charge.

The above is in reply to numerous inquiries for terms. Any further information by writing to the undersigned.

undersigned.
The paid up Capital of this Bank is ONE MILLION DOLLARS, with a large surplus.
J. U. ORVIS, President.

J. T. HILL, Cashier.

NEW YORK, July 22, 1865.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York,

27 and 29 Pine Street.

DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

HAVE FOR SALE, READY FOR DELIVERY,

U.S.7 3-10 Treasury Notes

Convertible, at Maturity, into PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

Also, United States 10-40 Bonds. 5-20 Bonds. Do. 1 Year Certificates.

We also collect Government Vouchers and Drafts and attend to other business with Gov-

P. C. CALHOUN, President.

B. SEAMAN, Cashier.

T. L. TAYLOR & REED, BANKERS.

And Government Loan Agents, No. 6 WALL STREET.

Buy and Sell Government Securities and Specie, AT BEST RATES, AT THE COUNTER.

FOUR PER CENT ALLOWED ON ALL DEPOSITS, Subject to Check at

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H. J. MESSENGER, BANKER, No. 139 BROADWAY,

Seven-thirty Loan Agent

Gold Bonds and Stocks of all descriptions bought and sold on commission.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals re-

JOHN MUNROE & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS,

No. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,

No. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

L.P. Morton & Co., BANKERS,

35 WALL STREET. NEW YORK.

Are prepared to draw Sterling Bills of Exchange, at sight, or sixty days, on the

Union Bank of London,

in sums to suit purchasers; and also to issue Circular Letters of Credit, on this Bank, for Travellers' use.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and Bonds bought and sold on Commission.

ORDERS FOR SECURITIES EXECUTED ABROAD. Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to

Cheques at sight. Prompt attention given to the Collection of Dividends, Drafts, &c.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers.

COR. OF PINE and NASSAU STS.,

Circular Notes and Circular Letters of Credit,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also. Commercial Credits,

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AGENCY, BANK OF BRITISH NORTH
NO. 24 PINE STREET,
WALTER WATSON, CLARENCE M. MYLREA,
and JAMES GOLDIE, Agents.
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CAPITAL.... \$2,000,000 | SURPLUS.... \$1,200,000

This Bank will issue Certificates of Deposit bear-ng interest on favorable terms. J. L. WORTH, Cashier. New York, August, 21, 1865.

A. G. CATTELL, Pres't. Sapital, \$500,000

THE CORN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.,

Attends to business of Banks and Bankers on liberal

J. W. TORREY, Cashler.

EDWARD L. CORLIES. Auctioneer.

By Kobbe & Corlies,

Stores Nos. 87 and 89 LEONARD Street.

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IRISH LINENS AND LINEN GOODS,
ALSO,
GERMAN AND ENGLISH HOSIERY AND HOSIERY GOODS.
On a credit of four months, for approved endorsed Paper, for all sums of \$100 and upward.
Catalogue and samples on the morning of sale. WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6,

At 10 o'clock, at the salesrooms, LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE SALE

MILLINERY, GOODS SILKS, VELVETS, &c., On similar terms.

Catalogues and samples on the morning of sale.

THURSDAY, Sept. 7, At 10 o'clock, at the salesroom

At 10 o'ciocs, at the smooth of the constitution terms, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WOOLENS, TAILOR ING, and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, &c. Catalogues and samples on the morning of sale.

FRIDAY, Sept. 8,

FRIPAY, Sept.

At 10 o'clock, at the salesroom LACE AND DRESS GOODS SATURDAY, Sept. 9, MILLINERY GOODS,

GERMANIA FIRE

INSURANCE CO.

No. 4 WALL STREET, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL, \$500,000, WITH A LARGE SURPLUS.

THIS COMPANY INSURES PROPERTY OF ALL KINDS AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE. ON FAVORABLE TERMS. MAURICE HILGER,

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE. Vice-President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretury.

GUITERMAN BROTHERS,

'IMPORTERS OF

Shawls, Dress Goods, & Scarfs,

REMOVED TO 63 LEONARD ST.,

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SEYMOUR & LACY. Manufacturers of Ruches and Nett Goods.

No. 63 READE STREET,

UT STAIRS.

NEW YORK

CHEAP AND PLEASANT SUMMER

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

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From Pier 3, N. R., Daily, at 10:45 A. M.,

From Pier 3, N. R., Daily, at 10:45 A. M., connecting with trains for Red Bank, Long Branch, Manchester, Tom's River, Barnegat and Tuckerton; and 4:15 F. M. for Highlands, Middletown, Red Bank, Shrewsbury, Eatontown, Ocean Port, Branchport, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squampum, Bergen, Manchester and Tom's River. Fare to Long Branch, \$1.

The splendid steamer JESSE HOYT will leave as above daily, at 10:45 A. M. for Camden direct, through in five hours. Fare, \$2. Excursion tickets, good for three days, \$3.

From Camden, take the West Jersey Railroad for Cape May and all parts of West Jersey.

Banking and Collecting Office of J. NELSON LUCKEY.

243 BROADWAY.

Interest allowed on call deposits at the rate of four per cent; on deposits of three months and over, five per cent, and six per cent on deposits of six months and over.

Any deposit may be drawn on ten days' notice, and interest allowed the same as deposits on call. Collections promptly made and returned with uick dispatch.

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STATIONERS, STEAM PRINTERS, LITHOGRAPHERS AND

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